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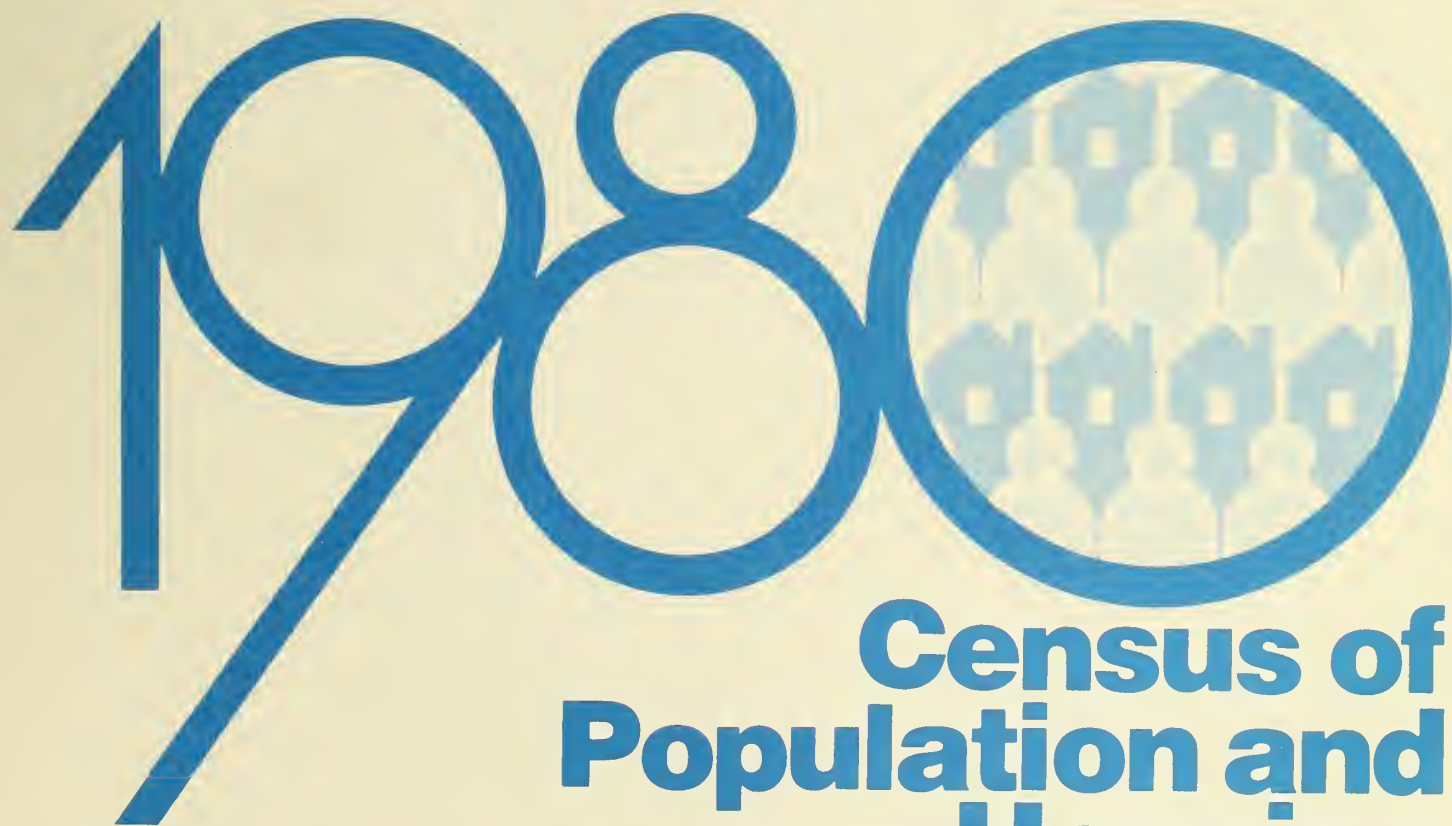
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# Census Tracts

**PITTSFIELD, MASS.**

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA

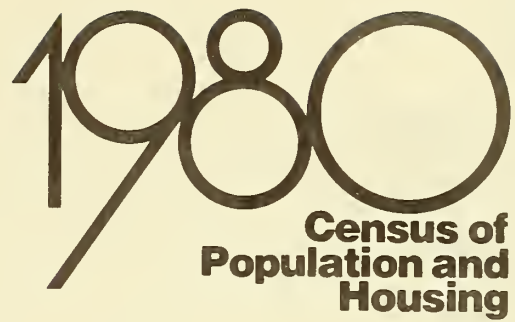


## Census of Population and Housing

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# Census Tracts

**PITTSFIELD, MASS.**

STANDARD METROPOLITAN  
STATISTICAL AREA

PHC80-2-287

Issued June 1983



**U.S. Department of Commerce**  
Malcolm Baldrige, Secretary  
Robert G. Dederick,  
Under Secretary for  
Economic Affairs

**BUREAU OF THE CENSUS**  
Bruce Chapman, Director



## BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

Bruce Chapman, Director

C.L. Kincannon, Deputy Director

### POPULATION DIVISION

Roger A. Herriot, Chief

### HOUSING DIVISION

Arthur F. Young, Chief

## Acknowledgments

Many persons participated in the diverse activities of the 1980 census. These acknowledgments generally reflect staff during the post-census data publication process. The Bureau was guided by Director, **Bruce Chapman**, and Deputy Director, **C.L. Kincannon**. Primary direction of the data publication program was performed by **William P. Butz**, Associate Director for Demographic Fields, assisted by **Peter A. Bounpene**, Assistant Director for Demographic Censuses, in conjunction with **Barbare A. Bailer**, Associate Director for Statistical Standards and Methodology, **Howard N. Hamilton**, Acting Associate Director for Information Technology, **James D. Lincoln**, then Associate Director for Administration, and **Stanley D. Moore**, Associate Director for Field Operations. The Director's staff was assisted by **Sherry L. Courtland**. Direction of the census enumeration and early processing activities was provided by **Vincent P. Berabba**, former Director; **Daniel B. Levine**, former Deputy Director; and **George E. Hall**, former Associate Director.

Responsibility for the overall planning, coordinating, processing, and publication of the 1980 census was in the Decennial Census Division under the direction of **Stanley D. Matchett**, Chief, assisted by **Rachel F. Brown** and **Roger O. Lepege**, Assistant Division Chiefs. The following Branch Chiefs were responsible for support services; **Donald R. Delzell**, **H. Rey Dennis**, **Stephen E. Goldman**, **Dennis W. Stoudt**, and **Richard R. Werren**.

Responsibility for developing the population portion of the 1980 census questionnaire content and designing the tabulations was in the Population Division under the supervision of **Roger A. Herriot**, Chief, **Paule J. Schneider**, Staff Assistant for Census Programs, **Gordon W. Green, Jr.**, **Nampee D. McKenney**, and **Arthur J. Norton**, Assistant Chiefs. Important contributions were made by the following Branch and Staff Chiefs; **Petricia A. Berman**, **Edward W. Fernandez**, **Philip N. Fulton**, **John M. McNeil**, **Martin O'Connell**, **George F. Patterson**, **Thomas S. Scopp**, **Paul M. Siegel**, **Robert C. Speaker**, **James A. Weed**, and **Arno I. Winard**. Also contributing was **Cynthia M. Taeuber**.

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2	Alabama	42	South Carolina	78	Atlantic City, N.J.	115	Charleston, W. Va.
3	Alaska	43	South Dakota	79	Augusta, Ga.-S.C.		
4	Arizona	44	Tennessee	80	Austin, Tex.		
5	Arkansas	45	Texas			116	Charlotte-Gastonia, N.C.
				81	Bakersfield, Calif.	117	Charlottesville, Va.
6	California	46	Not assigned	82	Baltimore, Md.	118	Chattanooga, Tenn.-Ga.
7	Colorado	47	Vermont	83	Bangor, Maine	119	Chicago, Ill.
8	Connecticut	48	Virginia	84	Baton Rouge, La.		
9	Delaware	49	Washington	85	Battle Creek, Mich.	120	Chico, Calif.
10	Not assigned	50	West Virginia			121	Cincinnati, Ohio-Ky.-Ind.
				86	Bay City, Mich.	122	Clarksville-Hopkinsville, Tenn.-Ky.
11	Florida	51	Wisconsin	87	Beaumont-Port Arthur-Orange, Tex.	123	Cleveland, Ohio
12	Georgia	52	Wyoming	88	Bellingham, Wash.	124	Colorado Springs, Colo.
13	Hawaii	53	Puerto Rico	89	Benton Harbor, Mich.	125	Columbia, Mo.
14	Idaho	54	Not assigned	90	Billings, Mont.		
15	Illinois	55	Not assigned			126	Columbia, S.C.
				91	Biloxi-Gulfport, Miss.	127	Columbus, Ga.-Ala.
16	Indiana	56	Not assigned	92	Binghamton, N.Y.-Pa.	128	Columbus, Ohio
17	Iowa	57	Not assigned	93	Birmingham, Ala.	129	Corpus Christi, Tex.
18	Kansas	58	Abilene, Tex.	94	Bismarck, N. Dak.	130	Cumberland, Md.-W. Va.
19	Kentucky	59	Akron, Ohio	95	Bloomington, Ind.		
20	Louisiana	60	Albany, Ga.			131	Dallas-Fort Worth, Tex.
				96	Bloomington-Normal, Ill.	132	Danbury, Conn.
21	Maine	61	Albany-Schenectady-Troy, N.Y.	97	Boise City, Idaho	133	Danville, Va.
22	Maryland	62	Albuquerque, N. Mex.	98	Boston, Mass.	134	Davenport-Rock Island-Moline, Iowa-Ill.
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38	Oklahoma						
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40	Pennsylvania						



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150	Evansville, Ind.-Ky.	189	Jackson, Mich.	229	Lubbock, Tex.		
		190	Jackson, Miss.	230	Lynchburg, Va.	266	Northeast Pennsylvania
151	Fall River, Mass.-R.I.					267	Norwalk, Conn.
152	Fargo-Moorhead, N. Dak.- Minn.	191	Jacksonville, Fla.	231	Macon, Ga.	268	Ocala, Fla.
		192	Jacksonville, N.C.	232	Madison, Wis.	269	Odessa, Tex.
153	Fayetteville, N.C.	193	Janesville-Beloit, Wis.	233	Manchester, N.H.	270	Oklahoma City, Okla.
154	Fayetteville-Springdale, Ark.	194	Jersey City, N.J.	234	Mansfield, Ohio		
155	Fitchburg-Leominster, Mass.	195	Johnson City-Kingsport- Bristol, Tenn.-Va.	235	Mayagüez, P.R.	271	Olympia, Wash.
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156	Flint, Mich.	196	Johnstown, Pa.	236	McAllen-Pharr-Edinburg, Tex.	273	Orlando, Fla.
157	Florence, Ala.	197	Joplin, Mo.	237	Medford, Oreg.	274	Owensboro, Ky.
158	Florence, S.C.	198	Kalamazoo-Portage, Mich.	238	Melbourne-Titusville- Cocoa, Fla.	275	Oxnard-Simi Valley- Ventura, Calif.
159	Fort Collins, Colo.	199	Kankakee, Ill.				
160	Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood, Fla.	200	Kansas City, Mo.-Kans.	239	Memphis, Tenn.-Ark.- Miss.	276	Panama City, Fla.
		201	Kenosha, Wis.	240	Meriden, Conn.	277	Parkersburg-Marietta, W. Va.-Ohio
161	Fort Myers-Cape Coral, Fla.	202	Killeen-Temple, Tex.			278	Pascagoula-Moss Point, Miss.
162	Fort Smith, Ark.-Okla.	203	Knoxville, Tenn.	241	Miami, Fla.	279	Paterson-Clifton-Passaic, N.J.
163	Fort Walton Beach, Fla.	204	Kokomo, Ind.	242	Midland, Tex.	280	Pensacola, Fla.
164	Fort Wayne, Ind.	205	La Crosse, Wis.	243	Milwaukee, Wis.		
165	Fresno, Calif.			244	Minneapolis-St. Paul, Minn.-Wis.	281	Peoria, Ill.
		206	Lafayette, La.	245	Mobile, Ala.	282	Petersburg-Colonial Heights-Hopewell, Va.
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168	Galveston-Texas City, Tex.	209	Lakeland-Winter Haven, Fla.	247	Monroe, La.	285	Pine Bluff, Ark.
169	Gary-Hammond-East Chicago, Ind.	210	Lancaster, Pa.	248	Montgomery, Ala.		
170	Glens Falls, N.Y.			249	Muncie, Ind.	286	Pittsburgh, Pa.
		211	Lansing-East Lansing, Mich.	250	Muskegon-Norton Shores- Muskegon Heights, Mich.	287	Pittsfield, Mass.
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172	Grand Rapids, Mich.	213	Las Cruces, N. Mex.	251	Nashua, N.H.	289	Portland, Maine
173	Great Falls, Mont.	214	Las Vegas, Nev.	252	Nashville-Davidson, Tenn.	290	Portland, Oreg.-Wash.
174	Greeley, Colo.	215	Lawrence, Kans.	253	Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y.		
175	Green Bay, Wis.			254	New Bedford, Mass.	291	Portsmouth-Dover- Rochester, N.H.-Maine
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177	Greenville-Spartanburg, S.C.	218	Lewiston-Auburn, Maine	256	New Brunswick-Perth Amboy-Sayreville, N.J.	294	Provo-Orem, Utah
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179	Hamilton-Middletown, Ohio	220	Lima, Ohio				
180	Harrisburg, Pa.			258	New London-Norwich, Conn.-R.I.	296	Racine, Wis.
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184	Houston, Tex.	224	Longview-Marshall, Tex.	262	Newark, Ohio		
185	Huntington-Ashland, W. Va.-Ky.-Ohio	225	Lorain-Elyria, Ohio	263	Newburgh-Middletown, N.Y.	301	Richland-Kennewick- Pasco, Wash.
				264	Newport News-Hampton, Va.	302	Richmond, Va.
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305	Rochester, Minn.	324	Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc, Calif.	344	Steubenville-Weirton, Ohio-W. Va.	363	Visalia-Tulare-Porterville, Calif.
306	Rochester, N.Y.	325	Santa Cruz, Calif.	345	Stockton, Calif.	364	Waco, Tex.
307	Rockford, Ill.	326	Santa Rosa, Calif.	346	Syracuse, N.Y.	365	Washington, D.C.-Md.-Va.
308	Rock Hill, S.C.	327	Sarasota, Fla.	347	Tacoma, Wash.	366	Waterbury, Conn.
309	Sacramento, Calif.	328	Savannah, Ga.	348	Tallahassee, Fla.	367	Waterloo-Cedar Falls, Iowa
310	Saginaw, Mich.	329	Seattle-Everett, Wash.	349	Tampa-St. Petersburg, Fla.	368	Wausau, Wis.
311	St. Cloud, Minn.	330	Sharon, Pa.	350	Terre Haute, Ind.	369	West Palm Beach-Boca Raton, Fla.
312	St. Joseph, Mo.	331	Sheboygan, Wis.	351	Texarkana, Tex.-Texarkana, Ark.	370	Wheeling, W. Va.-Ohio
313	St. Louis, Mo.-Ill.	332	Sherman-Denison, Tex.	352	Toledo, Ohio-Mich.	371	Wichita, Kans.
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315	Salinas-Seaside-Monterey, Calif.	334	Sioux City, Iowa-Nebr.	354	Trenton, N.J.	373	Williamsport, Pa.
		335	Sioux Falls, S. Dak.	355	Tucson, Ariz.	374	Wilmington, Del.-N.J.-Md.
316	Salisbury-Concord, N.C.	336	South Bend, Ind.	356	Tulsa, Okla.	375	Wilmington, N.C.
317	Salt Lake City-Ogden, Utah	337	Spokane, Wash.	357	Tuscaloosa, Ala.	376	Worcester, Mass.
318	San Angelo, Tex.	338	Springfield, Ill.	358	Tyler, Tex.	377	Yakima, Wash.
319	San Antonio, Tex.	339	Springfield, Mo.	359	Utica-Rome, N.Y.	378	York, Pa.
320	San Diego, Calif.	340	Springfield, Ohio	360	Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa, Calif.	379	Youngstown-Warren, Ohio
321	San Francisco-Oakland, Calif.	341	Springfield-Chicopee-Holyoke, Mass.-Conn.	361	Victoria, Tex.	380	Yuba City, Calif.
322	San Jose, Calif.	342	Stamford, Conn.				

## Introduction

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## GENERAL

This report is part of the *Census Tracts* series and presents demographic, social, economic, and housing statistics for census tracts from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing. Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1980, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957, December 1975, and October 1976), which codified Title 13, United States Code.

The *Census Tracts* series consists of an individual report for each standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) and for each State in which census tracts have been delineated outside SMSA's. A listing of all the reports in this series appears on pages v-vii. The abbreviated identification for each report is PHC80-2 (i.e., *Population and Housing Census*, 1980, Series 2), followed by a number designating the SMSA or State which the report covers.

In the SMSA reports, the tract data are summarized to the following larger levels of geography: the SMSA, each State portion of multi-State SMSA's, counties or county equivalents (SMSA county portions in New England), incorporated places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and most census designated places (CDP's) of 10,000 or more inhabitants. In the State reports, summaries are shown for the tracted portion of the State

outside SMSA's, counties or county equivalents (nonSMSA county portions in New England), incorporated places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and most CDP's of 10,000 or more inhabitants. For an explanation of CDP's not shown in the SMSA or State reports, see appendix A.

For census tracts which are split by the boundary of a place of 10,000 or more, the appropriate portion is shown within the place or balance of county, with the symbol "p" following the tract number. Totals for these "split" tracts appear at the end of the portion of each table for the relevant county.

The 1980 census figures presented here may differ from those shown in the *Advance Reports*, PHC80-V, and in the Public Law 94-171 redistricting data products. The changes reflect corrections of errors found after the PHC80-V reports and P.L. 94-171 materials were prepared. The changes may affect any geographic area shown in this report.

The content and procedures of the 1980 census were determined after evaluation of the results of the 1970 census, consultation with a wide variety of users of census data, and extensive field testing. A number of changes were introduced in 1980 to improve the usefulness of the census results. The changes do not, however, affect to any appreciable extent the comparability between 1980 census data and 1970 census data for most characteristics. Further information on comparability for specific subjects appears in Appendix B, "Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics."

More detailed information on the technical and procedural matters covered in the text of this report can be obtained by writing to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233. Such information will also appear in other publications of the 1980 census.

## APPENDIXES

A. Area Classifications . . . . .	A-1
B. Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics. . . . .	B-1
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## CONTENTS OF THE REPORT

This report contains text (this introduction and six appendixes), a table of contents, and 39 detailed tables. Information on changes in the boundaries of census tracts between 1970 and 1980 for the area covered in this report is shown at the end of this introduction. The tract comparability table shows 1970 components of 1980 tracts and 1980 components of 1970 tracts, as relevant, for (1) 1970 tracts that were split into two or more 1980 tracts; (2) 1970 tracts that were combined into new 1980 tracts; (3) 1970 tracts in areas with new tract numbering systems for 1980; and (4) those tracts with boundary changes between 1970 and 1980 that affected 100 or more persons. A census tract will not appear in the comparability tables if no change occurred between 1970 and 1980 or boundary revisions affected fewer than 100 persons and that was the only change that occurred to that tract.

Tables P-1 through P-7 present data on general population characteristics based on tabulations of 100-percent data; tables P-8 through P-21 present data on social and economic characteristics based on sample tabulations. Tables H-1 through H-6 show 100-percent housing data and Tables H-7 through H-18 show sample housing data.

Appendix A describes the various area classifications (e.g., incorporated places, standard metropolitan statistical areas). Appendix B provides definitions and explanations for the subjects covered in this report. Appendix C explains the residence rules used in counting the population and describes the data collection and processing procedures. Appendix D presents information on the sources of error in the data and describes the editing procedures. Appendix E contains

a facsimile of the respondent instruction guide and the 1980 census questionnaire. Appendix F summarizes the data dissemination program of the 1980 census.

Maps which show the boundaries and identification numbers of census tracts in the area covered by this report are available for purchase but are not included with the report. State, county, county subdivision, and place names and boundaries are also shown on these maps.

### SYMBOLS AND GEOGRAPHIC ABBREVIATIONS

The following symbols and geographic abbreviations are used in the tables:

- A dash "--" represents zero or a percent which rounds to less than 0.1.
- Three dots "... " mean not applicable, or that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individuals or housing units. (For further information on disclosure, see the section below on "Suppression of Data for Confidentiality.")
- A "p" next to a tract number indicates a tract split by the boundary of a place of 10,000 or more.
- A "(pt.)" next to a place name indicates a place that is split by a county boundary.

- CDP is census designated place.
- SMSA is standard metropolitan statistical area.

### SUPPRESSION OF DATA FOR CONFIDENTIALITY

To maintain the confidentiality promised respondents and required by law, the Bureau of the Census takes precautions to make sure that its published data do not disclose information about specific individuals and housing units. To accomplish this, the Census Bureau suppresses data for characteristics which are based on a small number of persons and/or housing units in the geographic area. Under certain conditions, both primary and complementary suppression, as defined below may take place.

The general rules of primary suppression of complete count (100-percent) data are as follows: counts of total population by race and Spanish origin are never suppressed; other characteristics for persons are shown only if there are 15 or more persons in the geographic area; counts of total housing units, vacant housing units, year-round housing units, and occupied housing units are never suppressed; characteristics of year-round housing units which are not classified by occupancy status are shown only when

there are five or more year-round housing units in the geographic area; characteristics of families, households, or occupied housing units are shown only if there are at least five occupied housing units within the geographic area; and distributions of data for owners or renters are shown only where the number of owners is at least five and the number of renters is also at least five. These primary suppression criteria are applied independently of one another. The comparable figures for sample data are 30 or more persons or 10 or more housing units of the specified type.

Population and occupied housing unit characteristics cross-classified by race or Spanish origin (of the householder in the case of occupied housing units) are subject to an additional level of scrutiny. This level requires the 15 (30) person or 5 (10) housing unit criterion be applied individually to each race or Spanish origin category.

Finally, complementary suppression is applied to prevent the derivation of primary suppressed data by subtraction.

### 1970-1980 CENSUS TRACT COMPARABILITY

Census tract comparability tables for this report begin on the next page.



### Table A. Tract Comparability: 1980 to 1970

[Tables list only selected census tracts for which boundaries or identification changed between 1970 and 1980. See text for further explanation]

1980 tract	1970 tract	1980 tract	1970 tract	1980 tract	1970 tract	1980 tract	1970 tract	1980 tract	1970 tract
<b>BERKSHIRE COUNTY, MASS.</b> [PARTIALLY TRACTED IN 1970]									
9111	9101								
9121	9102								
9131	9103								
9141	9104								

### Table B. Tract Comparability: 1970 to 1980

[Tables list only selected census tracts for which boundaries or identification changed between 1970 and 1980. See text for further explanation]

1970 tract	1980 tract	1970 tract	1980 tract	1970 tract	1980 tract	1970 tract	1980 tract
<b>BERKSHIRE COUNTY, MASS.</b> [PARTIALLY TRACTED IN 1970]  9101 .....9111 9102 .....9121 9103 .....9131 9104 .....9141							

#### CORRECTION

Any corrections made after this report is printed are available by writing to Data User Services Division, Customer Services (Corrections), Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.



Table P-1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1980

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Census Tracts	The SMSA	Berkshire County (pt.)			Pittsfield city, Berkshire County								
		Total	Pittsfield city	Remainder	Tract 9001	Tract 9002	Tract 9003	Tract 9004	Tract 9005	Tract 9006	Tract 9007	Tract 9008	Tract 9009
AGE													
Total persons	90 505	90 505	51 974	38 531	4 059	5 305	3 493	5 678	2 963	4 563	3 250	5 828	6 546
Under 5 years	5 364	5 364	3 163	2 201	233	390	212	375	168	355	196	316	388
5 to 9 years	6 044	6 044	3 600	2 444	150	385	229	508	204	324	234	452	479
10 to 14 years	7 146	7 146	4 126	3 020	163	374	290	485	241	404	281	536	544
15 to 19 years	8 438	8 438	4 911	3 527	299	490	357	547	290	454	339	600	613
20 to 24 years	7 055	7 055	4 010	3 045	437	601	295	436	171	417	219	273	485
25 to 34 years	13 335	13 335	7 611	5 724	592	896	527	921	371	636	521	721	1 046
35 to 44 years	9 543	9 543	5 265	4 278	287	417	332	560	353	407	326	744	696
45 to 54 years	9 885	9 885	5 664	4 221	321	457	353	591	400	481	307	799	643
55 to 64 years	10 882	10 882	6 270	4 612	478	528	442	647	447	518	336	748	697
65 to 74 years	7 477	7 477	4 307	3 170	571	447	254	373	210	331	244	429	530
75 years and over	5 336	5 336	3 047	2 289	528	320	202	235	108	236	247	210	425
3 and 4 years	2 111	2 111	1 209	902	77	159	84	143	67	131	70	137	153
16 years and over	70 215	70 215	40 079	30 136	3 482	4 065	2 686	4 183	2 288	3 397	2 481	4 374	5 007
18 years and over	66 561	66 561	37 939	28 622	3 368	3 882	2 533	3 952	2 153	3 177	2 330	4 093	4 733
21 years and over	62 118	62 118	35 404	26 714	3 139	3 557	2 351	3 681	2 026	2 939	2 152	3 860	4 448
60 years and over	17 933	17 933	10 280	7 653	1 362	1 028	667	892	545	801	653	947	1 285
62 years and over	15 734	15 734	9 016	6 718	1 266	918	577	771	451	701	587	808	1 141
Median	33.2	33.2	32.9	33.6	40.5	29.2	31.5	30.0	36.0	29.6	32.0	35.2	32.2
Female													
Total persons	47 679	47 679	27 631	20 048	2 361	2 859	1 833	2 979	1 501	2 429	1 677	3 011	3 553
Under 5 years	2 594	2 594	1 540	1 054	118	177	87	183	88	180	79	166	203
5 to 9 years	2 971	2 971	1 788	1 183	78	206	100	254	102	155	108	234	226
10 to 14 years	3 470	3 470	2 035	1 435	80	203	137	238	99	184	139	257	278
15 to 19 years	4 205	4 205	2 436	1 769	163	243	191	278	141	216	166	264	327
20 to 24 years	3 610	3 610	2 082	1 528	249	325	152	223	79	222	94	155	240
25 to 34 years	6 804	6 804	3 929	2 875	303	437	284	480	189	342	269	380	546
35 to 44 years	4 957	4 957	2 793	2 164	139	223	181	302	180	228	175	397	358
45 to 54 years	5 162	5 162	2 979	2 183	176	254	197	320	200	252	151	414	336
55 to 64 years	5 903	5 903	3 422	2 481	285	309	231	338	247	287	194	367	399
65 to 74 years	4 351	4 351	2 557	1 794	378	272	142	205	109	200	141	235	338
75 years and over	3 652	3 652	2 070	1 582	392	210	131	158	67	163	161	142	302
3 and 4 years	1 022	1 022	596	426	36	75	36	75	32	68	33	72	78
16 years and over	37 798	37 798	21 779	16 019	2 069	2 228	1 469	2 233	1 177	1 868	1 325	2 290	2 793
18 years and over	35 994	35 994	20 719	15 275	2 011	2 140	1 384	2 116	1 111	1 775	1 247	2 163	2 634
21 years and over	33 718	33 718	19 419	14 299	1 873	1 969	1 290	1 976	1 057	1 649	1 161	2 055	2 485
60 years and over	10 795	10 795	6 235	4 560	928	637	386	510	302	492	392	519	836
62 years and over	9 584	9 584	5 533	4 051	871	575	335	450	245	435	356	449	746
Median	35.3	35.3	35.0	35.7	48.3	31.3	33.4	30.9	37.2	32.1	34.0	36.2	34.1
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP													
Total persons	90 505	90 505	51 974	38 531	4 059	5 305	3 493	5 678	2 963	4 563	3 250	5 828	6 546
In households	88 519	88 519	51 548	36 971	4 002	5 180	3 472	5 678	2 955	4 551	3 103	5 828	6 493
Householder	33 101	33 101	19 436	13 665	2 206	2 136	1 224	1 960	1 014	1 661	1 043	1 932	2 479
Family householder	24 198	24 198	14 021	10 177	892	1 338	943	1 576	847	1 189	841	1 685	1 721
Nonfamily householder	8 903	8 903	5 415	3 488	1 314	798	281	384	167	472	202	247	758
Living alone	7 942	7 942	4 828	3 114	1 212	699	244	350	141	406	167	225	667
Spouse	19 844	19 844	11 171	8 673	594	896	740	1 234	756	816	669	1 490	1 385
Other relatives	33 487	33 487	19 699	13 788	1 018	1 954	1 432	2 382	1 117	1 928	1 299	2 360	2 451
Nonrelatives	2 087	2 087	1 242	845	184	194	76	102	68	146	92	46	178
Inmate of institution	924	924	288	636	—	110	12	—	—	—	147	—	19
Other, in group quarters	1 062	1 062	138	924	57	15	9	—	8	12	—	—	34
Persons per household	2.67	2.67	2.65	2.71	1.81	2.43	2.84	2.90	2.91	2.74	2.98	3.02	2.62
Persons per family	3.20	3.20	3.20	3.21	2.81	3.13	3.30	3.29	3.21	3.31	3.34	3.28	3.23
Persons 65 years and over													
Total persons	12 813	12 813	7 354	5 459	1 099	767	456	608	318	567	491	639	955
In households	12 102	12 102	7 185	4 917	1 090	754	449	608	318	567	370	639	936
Householder	8 196	8 196	4 895	3 301	887	527	296	405	197	393	222	398	632
Nonfamily householder	3 905	3 905	2 381	1 524	653	271	124	177	59	186	69	139	306
Living alone	3 806	3 806	2 324	1 482	645	262	122	171	54	179	66	137	301
Spouse	2 570	2 570	1 512	1 058	145	137	93	130	78	105	100	167	200
Other relatives	1 126	1 126	676	450	45	71	53	63	40	63	34	72	95
Nonrelatives	210	210	102	108	13	19	7	10	3	6	14	2	9
Inmate of institution	653	653	159	494	—	13	7	—	—	—	121	—	18
Other, in group quarters	58	58	10	48	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN													
Families	24 198	24 198	14 021	10 177	892	1 338	943	1 576	847	1 189	841	1 685	1 721
With own children under 18 years	11 752	11 752	6 849	4 903	358	710	444	865	392	637	423	850	838
Number of own children under 18 years	22 586	22 586	13 266	9 320	619	1 323	919	1 631	767	1 283	861	1 683	1 718
Married-couple families	19 844	19 844	11 171	8 673	594	896	740	1 234	756	816	669	1 490	1 385
With own children under 18 years	9 512	9 512	5 326	4 186	192	423	348	655	359	408	341	775	666
Number of own children under 18 years	18 617	18 617	10 516	8 101	350	806	738	1 265	708	845	689	1 562	1 394
Female householder, no husband present	3 562	3 562	2 367	1 195	253	390	166	291	68	322	137	146	282
With own children under 18 years	1 991	1 991	1 377	614	161	270	87	188	23	214	72	60	155
Number of own children under 18 years	3 580	3 580	2 521	1 059	263	491	169	330	46	413	154	101	291
MARITAL STATUS													
Male, 15 years and over	33 307	33 307	18 817	14 490	1 428	1 883	1 253	2 006	1 138	1 570	1 188	2 170	2 289
Single	9 708	9 708	5 546	4 162	500	660	378	564	303	535	382	549	677
Now married, except separated	20 512	20 512	11 455	9 057	621	949	756	1 261	765	837	699	1 521	1 417
Separated	457	457	281	176	60	45	21	27	10	36	7	11	32
Widowed	1 052	1 052	579	473	97	62	42	59	29	48	46	38	55
Divorced	1 578	1 578	956	622	150	167	56	95	31	114	54	51	108
Female, 15 years and over	38 644	38 644	22 268	16 376	2 085	2 273	1 509	2 304	1 212	1 910	1 351	2 354	2 846
Single	9 215	9 215	5 429	3 786	628	618	414	506	260	515	318	513	756
Now married, except separated	20 511	20 511	11 467	9 044	620	929	758	1 260	769	840	702	1 525	1 422
Separated	723	723	487	236	74	114	29	42	9	80	23	21	51
Widowed	5 602	5 602	3 217	2 385	526	338	203	285	121	284	218	222	415
Divorced	2 593	2 593	1 668	925	237	274	105	2					

Table P-1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1980—Con.

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Census Tracts	Pittsfield city, Berkshire County—Con.		Remainder of Berkshire County (pt.)								
	Troct 9010	Troct 9011	Troct 9111	Troct 9121	Troct 9131	Troct 9141	Troct 9221	Tract 9222	Troct 9223	Troct 9231	Troct 9241
AGE											
Total persons .....	6 003	4 286	3 131	6 797	6 523	6 247	3 335	4 559	2 487	3 124	2 328
Under 5 years .....	346	184	169	381	338	393	166	281	140	236	97
5 to 9 years .....	418	217	211	487	348	438	164	253	169	256	118
10 to 14 years .....	516	292	305	620	485	497	208	315	191	237	162
15 to 19 years .....	565	357	291	688	687	618	227	365	199	251	201
20 to 24 years .....	435	241	210	463	647	510	260	351	226	215	163
25 to 34 years .....	873	507	471	955	1 015	1 000	399	601	314	560	409
35 to 44 years .....	710	433	405	786	752	643	304	450	282	378	278
45 to 54 years .....	766	546	368	805	659	685	322	510	272	353	247
55 to 64 years .....	708	721	362	755	629	706	523	670	333	338	296
65 to 74 years .....	428	490	227	476	484	407	435	510	225	209	197
75 years and over .....	238	298	112	381	479	350	327	253	136	91	160
3 and 4 years .....	127	61	73	174	138	162	68	103	56	97	31
16 years and over .....	4 605	3 511	2 382	5 163	5 227	4 786	2 750	3 631	1 946	2 335	1 916
18 years and over .....	4 359	3 359	2 255	4 846	4 942	4 514	2 654	3 491	1 865	2 230	1 825
21 years and over .....	4 067	3 184	2 115	4 528	4 515	4 191	2 515	3 268	1 750	2 108	1 724
60 years and over .....	983	1 117	490	1 184	1 273	1 083	1 028	1 113	537	450	495
62 years and over .....	838	958	417	1 038	1 150	935	914	963	459	399	443
Median .....	33.2	43.2	33.0	32.9	32.3	31.6	42.8	37.5	35.1	31.5	35.4
Female											
Total persons .....	3 148	2 280	1 576	3 533	3 455	3 196	1 805	2 359	1 339	1 553	1 232
Under 5 years .....	159	100	76	189	151	180	79	132	77	121	49
5 to 9 years .....	217	108	108	227	175	207	82	120	84	122	58
10 to 14 years .....	266	154	159	295	227	226	111	139	92	111	75
15 to 19 years .....	265	182	138	322	374	310	108	186	107	128	96
20 to 24 years .....	214	129	105	222	325	267	124	181	126	113	65
25 to 34 years .....	451	248	229	491	498	500	207	309	152	277	212
35 to 44 years .....	391	219	203	412	389	335	144	217	143	172	149
45 to 54 years .....	388	291	181	415	330	347	173	289	146	173	129
55 to 64 years .....	387	378	192	405	347	369	297	356	185	169	161
65 to 74 years .....	257	280	122	265	282	225	255	274	136	113	122
75 years and over .....	153	191	63	290	357	230	225	156	91	54	116
3 and 4 years .....	58	33	35	84	59	68	33	54	31	50	12
16 years and over .....	2 458	1 869	1 203	2 761	2 825	2 513	1 518	1 930	1 066	1 172	1 031
18 years and over .....	2 339	1 799	1 144	2 609	2 678	2 385	1 469	1 859	1 022	1 116	993
21 years and over .....	2 197	1 707	1 080	2 457	2 448	2 212	1 403	1 741	959	1 054	945
60 years and over .....	577	656	263	727	814	622	628	618	327	243	318
62 years and over .....	504	567	227	643	748	551	567	536	283	213	283
Median .....	35.0	45.0	33.6	35.4	34.4	33.0	48.1	39.9	36.7	31.2	38.4
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP											
Total persons .....	6 003	4 286	3 131	6 797	6 523	6 247	3 335	4 559	2 487	3 124	2 328
In households .....	6 000	4 286	3 124	6 649	5 473	6 062	3 266	4 532	2 487	3 104	2 274
Householder .....	2 088	1 693	1 102	2 271	2 038	2 085	1 418	1 763	931	1 113	944
Family householder .....	1 711	1 278	867	1 809	1 428	1 589	916	1 371	729	878	590
Nonfamily householder .....	377	415	235	462	610	496	502	392	202	235	354
Living alone .....	343	374	204	421	527	417	475	363	194	213	300
Spouse .....	1 464	1 127	767	1 584	1 202	1 377	753	1 123	608	776	483
Other relatives .....	2 348	1 410	1 186	2 681	2 025	2 438	1 047	1 586	916	1 167	742
Nonrelatives .....	100	56	69	113	208	162	48	60	32	48	105
Inmate of institution .....	—	—	—	122	303	70	45	27	—	20	49
Other, in group quarters .....	3	—	7	26	747	115	24	—	—	—	5
Persons per household .....	2.87	2.53	2.83	2.93	2.69	2.91	2.30	2.57	2.67	2.79	2.41
Persons per family .....	3.23	2.99	3.25	3.36	3.26	3.40	2.97	2.98	3.09	3.21	3.08
Persons 65 years and over											
Total persons .....	666	788	339	857	963	757	762	763	361	300	357
In households .....	666	788	338	857	963	757	762	763	361	300	357
Householder .....	428	510	203	478	476	451	507	501	237	190	258
Nonfamily householder .....	175	222	65	218	251	211	276	193	102	69	139
Living alone .....	171	216	63	213	240	201	273	190	102	67	133
Spouse .....	158	199	95	167	128	131	136	182	83	70	66
Other relatives .....	68	72	32	69	70	82	54	53	41	24	25
Nonrelatives .....	12	7	8	18	27	20	12	11	—	4	8
Inmate of institution .....	—	—	—	120	235	67	44	16	—	12	—
Other, in group quarters .....	—	—	1	5	27	6	9	—	—	—	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN											
Families .....	1 711	1 278	867	1 809	1 428	1 589	916	1 371	729	878	590
With own children under 18 years .....	844	488	433	947	702	834	345	580	331	460	271
Number of own children under 18 years .....	1 565	897	823	1 863	1 384	1 645	645	1 025	592	861	482
Married-couple families .....	1 464	1 127	767	1 584	1 202	1 377	753	1 123	608	776	483
With own children under 18 years .....	718	441	383	832	594	734	283	455	270	417	218
Number of own children under 18 years .....	1 341	818	737	1 665	1 196	1 463	544	824	493	789	390
Female householder, no husband present .....	207	105	71	183	176	167	131	200	107	74	86
With own children under 18 years .....	110	37	37	95	91	91	55	111	58	34	42
Number of own children under 18 years .....	200	63	67	166	165	168	93	177	95	55	73
MARITAL STATUS											
Male, 15 years and over .....	2 217	1 675	1 213	2 487	2 450	2 336	1 264	1 742	901	1 196	901
Single .....	601	397	307	699	850	673	344	457	225	285	322
Now married, except separated .....	1 485	1 144	790	1 621	1 356	1 456	770	1 144	619	796	505
Separated .....	14	18	16	25	32	30	23	17	4	19	10
Widowed .....	46	57	28	63	94	79	65	70	20	33	21
Divorced .....	71	59	72	79	118	98	62	54	33	63	43
Female, 15 years and over .....	2 506	1 918	1 233	2 822	2 902	2 583	1 533	1 968	1 086	1 199	1 050
Single .....	526	375	245	630	887	612	327	378	223	209	275
Now married, except separated .....	1 492	1 150	788	1 621	1 354	1 451	764	1 143	620	789	514
Separated .....	33	11	18	31	33	37	22	42	28	15	10
Widowed .....	304	301	118	393	454	328	341	293	170	136	152
Divorced .....	151	81	64	147	174	155	79	112	45	50	99



Table P-2. General Characteristics of White Persons: 1980

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

**Census Tracts  
[400 or More White Persons and  
400 or More of a Specified Racial  
Group]****AGE**

	The SMSA	Berkshire County (pt.)			Pittsfield city, Berkshire County Tract 9006
		Total	Pittsfield city	Remainder	
<b>Total persons</b> .....	<b>88 589</b>	<b>88 589</b>	<b>50 331</b>	<b>38 258</b>	<b>3 792</b>
Under 5 years .....	5 200	5 200	3 017	2 183	284
5 to 9 years .....	5 841	5 841	3 426	2 415	245
10 to 14 years .....	6 939	6 939	3 941	2 998	307
15 to 19 years .....	8 214	8 214	4 714	3 500	343
20 to 24 years .....	6 904	6 904	3 881	3 023	353
25 to 34 years .....	13 028	13 028	7 358	5 670	548
35 to 44 years .....	9 339	9 339	5 094	4 245	341
45 to 54 years .....	9 707	9 707	5 505	4 202	400
55 to 64 years .....	10 742	10 742	6 151	4 591	457
65 to 74 years .....	7 395	7 395	4 244	3 151	299
75 years and over .....	5 280	5 280	3 000	2 280	215
3 and 4 years .....	2 053	2 053	1 159	894	109
16 years and over .....	68 933	68 933	38 993	29 940	2 899
18 years and over .....	65 372	65 372	36 937	28 435	2 736
21 years and over .....	61 030	61 030	34 491	26 539	2 544
60 years and over .....	17 739	17 739	10 126	7 613	731
62 years and over .....	15 566	15 566	8 882	6 684	637
Median .....	33.4	33.4	33.2	33.6	31.0

**Female**

<b>Total persons</b> .....	<b>46 668</b>	<b>46 668</b>	<b>26 763</b>	<b>19 905</b>	<b>2 031</b>
Under 5 years .....	2 507	2 507	1 464	1 043	145
5 to 9 years .....	2 862	2 862	1 696	1 166	118
10 to 14 years .....	3 371	3 371	1 945	1 426	144
15 to 19 years .....	4 093	4 093	2 339	1 754	160
20 to 24 years .....	3 527	3 527	2 008	1 519	185
25 to 34 years .....	6 650	6 650	3 804	2 846	295
35 to 44 years .....	4 851	4 851	2 700	2 151	193
45 to 54 years .....	5 058	5 058	2 884	2 174	207
55 to 64 years .....	5 835	5 835	3 367	2 468	254
65 to 74 years .....	4 293	4 293	2 512	1 781	176
75 years and over .....	3 621	3 621	2 044	1 577	154
3 and 4 years .....	997	997	574	423	58
16 years and over .....	37 115	37 115	21 195	15 920	1 595
18 years and over .....	35 356	35 356	20 175	15 181	1 531
21 years and over .....	33 129	33 129	18 920	14 209	1 428
60 years and over .....	10 679	10 679	6 143	4 536	448
62 years and over .....	9 479	9 479	5 450	4 029	395
Median .....	35.6	35.6	35.4	35.8	33.6

**HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP**

<b>Total persons</b> .....	<b>88 589</b>	<b>88 589</b>	<b>50 331</b>	<b>38 258</b>	<b>3 792</b>
In households .....	86 655	86 655	49 921	36 734	3 780
Householder .....	32 491	32 491	18 905	13 586	1 417
Family householder .....	23 763	23 763	13 643	10 120	1 007
Nonfamily householder .....	8 728	8 728	5 262	3 466	410
Living alone .....	7 785	7 785	4 690	3 095	349
Spouse .....	19 563	19 563	10 942	8 621	729
Other relatives .....	32 600	32 600	18 900	13 700	1 510
Nonrelatives .....	2 001	2 001	1 174	827	124
Inmate of institution .....	901	901	275	626	—
Other, in group quarters .....	1 033	1 033	135	898	12
Persons per household .....	2.67	2.67	2.64	2.71	2.67
Persons per family .....	3.20	3.20	3.19	3.21	3.23
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>12 675</b>	<b>12 675</b>	<b>7 244</b>	<b>5 431</b>	<b>514</b>
In households .....	11 969	11 969	7 077	4 892	514
Householder .....	8 103	8 103	4 817	3 286	350
Nonfamily householder .....	3 852	3 852	2 330	1 522	160
Living alone .....	3 753	3 753	2 273	1 480	153
Spouse .....	2 547	2 547	1 498	1 049	100
Other relatives .....	1 111	1 111	662	449	58
Nonrelatives .....	208	208	100	108	6
Inmate of institution .....	648	648	157	491	—
Other, in group quarters .....	58	58	10	48	—

**FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN**

<b>Families</b> .....	<b>23 763</b>	<b>23 763</b>	<b>13 643</b>	<b>10 120</b>	<b>1 007</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	11 467	11 467	6 590	4 877	513
Number of own children under 18 years .....	21 957	21 957	12 702	9 255	994
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>19 563</b>	<b>19 563</b>	<b>10 937</b>	<b>8 626</b>	<b>718</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	9 335	9 335	5 173	4 162	345
Number of own children under 18 years .....	18 244	18 244	10 199	8 045	699
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>3 432</b>	<b>3 432</b>	<b>2 244</b>	<b>1 188</b>	<b>249</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	1 899	1 899	1 286	613	161
Number of own children under 18 years .....	3 352	3 352	2 298	1 054	283

**MARITAL STATUS**

<b>Male, 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>32 681</b>	<b>32 681</b>	<b>18 289</b>	<b>14 392</b>	<b>1 332</b>
Single .....	9 485	9 485	5 359	4 126	445
Now married, except separated .....	20 201	20 201	11 198	9 003	733
Separated .....	433	433	258	175	23
Widowed .....	1 029	1 029	557	472	35
Divorced .....	1 533	1 533	917	616	96
<b>Female, 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>37 928</b>	<b>37 928</b>	<b>21 658</b>	<b>16 270</b>	<b>1 624</b>
Single .....	8 971	8 971	5 221	3 750	406
Now married, except separated .....	20 214	20 214	11 224	8 990	751
Separated .....	684	684	448	236	55
Widowed .....	5 529	5 529	3 153	2 376	248
Divorced .....	2 530	2 530	1 612	918	164



Table P-3. General Characteristics of Black Persons: 1980

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Census Tracts [400 or More Black Persons]	Berkshire County (pt.)				Pittsfield city, Berkshire County
	The SMSA	Total	Pittsfield city	Remainder	Tract 9006
AGE					
Total persons -----	1 375	1 375	1 244	131	692
Under 5 years -----	110	110	106	4	59
5 to 9 years -----	138	138	125	13	63
10 to 14 years -----	151	151	143	8	83
15 to 19 years -----	177	177	162	15	106
20 to 24 years -----	125	125	111	14	61
25 to 34 years -----	188	188	172	16	80
35 to 44 years -----	128	128	113	15	59
45 to 54 years -----	136	136	124	12	76
55 to 64 years -----	115	115	99	16	58
65 to 74 years -----	61	61	49	12	27
75 years and over -----	46	46	40	6	20
3 and 4 years -----	40	40	39	1	19
16 years and over -----	930	930	827	103	464
18 years and over -----	852	852	755	97	409
21 years and over -----	774	774	685	89	365
60 years and over -----	152	152	125	27	63
62 years and over -----	132	132	109	23	58
Median -----	24.4	24.4	23.7	32.3	22.5
Female -----					
Under 5 years -----	715	715	650	65	359
5 to 9 years -----	50	50	47	3	28
10 to 14 years -----	73	73	68	5	30
15 to 19 years -----	76	76	72	4	35
20 to 24 years -----	87	87	78	9	54
25 to 34 years -----	68	68	64	4	35
35 to 44 years -----	90	90	83	7	43
45 to 54 years -----	68	68	62	6	30
55 to 54 years -----	78	78	73	5	43
55 to 64 years -----	59	59	48	11	32
65 to 74 years -----	42	42	35	7	21
75 years and over -----	24	24	20	4	8
3 and 4 years -----	17	17	16	1	9
16 years and over -----	494	494	443	51	254
18 years and over -----	455	455	409	46	226
21 years and over -----	418	418	375	43	205
60 years and over -----	90	90	73	17	39
62 years and over -----	82	82	67	15	36
Median -----	25.4	25.4	24.7	37.3	24.6
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP					
Total persons -----	1 375	1 375	1 244	131	692
In households -----	1 338	1 338	1 236	102	692
Householder -----	451	451	413	38	223
Family householder -----	317	317	290	27	165
Nonfamily householder -----	134	134	123	11	58
Living alone -----	119	119	111	8	53
Spouse -----	169	169	147	22	79
Other relatives -----	657	657	626	31	370
Nonrelatives -----	61	61	50	11	20
Inmate of institution -----	15	15	7	8	—
Other, in group quarters -----	22	22	1	21	—
Persons per household -----	2.99	2.99	3.04	2.42	3.17
Persons per family -----	3.66	3.66	3.73	2.89	3.79
Persons 65 years and over -----					
In households -----	107	107	89	18	47
Householder -----	102	102	87	15	47
Family householder -----	74	74	66	8	39
Nonfamily householder -----	46	46	45	1	25
Living alone -----	46	46	45	1	25
Spouse -----	18	18	11	7	4
Other relatives -----	9	9	9	—	4
Nonrelatives -----	1	1	1	—	—
Inmate of institution -----	5	5	2	3	—
Other, in group quarters -----	—	—	—	—	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN					
Families -----	317	317	290	27	165
With own children under 18 years -----	210	210	199	11	114
Number of own children under 18 years -----	448	448	426	22	244
Married-couple families -----					
With own children under 18 years -----	188	188	165	23	88
Number of own children under 18 years -----	116	116	106	10	58
Female householder, na husband present -----	231	231	213	18	124
With own children under 18 years -----	113	113	109	4	68
Number of own children under 18 years -----	81	81	80	1	49
Female householder, na husband present -----	195	195	191	4	109
MARITAL STATUS					
Male, 15 years and over -----					
Single -----	460	460	407	53	221
Now married, except separated -----	176	176	154	22	86
Separated -----	208	208	180	28	94
Widowed -----	22	22	22	—	12
Divorced -----	19	19	19	—	13
Divorced -----	35	35	32	3	16
Female, 15 years and over -----					
Single -----	516	516	463	53	266
Now married, except separated -----	196	196	175	21	105
Separated -----	176	176	154	22	80
Widowed -----	37	37	37	—	24
Divorced -----	59	59	54	5	34
Divorced -----	48	48	43	5	23

Table P-4. **General Characteristics of American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut Persons: 1980**

Table P-5. **General Characteristics of Asian and Pacific Islander Persons: 1980**

(The above table(s) were omitted because there were no qualifying areas)

Table P-6. General Characteristics of Spanish Origin Persons: 1980

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Census Tracts [400 or More Spanish Origin Persons]	Berkshire County (pt.)			
	The SMSA	Total	Pittsfield city	Remainder
<b>AGE</b>				
Total persons .....	439	439	273	166
Under 5 years .....	33	33	24	9
5 to 9 years .....	33	33	21	12
10 to 14 years .....	36	36	23	13
15 to 19 years .....	34	34	21	13
20 to 24 years .....	31	31	22	9
25 to 34 years .....	68	68	50	18
35 to 44 years .....	52	52	23	29
45 to 54 years .....	60	60	35	25
55 to 64 years .....	42	42	22	20
65 to 74 years .....	21	21	12	9
75 years and over .....	29	29	20	9
3 and 4 years .....	8	8	6	2
16 years and over .....	331	331	202	129
18 years and over .....	314	314	192	122
21 years and over .....	297	297	180	117
60 years and over .....	66	66	39	27
62 years and over .....	61	61	37	24
Median .....	32.4	32.4	30.2	37.4
<b>Female</b>				
Under 5 years .....	232	232	150	82
5 to 9 years .....	13	13	10	3
10 to 14 years .....	20	20	13	7
15 to 19 years .....	12	12	9	3
20 to 24 years .....	19	19	13	6
25 to 34 years .....	21	21	16	5
35 to 44 years .....	34	34	28	6
45 to 54 years .....	28	28	12	16
55 to 64 years .....	34	34	17	17
65 to 74 years .....	20	20	10	10
75 years and over .....	13	13	8	5
3 and 4 years .....	18	18	14	4
16 years and over .....	3	3	2	1
18 years and over .....	182	182	116	66
21 years and over .....	174	174	111	63
60 years and over .....	164	164	102	62
62 years and over .....	38	38	25	13
Median .....	37	37	25	12
Median .....	34.0	34.0	30.3	37.9
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>				
Total persons .....	439	439	273	166
In households .....	425	425	270	155
Householder .....	154	154	101	53
Family householder .....	111	111	73	38
Nonfamily householder .....	43	43	28	15
Living alone .....	39	39	26	13
Spouse .....	89	89	53	36
Other relatives .....	152	152	100	52
Nonrelatives .....	30	30	16	14
Inmate of institution .....	4	4	2	2
Other, in group quarters .....	10	10	1	9
Persons per household .....	2.61	2.61	2.60	2.62
Persons per family .....	3.07	3.07	3.10	3.03
Persons 65 years and over .....	50	50	32	18
In households .....	47	47	31	16
Householder .....	28	28	17	11
Nonfamily householder .....	14	14	10	4
Living alone .....	12	12	9	3
Spouse .....	11	11	8	3
Other relatives .....	7	7	5	2
Nonrelatives .....	1	1	1	—
Inmate of institution .....	2	2	1	1
Other, in group quarters .....	1	1	—	1
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>				
Families .....	111	111	73	38
With own children under 18 years .....	53	53	37	16
Number of own children under 18 years .....	111	111	71	40
Married-couple families .....	92	92	56	36
With own children under 18 years .....	43	43	27	16
Number of own children under 18 years .....	94	94	57	37
Female householder, no husband present .....	13	13	12	1
With own children under 18 years .....	9	9	9	—
Number of own children under 18 years .....	16	16	14	2
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>				
Male, 15 years and over .....	150	150	87	63
Single .....	35	35	18	17
Now married, except separated .....	96	96	57	39
Separated .....	5	5	4	1
Widowed .....	6	6	3	3
Divorced .....	8	8	5	3
Female, 15 years and over .....	187	187	118	69
Single .....	55	55	35	20
Now married, except separated .....	93	93	56	37
Separated .....	5	5	2	3
Widowed .....	24	24	17	7
Divorced .....	10	10	8	2



Table P-7. **Race and Spanish Origin: 1980**

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B.]

Census Tracts	The SMSA	Berkshire County (pt.)			Pittsfield city, Berkshire County								
		Total	Pittsfield city	Remainder	Tract 9001	Tract 9002	Tract 9003	Tract 9004	Tract 9005	Tract 9006	Tract 9007	Tract 9008	Tract 9009
		RACE											
Total persons	90 505	90 505	51 974	38 531	4 059	5 305	3 493	5 678	2 963	4 563	3 250	5 828	6 546
White	88 589	88 589	50 331	38 258	3 871	5 172	3 445	5 565	2 922	3 792	3 188	5 737	6 444
Black	1 375	1 375	1 244	131	139	92	33	74	21	692	55	33	74
American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut	82	82	55	27	6	7	—	1	—	25	—	2	9
American Indian	80	80	53	27	6	7	—	1	—	24	—	1	9
Eskimo	1	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Aleut	1	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
Asian and Pacific Islander¹	263	263	197	66	28	16	11	25	13	3	2	48	10
Japanese	35	35	30	5	1	—	2	1	7	1	1	11	2
Chinese	54	54	39	15	15	5	—	2	—	—	—	7	3
Filipino	40	40	27	13	1	2	—	5	1	—	—	5	2
Korean	41	41	27	14	2	1	6	8	5	—	—	3	1
Asian Indian	82	82	66	16	6	8	3	9	—	2	—	22	1
Vietnamese	8	8	7	1	3	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1
Hawaiian	2	2	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Guamanian	1	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Samoan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other	196	196	147	49	15	18	4	13	7	51	5	8	9
SPANISH ORIGIN²													
Persons of Spanish origin	439	439	273	166	26	41	22	35	6	22	14	37	23
Mexican	92	92	54	38	3	7	1	11	2	6	1	6	1
Puerto Rican	68	68	43	25	8	7	1	4	—	9	1	—	5
Cuban	24	24	4	20	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
Other Spanish	255	255	172	83	13	27	20	20	4	7	12	31	15
Persons of Spanish origin	439	439	273	166	26	41	22	35	6	22	14	37	23
White	371	371	227	144	16	34	22	27	4	13	14	36	19
Black	16	16	10	6	2	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	1
Other races	52	52	36	16	8	7	—	8	2	6	—	1	3
Census Tracts	Pittsfield city, Berkshire County—Con.			Remainder of Berkshire County (pt.)									
	Tract 9010	Tract 9011	Tract 9111	Tract 9121	Tract 9131	Tract 9141	Tract 9221	Tract 9222	Tract 9223	Tract 9231	Tract 9241		
RACE													
Total persons	6 003	4 286	3 131	6 797	6 523	6 247	3 335	4 559	2 487	3 124	2 328		
White	5 928	4 267	3 110	6 745	6 413	6 216	3 326	4 549	2 480	3 112	2 305		
Black	30	1	13	29	61	11	—	1	—	5	11		
American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut	3	2	1	2	1	5	2	4	4	6	2		
American Indian	3	2	1	2	1	5	2	4	4	6	2		
Eskimo	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
Aleut	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
Asian and Pacific Islander¹	32	9	3	13	33	6	5	2	—	1	3		
Japanese	4	—	—	1	2	—	—	—	—	1	1		
Chinese	7	—	3	4	4	—	4	—	—	—	—		
Filipino	11	—	—	3	7	1	—	2	—	—	—		
Korean	—	1	—	1	11	2	—	—	—	—	—		
Asian Indian	8	7	—	4	8	3	—	—	—	—	1		
Vietnamese	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
Hawaiian	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—		
Guamanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—		
Samoan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
Other	10	7	4	8	15	9	—	3	3	—	7		
SPANISH ORIGIN²													
Persons of Spanish origin	34	13	20	35	23	39	9	14	2	4	20		
Mexican	11	5	3	9	1	9	2	2	1	—	11		
Puerto Rican	6	2	1	5	9	8	1	—	—	—	1		
Cuban	—	—	5	8	3	1	—	—	—	—	3		
Other Spanish	17	6	11	13	10	21	6	12	1	4	5		
Persons of Spanish origin	34	13	20	35	23	39	9	14	2	4	20		
White	30	12	17	28	20	36	8	10	1	4	20		
Black	4	—	3	1	2	—	—	—	—	—	—		
Other races	—	1	—	6	1	3	1	4	1	—	—		

<sup>1</sup>Excludes "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" groups identified in sample tabulations.<sup>2</sup>Persons of Spanish origin may be of any race.

Table P-8. **Ancestry of Persons: 1980**

(Data are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B.)

Census Tracts	The SMSA	Berkshire County (pt.)			Pittsfield city, Berkshire County									
		Total	Pittsfield city	Remainder	Tract 9001	Tract 9002	Tract 9003	Tract 9004	Tract 9005	Tract 9006	Tract 9007	Tract 9008	Tract 9009	
Total persons	90 505	90 505	51 974	38 531	4 059	5 305	3 493	5 678	2 963	4 563	3 250	5 828	6 546	
Single ancestry group	42 110	42 110	23 759	18 351	2 212	2 288	1 413	2 146	1 358	2 196	1 342	2 832	2 904	
Dutch	336	336	158	178	13	11	—	6	—	23	18	26	44	
English	6 334	6 334	3 119	3 215	190	306	226	336	195	166	223	383	536	
French	5 984	5 984	2 792	3 192	213	361	142	346	252	231	199	240	182	
German	2 520	2 520	1 305	1 215	103	101	66	62	133	36	129	273	201	
Greek	319	319	248	71	66	49	8	—	—	14	10	77	7	
Hungarian	89	89	43	46	7	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	14	
Irish	7 069	7 069	4 355	2 714	495	433	256	328	276	299	277	615	619	
Italian	7 507	7 507	5 045	2 462	317	556	344	344	224	470	137	520	562	
Norwegian	102	102	39	63	—	—	10	—	9	—	—	7	13	
Polish	5 210	5 210	2 321	2 889	225	198	141	359	67	244	143	180	174	
Portuguese	351	351	289	62	42	38	48	9	—	—	6	23	20	
Russian	611	611	411	200	25	6	6	42	22	—	6	152	72	
Scottish	674	674	352	322	12	30	39	—	18	15	35	46	62	
Swedish	291	291	134	157	—	8	18	—	20	—	6	4	40	
Ukrainian	291	291	247	44	27	—	21	43	5	45	25	13	13	
Other	4 422	4 422	2 901	1 521	477	191	83	271	137	653	128	273	345	
Multiple ancestry group	38 387	38 387	22 625	15 762	1 389	2 273	1 706	3 083	1 269	1 973	1 426	2 330	2 752	
Ancestry not specified	10 008	10 008	5 590	4 418	458	744	374	449	336	394	482	666	890	
Not reported	6 848	6 848	3 808	3 040	363	530	327	316	226	274	380	204	619	
Selected multiple ancestry groups:														
English and other group(s)	13 097	13 097	7 484	5 613	424	601	573	1 105	471	628	466	890	958	
French and other group(s)	14 940	14 940	8 628	6 312	623	1 110	721	1 355	244	768	556	776	957	
German and other group(s)	9 296	9 296	5 268	4 028	352	520	394	794	273	379	364	614	585	
Irish and other group(s)	17 089	17 089	10 542	6 547	783	988	773	1 369	717	884	645	1 072	1 168	
Italian and other group(s)	6 770	6 770	4 439	2 331	201	419	294	526	194	370	311	274	647	
Polish and other group(s)	4 910	4 910	2 585	2 325	75	251	179	489	138	183	157	242	321	
		Pittsfield city, Berkshire County—Con.			Remainder of Berkshire County (pt.)									
Census Tracts		Tract 9010	Tract 9011	Tract 9111	Tract 9121	Tract 9131	Tract 9141	Tract 9221	Tract 9222	Tract 9223	Tract 9231	Tract 9241		
Total persons	6 003	4 286	3 131	6 797	6 523	6 247	3 335	4 563	2 483	3 124	2 328			
Single ancestry group	2 914	2 154	1 295	2 860	2 827	2 903	1 956	2 541	1 345	1 551	1 073			
Dutch	—	17	24	42	54	15	—	5	15	7	16			
English	339	219	271	724	620	489	152	198	173	248	340			
French	272	354	172	503	227	387	531	573	342	369	88			
German	132	69	141	187	219	71	58	179	126	145	89			
Greek	11	6	—	6	24	25	7	—	—	6	3			
Hungarian	—	17	—	6	10	—	—	16	—	10	4			
Irish	453	304	216	685	559	594	112	133	48	177	190			
Italian	1 135	436	136	241	453	849	134	210	65	269	105			
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Polish	224	366	137	146	76	112	715	990	462	206	45			
Portuguese	24	79	7	5	20	25	—	—	—	—	5			
Russian	24	56	8	6	67	63	12	—	6	5	33			
Scottish	42	53	41	55	112	32	39	5	—	5	33			
Swedish	7	31	20	19	65	20	—	—	—	19	14			
Ukrainian	12	43	—	25	—	14	—	—	—	—	5			
Other	239	104	105	210	311	176	196	232	108	85	98			
Multiple ancestry group	2 670	1 754	1 525	3 083	2 480	2 490	1 231	1 741	1 006	1 219	987			
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Italian and other group(s)	830	373	229	297	509	566	173	216	114	103	124			
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		Total	Pittsfield city	Remainder	Tract 9001	Tract 9002	Tract 9003	Tract 9004	Tract 9005	Tract 9006	Tract 9007	Tract 9008	Tract 9009
NATIVITY AND PLACE OF BIRTH													
Total persons	90 505	90 505	51 974	38 531	4 059	5 305	3 493	5 678	2 963	4 563	3 250	5 828	6 546
Native	86 191	86 191	49 182	37 009	3 658	4 954	3 312	5 439	2 839	4 289	3 138	5 591	6 246
Born in State of residence	67 341	67 341	38 251	29 090	2 766	3 821	2 902	4 662	2 158	3 351	2 625	3 812	4 528
Born in different State	18 492	18 492	10 704	7 788	865	1 123	392	753	664	919	499	1 750	1 682
Born abroad, at sea, etc.	358	358	227	131	27	10	18	24	17	19	14	29	36
Foreign born	4 314	4 314	2 792	1 522	401	351	181	239	124	274	112	237	300
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH													
Persons 5 to 17 years	18 637	18 637	10 945	7 692	451	1 083	729	1 351	654	1 064	716	1 391	1 423
Speak a language other than English at home	656	656	444	212	61	62	18	60	—	48	—	99	44
Percent who speak English not well or not at all	3.5	3.5	5.2	—	9.8	4.8	—	15.0	—	—	—	5.1	—
Persons 18 years and over	66 504	66 504	37 866	28 638	3 375	3 832	2 552	3 952	2 141	3 144	2 338	4 121	4 735
Speak a language other than English at home	6 581	6 581	3 861	2 720	558	462	241	311	165	391	160	329	395
Percent who speak English not well or not at all	7.8	7.8	9.0	6.1	7.5	16.0	10.0	8.7	5.5	14.3	4.4	3.6	10.1
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL													
Persons 3 years old and over enrolled in school	24 309	24 309	14 134	10 175	821	1 426	956	1 606	806	1 258	879	1 820	1 871
Nursery school	1 162	1 162	685	477	28	74	22	53	67	85	32	105	126
Private	697	697	387	310	7	20	22	35	52	29	26	60	65
Kindergarten	1 135	1 135	642	493	29	59	58	70	23	68	57	110	77
Private	106	106	57	49	—	6	—	—	7	3	6	14	16
Elementary (1 to 8 years)	10 656	10 656	6 314	4 342	261	653	408	805	359	556	436	778	847
Private	1 045	1 045	398	647	18	63	47	60	14	41	28	19	54
High school (1 to 4 years)	6 873	6 873	4 081	2 792	195	371	255	465	263	435	274	502	473
Private	431	431	316	115	17	46	19	21	22	37	12	38	44
College	4 483	4 483	2 412	2 071	308	269	213	213	94	114	80	325	348
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED													
Persons 25 years old and over	56 458	56 458	32 164	24 294	2 777	3 065	2 110	3 327	1 889	2 609	1 981	3 651	4 037
Elementary: 0 to 4 years	902	902	648	254	134	119	33	22	18	81	52	36	54
5 to 7 years	3 539	3 539	1 863	1 676	301	304	131	241	29	226	116	56	120
8 years	3 721	3 721	1 716	2 005	270	194	137	172	61	151	92	105	189
High school: 1 to 3 years	8 204	8 204	4 637	3 567	520	662	396	546	175	667	291	191	345
4 years	23 185	23 185	13 736	9 449	919	1 191	1 026	1 606	772	1 047	1 062	1 282	1 628
College: 1 to 3 years	8 050	8 050	4 523	3 527	301	338	251	448	351	283	167	600	764
4 or more years	8 857	8 857	5 041	3 816	332	257	136	292	483	154	201	1 381	937
Percent high school graduates	71.0	71.0	72.4	69.1	55.9	58.3	67.0	70.5	85.0	56.9	72.2	89.4	82.5
FERTILITY													
Women 35 to 44 years	4 958	4 958	2 794	2 164	139	223	181	302	180	229	175	397	358
Children ever born	13 427	13 427	7 663	5 764	366	714	566	843	447	716	495	944	905
Per 1,000 women	2 708	2 708	2 743	2 664	2 633	3 202	3 127	2 791	2 483	3 127	2 829	2 378	2 528
RESIDENCE IN 1975													
Persons 5 years and over	85 161	85 161	48 788	36 373	3 827	4 915	3 281	5 306	2 793	4 209	3 051	5 511	6 158
Same house	54 139	54 139	30 428	23 711	1 727	2 540	2 187	3 346	1 824	2 477	2 072	3 811	3 447
Different house in United States	30 596	30 596	18 093	12 503	2 063	2 329	1 091	1 907	962	1 717	953	1 694	2 682
Control city of this SMSA	13 637	13 637	11 575	2 062	1 353	1 616	754	1 398	585	1 076	617	903	1 604
Remainder of this SMSA	6 964	6 964	1 252	5 712	123	118	137	122	90	57	72	64	185
Outside this SMSA	9 995	9 995	5 266	4 729	587	595	200	387	287	584	264	727	893
Different SMSA	5 643	5 643	3 195	2 448	360	344	174	253	132	314	169	545	431
Not in on SMSA	4 352	4 352	2 071	2 281	227	251	26	134	155	270	95	182	462
Abroad	426	426	267	159	37	46	3	53	7	15	26	6	29
JOURNEY TO WORK													
Workers 16 years and over	39 091	39 091	22 104	16 987	1 459	1 971	1 429	2 460	1 318	1 656	1 455	2 695	2 890
Private vehicle: Drive alone	24 899	24 899	13 789	11 110	662	1 013	921	1 737	971	917	956	1 853	1 816
Carpool	8 443	8 443	4 648	3 795	309	419	268	497	204	379	300	539	621
Public transportation	1 219	1 219	1 010	209	73	98	50	114	44	105	64	109	128
Bus or streetcar	1 120	1 120	932	188	45	84	50	114	44	93	58	100	128
Subway, elevated train, or railroad	15	15	—	15	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked only	3 669	3 669	2 285	1 384	391	416	169	69	83	217	119	105	290
Other means	344	344	185	159	18	17	—	24	—	14	5	54	5
Worked at home	517	517	187	330	6	8	21	19	16	24	11	35	30
Persons per private vehicle	1.17	1.17	1.16	1.18	1.23	1.20	1.13	1.13	1.11	1.19	1.15	1.14	1.16
Mean travel time to work	15.1	15.1	13.8	16.8	12.6	14.7	13.6	13.6	14.6	14.6	15.4	12.9	13.8
Worked in SMSA of residence													
Pittsfield city—central business district	5 541	5 541	4 730	811	324	1 814	1 249	2 228	1 193	1 517	1 366	2 539	2 510
Remainder of Pittsfield city	18 799	18 799	13 599	5 200	913	1 275	950	1 467	805	1 089	963	1 525	1 638
Adams town	2 069	2 069	64	2 005	—	8	—	8	6	7	11	5	—
Cheshire town	247	247	11	236	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Oakton town	1 897	1 897	627	1 270	37	71	33	80	47	51	29	36	62
Lanesborough town	636	636	121	515	—	9	—	61	—	7	10	—	5
Lee town	1 751	1 751	248	1 503	—	55	34	27	—	5	17	34	45
Lenox town	1 786	1 786	605	1 181	40	67	12	41	51	30	30	114	62
Stockbridge town	644	644	48	596	—	4	—	—	4	13	6	15	—
Worked outside SMSA of residence	3 709	3 709	1 002	2 707	57	66	48	136	71	85	75	85	203
Troy city, N.Y.	5	5	7	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Rensselaer County, N.Y.	19	19	7	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7
Remainder of Albany—Schenectady—Troy, N.Y. SMSA	112	112	52	60	—	10	—	—	5	10	—	6	10
Springfield—Chicopee—Holyoke, Mass.—Conn. SMSA	146	146	80	66	7	13	—	6	11	5	—	—	17
North Adams city	1 170	1 170	55	1 115	16	7	—	—	5	—	10	11	—
Williamstown town	233	233	36	197	—	—	—	16	7	—	—	—	13
Hinsdale town	87	87	60	27	—	—	—	29	—	6	—	—	—
Area 17	113	113	54	59	—	4	—	7	13	—	5	7	12
Great Barrington town	458	458	122	336	22	5	11	25	—	7	10	11	19
Area 19	59	59	34	25	—	—	4	11	7	6	—	—	6
Area 20	121	121	22	99	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	12
Worked elsewhere	1 186	1 186	475	711	12	27	33	42	14	51	50	50	107
Place of work not reported	2 069	2 069	1 035	1 034	79	91	132	97	55	62	27	72	177



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Single ancestry group	42 110	42 110	23 759	18 351	2 212	2 288	1 413	2 146	1 358	2 196	1 342	2 832	2 904
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Greek	319	319	248	71	66	49	8	—	—	14	10	77	7
Hungarian	89	89	43	46	7	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	14
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Speak a language other than English at home	656	656	444	212	61	62	18	60	—	48	—	99	44
Percent who speak English not well or not at all	3.5	3.5	5.2	—	9.8	4.8	—	15.0	—	—	—	5.1	—
Persons 18 years and over	66 504	66 504	37 866	28 638	3 375	3 832	2 552	3 952	2 141	3 144	2 338	4 121	4 735
Speak a language other than English at home	6 581	6 581	3 861	2 720	558	462	241	311	165	391	160	329	395
Percent who speak English not well or not at all	7.8	7.8	9.0	6.1	7.5	16.0	10.0	8.7	5.5	14.3	4.4	3.6	10.1
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL													
Persons 3 years old and over enrolled in school	24 309	24 309	14 134	10 175	821	1 426	956	1 606	806	1 258	879	1 820	1 871
Nursery school	1 162	1 162	685	477	28	74	22	53	67	85	32	105	126
Private	697	697	387	310	7	20	22	35	52	29	26	60	65
Kindergarten	1 135	1 135	642	493	29	59	58	70	23	68	57	110	77
Private	106	106	57	49	—	6	—	—	7	3	6	14	16
Elementary (1 to 8 years)	10 656	10 656	6 314	4 342	261	653	408	805	359	556	436	778	847
Private	1 045	1 045	398	647	18	63	47	60	14	41	28	19	54
High school (1 to 4 years)	6 873	6 873	4 081	2 792	195	371	255	465	263	435	274	502	473
Private	431	431	316	115	17	46	19	21	22	37	12	38	44
College	4 483	4 483	2 412	2 071	308	269	213	213	94	114	80	325	348
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED													
Persons 25 years old and over	56 458	56 458	32 164	24 294	2 777	3 065	2 110	3 327	1 889	2 609	1 981	3 651	4 037
Elementary: 0 to 4 years	902	902	648	254	134	119	33	22	18	81	52	36	54
5 to 7 years	3 539	3 539	1 863	1 676	301	304	131	241	29	226	116	56	120
8 years	3 721	3 721	1 716	2 005	270	194	137	172	61	151	92	105	189
High school: 1 to 3 years	8 204	8 204	4 637	3 567	520	662	396	546	175	667	291	191	345
4 years	23 185	23 185	13 736	9 449	919	1 191	1 026	1 606	772	1 047	1 062	1 282	1 628
College: 1 to 3 years	8 050	8 050	4 523	3 527	301	338	251	448	351	283	167	600	764
4 or more years	8 857	8 857	5 041	3 816	332	257	136	292	483	154	201	1 381	937
Percent high school graduates	71.0	71.0	72.4	69.1	55.9	58.3	67.0	70.5	85.0	56.9	72.2	89.4	82.5
FERTILITY													
Women 35 to 44 years	4 958	4 958	2 794	2 164	139	223	181	302	180	229	175	397	358
Children ever born	13 427	13 427	7 663	5 764	366	714	566	843	447	716	495	944	905
Per 1,000 women	2 708	2 708	2 743	2 664	2 633	3 202	3 127	2 791	2 483	3 127	2 829	2 378	2 528
RESIDENCE IN 1975													
Persons 5 years and over	85 161	85 161	48 788	36 373	3 827	4 915	3 281	5 306	2 793	4 209	3 051	5 511	6 158
Some house	54 139	54 139	30 428	23 711	1 727	2 540	2 187	3 346	1 824	2 477	2 072	3 811	3 447
Different house in United States	30 596	30 596	18 093	12 503	2 063	2 329	1 091	1 907	962	1 717	953	1 694	2 682
Control city of this SMSA	13 637	13 637	11 575	2 062	1 353	1 616	754	1 398	585	1 076	617	903	1 604
Remainder of this SMSA	6 964	6 964	1 252	5 712	123	118	137	122	90	57	72	64	185
Outside this SMSA	9 995	9 995	5 266	4 729	587	595	200	387	287	584	264	727	893
Different SMSA	5 643	5 643	3 195	2 448	360	344	174	253	132	314	169	545	431
Not in on SMSA	4 352	4 352	2 071	2 281	227	251	26	134	155	270	95	182	462
Abroad	426	426	267	159	37	46	3	53	7	15	26	6	29
JOURNEY TO WORK													
Workers 16 years and over	39 091	39 091	22 104	16 987	1 459	1 971	1 429	2 460	1 318	1 656	1 455	2 695	2 890
Private vehicle: Drive alone	24 899	24 899	13 789	11 110	662	1 013	921	1 737	971	917	956	1 853	1 816
Carpool	8 443	8 443	4 648	3 795	309	419	268	497	204	379	300	539	621
Public transportation	1 219	1 219	1 010	209	73	98	50	114	44	105	64	109	128
Bus or streetcar	1 120	1 120	932	188	45	84	50	114	44	93	58	100	128
Subway, elevated train, or railroad	15	15	—	15	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked only	3 669	3 669	2 285	1 384	391	416	169	69	83	217	119	105	290
Other means	344	344	185	159	18	17	—	24	—	14	5	54	5
Worked at home	517	517	187	330	6	8	21	19	16	24	11	35	30
Persons per private vehicle	1.17	1.17	1.16	1.18	1.23	1.20	1.13	1.13	1.11	1.19	1.15	1.14	1.16
Mean travel time to work	15.1	15.1	13.8	16.8	12.6	14.7	13.6	13.6	14.6	14.6	15.4	12.9	13.8
Worked in SMSA of residence													
Pittsfield city—central business district	5 541	5 541	4 730	811	324	1 814	1 249	2 228	1 193	1 517	1 366	2 539	2 510
Remainder of Pittsfield city	18 799	18 799	13 599	5 200	913	1 275	950	1 467	805	1 089	963	1 525	1 638
Adams town	2 069	2 069	64	2 005	—	8	—	8	6	7	11	5	—
Cheshire town	247	247	11	236	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	—	—
Doolton town	1 897	1 897	627	1 270	37	71	33	80	47	51	29	36	62
Lanesborough town	636	636	121	515	—	9	—	61	—	7	10	—	5
Lee town	1 751	1 751	248	1 503	9	55	34	27	—	5	17	34	45
Lenox town	1 786	1 786	605	1 181	40	67	12	41	51	30	30	114	62
Stockbridge town	644	644	48	596	—	4	—	—	4	13	6	15	—
Worked outside SMSA of residence	3 709	3 709	1 002	2 707	57	66	48	136	71	85	75	85	203
Troy city, N.Y.	5	5	7	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Rensselaer County, N.Y.	19	19	7	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7
Remainder of Albany—Schenectody—Troy, N.Y. SMSA	112	112	52	60	—	10	—	—	5	10	—	6	10
Springfield—Chicopee—Holyoke, Mass.—Conn. SMSA	146	146	80	66	7	13	—	6	11	5	—	—	17
North Adams city	1 170	1 170	55	1 115	16	7	—	—	5	—	10	11	—
Williamstown town	233	233	36	197	—	—	—	16	7	—	—	—	13
Hinsdale town	87	87	60	27	—	—	—	29	—	6	—	—	—
Area 17	113	113	54	59	—	4	—	7	13	—	5	7	12
Great Barrington town	458	458	122	336	22	5	11	25	—	7	10	11	19
Area 19	59	59	34	25	—	—	4	11	7	6	—	—	6
Area 20	121	121	22	99	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	12
Worked elsewhere	1 186	1 186	475	711	12	27	33	42	14	51	50	50	107
Place of work not reported	2 069	2 069	1 035	1 034	79	91	132	97	55	62	27	72	177

Table P-9. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1980—Con.

[Data are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Census Tracts	Pittsfield city, Berkshire County—Con.		Remainder of Berkshire County (pt.)								
	Tract 9010	Tract 9011	Tract 9111	Tract 9121	Tract 9131	Tract 9141	Tract 9221	Tract 9222	Tract 9223	Tract 9231	Tract 9241
NATIVITY AND PLACE OF BIRTH											
Total persons .....	6 003	4 286	3 131	6 797	6 523	6 247	3 335	4 563	2 483	3 124	2 328
Native .....	5 679	4 037	3 024	6 643	6 192	5 973	3 195	4 369	2 423	2 994	2 196
Born in State of residence .....	4 472	3 154	2 331	5 291	4 031	4 611	2 764	4 002	2 196	2 591	1 273
Born in different State .....	1 185	872	687	1 321	2 133	1 336	420	367	214	403	907
Born abroad, at sea, etc. ....	22	11	6	31	28	26	11	—	13	—	16
Foreign born .....	324	249	107	154	331	274	140	194	60	130	132
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH											
Persons 5 to 17 years .....	1 338	745	734	1 585	1 159	1 386	516	803	436	669	404
Speak a language other than English at home .....	35	17	19	67	43	22	9	28	—	13	11
Percent who speak English not well or not at all .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Persons 18 years and over .....	4 319	3 357	2 228	4 831	5 026	4 468	2 653	3 505	1 881	2 219	1 827
Speak a language other than English at home .....	474	375	163	142	362	379	522	665	174	211	102
Percent who speak English not well or not at all .....	5.1	8.5	—	—	1.7	12.9	2.1	7.8	12.1	9.5	7.8
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL											
Persons 3 years old and over enrolled in school ..	1 660	1 031	909	2 032	2 047	1 730	654	997	487	761	558
Nursery school .....	64	29	44	121	46	92	56	52	12	40	14
Private .....	57	14	26	102	30	70	48	15	—	8	11
Kindergarten .....	58	33	44	76	79	96	38	51	46	47	16
Private .....	5	—	—	16	7	—	14	8	—	—	4
Elementary (1 to 8 years) .....	771	440	371	926	669	751	277	477	251	386	234
Private .....	33	21	—	129	124	210	56	78	29	—	21
High school (1 to 4 years) .....	533	315	329	569	448	518	150	253	116	235	174
Private .....	23	37	—	—	61	29	—	—	5	—	20
College .....	234	214	121	340	805	273	133	164	62	53	120
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED											
Persons 25 years old and over .....	3 723	2 995	1 945	4 158	4 018	3 791	2 310	3 023	1 533	1 929	1 587
Elementary: 0 to 4 years .....	69	30	10	20	27	61	42	51	12	25	6
5 to 7 years .....	191	148	80	148	215	161	339	443	142	111	37
8 years .....	199	146	121	131	226	321	366	404	178	188	70
High school: 1 to 3 years .....	489	355	346	548	420	548	369	630	266	325	115
4 years .....	1 786	1 417	765	1 969	1 399	1 489	787	1 013	664	849	514
College: 1 to 3 years .....	547	473	268	670	736	604	202	312	157	269	309
4 or more years .....	442	426	355	672	995	607	205	170	114	162	536
Percent high school graduates .....	74.5	77.3	71.4	79.6	77.9	71.2	51.7	49.5	61.0	66.4	85.6
FERTILITY											
Women 35 to 44 years .....	391	219	203	412	389	335	144	236	124	172	149
Children ever born .....	1 161	506	614	1 115	905	928	455	563	328	526	330
Per 1,000 women .....	2 969	2 311	3 025	2 706	2 326	2 770	3 160	2 386	2 645	3 058	2 215
RESIDENCE IN 1975											
Persons 5 years and over .....	5 635	4 102	2 962	6 436	6 202	5 847	3 168	4 316	2 323	2 888	2 231
Same house .....	3 990	3 007	2 089	4 239	3 392	3 819	2 106	3 381	1 601	1 709	1 375
Different house in United States .....	1 610	1 085	860	2 189	2 778	1 996	1 055	935	700	1 173	817
Central city of this SMSA .....	1 058	611	363	527	614	157	25	41	13	260	62
Remainder of this SMSA .....	160	124	203	1 078	723	994	619	642	500	611	342
Outside this SMSA .....	392	350	294	584	1 441	845	411	252	187	302	413
Different SMSA .....	268	205	170	269	1 022	390	129	46	26	134	262
Not in an SMSA .....	124	145	124	315	419	455	282	206	161	168	151
Abroad .....	35	10	13	8	32	32	7	—	22	6	39
JOURNEY TO WORK											
Workers 16 years and over .....	2 796	1 975	1 409	3 038	2 946	2 720	1 288	1 923	1 136	1 375	1 152
Private vehicle: Drive alone .....	1 743	1 200	1 100	1 967	2 098	2 025	653	1 043	609	828	787
Carpool .....	578	534	217	672	398	431	395	672	359	490	161
Public transportation .....	151	74	4	121	40	29	9	—	—	—	6
Bus or streetcar .....	151	65	4	121	27	23	9	—	—	—	4
Subway, elevated train, or railroad .....	—	—	—	—	13	—	—	—	—	—	2
Walked only .....	275	151	41	195	322	182	207	173	119	31	114
Other means .....	32	16	8	46	34	13	17	13	6	6	16
Worked at home .....	17	—	39	37	54	40	7	22	43	20	68
Persons per private vehicle .....	1.15	1.20	1.10	1.16	1.10	1.11	1.31	1.33	1.32	1.28	1.10
Mean travel time to work .....	13.0	13.9	17.6	14.8	15.3	15.9	17.3	17.4	18.0	22.7	17.3
Worked in SMSA of residence .....	2 555	1 758	1 224	2 743	2 155	2 264	907	1 273	849	1 049	853
Pittsfield city—central business district .....	645	279	117	261	191	94	29	13	19	51	36
Remainder of Pittsfield city .....	1 679	1 295	817	1 476	846	452	270	396	245	568	130
Adams town .....	19	—	—	20	—	—	525	764	513	181	2
Cheshire town .....	—	—	6	—	—	—	20	18	36	154	2
Dalton town .....	102	79	52	912	100	49	38	25	19	69	6
Lanesborough town .....	6	23	188	39	61	129	19	46	12	21	—
Lee town .....	22	—	6	—	119	1 224	—	—	—	—	154
Lenox town .....	82	76	38	35	788	218	6	11	5	—	80
Stockbridge town .....	—	6	—	—	50	98	—	—	—	5	443
Worked outside SMSA of residence .....	63	113	124	174	283	371	375	599	247	281	253
Troy city, N.Y. ....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Rensselaer County, N.Y. ....	—	—	—	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Albany—Schenectady—Troy, N.Y. SMSA .....	—	11	9	6	17	21	—	—	—	—	7
Springfield—Chicopee—Holyoke, Mass.—Conn. SMSA .....	9	12	—	34	17	13	—	—	—	—	2
North Adams city .....	—	6	24	21	7	17	267	452	173	147	7
Williamstown town .....	—	—	41	—	—	—	16	65	21	51	3
Hinsdale town .....	7	18	—	—	26	—	—	—	—	—	1
Area 17 .....	—	6	—	—	9	29	—	—	—	—	21
Great Barrington town .....	—	12	4	—	40	128	—	—	—	4	160
Area 19 .....	—	—	—	11	—	—	7	—	7	—	—
Area 20 .....	—	6	5	13	22	43	—	—	—	—	16
Worked elsewhere .....	47	42	41	77	145	120	85	82	46	79	36
Place of work not reported .....	143	100	61	165	497	119	10	52	40	45	45



Table P-10. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8.]

Census Tracts	The SMSA	Berkshire County (pt.)			Pittsfield city, Berkshire County								
		Total	Pittsfield city	Remainder	Tract 9001	Tract 9002	Tract 9003	Tract 9004	Tract 9005	Tract 9006	Tract 9007	Tract 9008	Tract 9009
LABOR FORCE STATUS													
Persons 16 years and over -----	70 170	70 170	40 037	30 133	3 486	4 045	2 681	4 195	2 298	3 395	2 445	4 416	5 021
Labor force -----	43 241	43 241	24 707	18 534	1 769	2 272	1 580	2 756	1 459	2 046	1 594	2 871	3 125
Percent of persons 16 years and over -----	61.6	61.6	61.7	61.5	50.7	56.2	58.9	65.7	63.5	60.3	65.2	65.0	62.2
Civilian labor force -----	43 145	43 145	24 668	18 477	1 762	2 264	1 580	2 752	1 459	2 046	1 585	2 871	3 114
Employed -----	39 903	39 903	22 670	17 233	1 489	2 013	1 469	2 541	1 365	1 732	1 492	2 734	2 918
Unemployed -----	3 242	3 242	1 998	1 244	273	251	111	211	94	314	93	137	196
Percent of civilian labor force -----	7.5	7.5	8.1	6.7	15.5	11.1	7.0	7.7	6.4	15.3	5.9	4.8	6.3
Female, 16 years and over -----	37 804	37 804	21 747	16 057	2 075	2 227	1 463	2 237	1 176	1 874	1 321	2 314	2 806
Labor force -----	19 190	19 190	11 068	8 122	848	1 099	741	1 280	588	888	735	1 182	1 392
Percent of female, 16 years and over -----	50.8	50.8	50.9	50.6	40.9	49.3	50.6	57.2	50.0	47.4	55.6	51.1	49.6
Civilian labor force -----	19 190	19 190	11 068	8 122	848	1 099	741	1 280	588	888	735	1 182	1 392
Employed -----	17 781	17 781	10 181	7 600	738	990	690	1 179	550	751	701	1 106	1 288
Unemployed -----	1 409	1 409	887	522	110	109	51	101	38	137	34	76	104
Percent of civilian labor force -----	7.3	7.3	8.0	6.4	13.0	9.9	6.9	7.9	6.5	15.4	4.6	6.4	7.5
With own children under 6 years -----	4 514	4 514	2 657	1 857	144	283	211	279	142	280	192	310	356
In labor force -----	2 039	2 039	1 176	863	51	102	91	131	53	113	86	125	177
Married, husband present -----	20 380	20 380	11 526	8 854	518	911	728	1 305	767	778	757	1 595	1 482
In labor force -----	10 963	10 963	6 063	4 900	194	430	358	771	401	341	472	769	773
Civilian persons 16 to 19 years -----	6 679	6 679	3 885	2 794	272	379	276	432	238	391	245	492	499
Not enrolled in school -----	1 497	1 497	930	567	73	112	86	158	45	88	73	48	120
Not high school graduate -----	440	440	296	144	28	51	38	54	6	48	3	13	41
Employed -----	171	171	115	56	15	21	7	17	—	15	—	8	32
Unemployed -----	72	72	50	22	—	4	7	—	—	17	—	5	9
Not in labor force -----	197	197	131	66	13	26	24	37	6	16	3	—	—
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES													
Employed persons 16 years and over -----	39 903	39 903	22 670	17 233	1 489	2 013	1 469	2 541	1 365	1 732	1 492	2 734	2 918
Managerial and professional specialty occupations -----	9 553	9 553	5 570	3 983	254	293	279	444	470	251	246	1 220	920
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations -----	3 830	3 830	2 267	1 563	60	92	127	186	220	95	109	486	405
Professional specialty occupations -----	5 723	5 723	3 303	2 420	194	201	152	258	250	156	137	734	515
Technical, sales, and administrative support occupations -----	12 737	12 737	7 528	5 209	524	575	410	804	430	532	531	917	1 024
Technicians and related support occupations -----	1 674	1 674	968	706	97	113	70	103	43	23	59	73	148
Sales occupations -----	3 537	3 537	2 042	1 495	129	88	92	211	147	145	145	291	299
Administrative support occupations, including clerical -----	7 526	7 526	4 518	3 008	298	374	248	490	240	364	327	553	577
Service occupations -----	5 282	5 282	3 102	2 180	300	372	254	407	126	386	214	177	323
Private household occupations -----	221	221	102	119	6	19	—	—	7	9	—	21	13
Protective service occupations -----	731	731	467	264	29	32	29	99	21	37	72	5	48
Service occupations, except protective and household -----	4 330	4 330	2 533	1 797	265	321	225	308	98	340	142	151	262
Forming, forestry, and fishing occupations -----	435	435	140	295	6	16	7	—	13	23	25	6	26
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations -----	4 496	4 496	2 485	2 011	139	218	202	346	149	228	167	210	293
Operators, fabricators, and laborers -----	7 400	7 400	3 845	3 555	266	539	317	540	177	312	309	204	332
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors -----	4 953	4 953	2 455	2 498	97	383	224	391	136	179	167	114	221
Transportation and material moving occupations -----	1 165	1 165	670	495	96	76	39	73	6	87	63	23	62
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers -----	1 282	1 282	720	562	73	80	54	76	35	46	79	67	49
Manufacturing -----	13 317	13 317	7 100	6 217	332	727	456	890	465	432	378	789	835
Wholesale and retail trade -----	7 619	7 619	4 506	3 113	334	340	241	478	242	360	366	537	597
Professional and related services -----	8 778	8 778	5 104	3 674	412	417	377	472	325	394	256	728	771
CLASS OF WORKER													
Private wage and salary workers -----	32 153	32 153	18 320	13 833	1 240	1 718	1 184	2 064	1 117	1 362	1 116	2 071	2 329
Government workers -----	5 612	5 612	3 371	2 241	243	230	229	378	144	310	273	473	437
Local government workers -----	3 659	3 659	2 141	1 518	129	118	130	269	106	145	197	331	304
Self-employed workers -----	1 923	1 923	896	1 027	6	61	42	94	95	53	83	184	145
LABOR FORCE STATUS IN 1979													
Persons 16 years and over, in labor force in 1979 -----	46 756	46 756	26 533	20 223	1 862	2 552	1 767	2 888	1 577	2 135	1 694	3 069	3 371
Percent of persons 16 years and over -----	66.6	66.6	66.3	67.1	53.4	63.1	65.9	68.8	68.6	62.9	69.3	69.5	67.1
Worked in 1979 -----	45 844	45 844	26 036	19 808	1 815	2 461	1 725	2 831	1 536	2 068	1 675	3 042	3 332
40 or more weeks -----	34 038	34 038	19 118	14 920	1 217	1 657	1 192	2 084	1 216	1 382	1 245	2 373	2 502
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week -----	27 709	27 709	15 477	12 232	940	1 370	948	1 702	982	1 144	982	1 989	1 993
50 to 52 weeks -----	28 605	28 605	16 113	12 492	954	1 330	1 006	1 815	998	1 221	1 008	1 964	2 103
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week -----	24 250	24 250	13 518	10 732	782	1 125	821	1 530	850	1 016	837	1 753	1 740
With unemployment in 1979 -----	8 382	8 382	4 824	3 558	494	723	359	583	183	493	282	300	613
Percent of those in labor force in 1979 -----	17.9	17.9	18.2	17.6	26.5	28.3	20.3	20.2	11.6	23.1	16.6	9.8	18.2
Unemployed 15 or more weeks -----	3 753	3 753	2 350	1 403	259	380	172	291	89	277	164	117	285
Mean weeks of unemployment -----	17.0	17.0	17.9	15.8	19.4	19.0	18.1	16.8	19.7	20.0	20.0	15.9	17.1
DISABILITY STATUS OF NONINSTITUTIONAL PERSONS													
Male, 16 to 64 years -----	27 390	27 390	15 460	11 930	1 082	1 439	1 035	1 713	980	1 319	924	1 840	1 900
With a work disability -----	2 363	2 363	1 481	882	185	201	98	173	77	153	75	114	124
Not in labor force -----	1 192	1 192	784	408	142	97	64	104	15	70	37	43	61
Prevented from working -----	1 016	1 016	689	327	138	84	58	83	10	54	37	32	55
Female, 16 to 64 years -----	29 738	29 738	17 099	12 639	1 305	1 727	1 185	1 874	1 000	1 513	1 019	1 937	2 166
With a work disability -----	2 124	2 124	1 286	838	164	182	98	135	50	182	45	85	148
Not in labor force -----	1 633	1 633	986	647	117	125	82	88	50	166	31	56	111
Prevented from working -----	1 211	1 211	725	486	97	92	69	72	17	131	19	36	65
Persons 16 to 64 years -----	57 128	57 128	32 559	24 569	2 387	3 166	2 220	3 587	1 980	2 832	1 943	3 777	4 066
With a public transportation disability -----	804	804	492	312	86	29	61	60	23	53	37	20	46
With a work disability -----	748	748	453	295	68	29	61	60	17	53	27	20	46
Persons 65 years and over -----	12 080	12 080	7 172	4 908	1 099	761	452	608	318	563	348	639	930
With a public transportation disability -----	1 690	1 690	1 139	551	215	143	89	125	47	108	84	16	117
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1979													
No workers -----	3 196	3 196	1 877	1 319	247	309	113	188	88	167	113	138	177
Mean family income -----	\$9 587	\$9 587	\$8 923	\$10 532	\$6 431	\$7 635	\$9 031	\$8 530	\$11 101	\$6 676	\$6 077	\$15 718	\$7 508
1 worker -----	7 624	7 624	4 651	2 973	340	427	360	516	300	441	222	595	540
Mean family income -----	\$18 974	\$18 974	\$18 955	\$19 003	\$11 389	\$11 476	\$15 896	\$14 464	\$27 549	\$12 440	\$16 039	\$30 133	\$23 754
2 workers -----	9 833	9 833	5 546	4 287	203	491	323	615	348	439	346	727	730
Mean family income -----	\$												

Table P-10. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1980—Con.

[Data are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B.]

Census Tracts	Pittsfield city, Berkshire County—Con.		Remainder of Berkshire County (pt.)								
	Tract 9010	Tract 9011	Tract 9111	Tract 9121	Tract 9131	Tract 9141	Tract 9221	Tract 9222	Tract 9223	Tract 9231	Tract 9241
LABOR FORCE STATUS											
Persons 16 years and over .....	4 583	3 472	2 385	5 151	5 269	4 761	2 740	3 653	1 948	2 315	1 911
Labor force .....	3 087	2 148	1 550	3 270	3 197	2 979	1 450	2 145	1 222	1 512	1 209
Percent of persons 16 years and over .....	67.4	61.9	65.0	63.5	60.7	62.6	52.9	58.7	62.7	65.3	63.3
Civilian labor force .....	3 087	2 148	1 550	3 254	3 188	2 947	1 450	2 145	1 222	1 512	1 209
Employed .....	2 887	2 030	1 416	3 063	2 992	2 728	1 304	1 980	1 182	1 404	1 164
Unemployed .....	200	118	134	191	196	219	146	165	40	108	45
Percent of civilian labor force .....	6.5	5.5	8.6	5.9	6.1	7.4	10.1	7.7	3.3	7.1	3.7
Female, 16 years and over .....	2 415	1 839	1 209	2 761	2 851	2 524	1 515	1 922	1 077	1 173	1 025
Labor force .....	1 371	944	688	1 396	1 455	1 263	663	944	568	620	525
Percent of female, 16 years and over .....	56.8	51.3	56.9	50.6	51.0	50.0	43.8	49.1	52.7	52.9	51.2
Civilian labor force .....	1 371	944	688	1 396	1 455	1 263	663	944	568	620	525
Employed .....	1 294	894	646	1 317	1 363	1 187	599	872	542	572	502
Unemployed .....	77	50	42	79	92	76	64	72	26	48	23
Percent of civilian labor force .....	5.6	5.3	6.1	5.7	6.3	6.0	9.7	7.6	4.6	7.7	4.4
With own children under 6 years .....	313	147	177	344	241	279	193	213	126	194	90
In labor force .....	188	59	114	188	82	104	97	88	83	61	46
Married, husband present .....	1 521	1 164	786	1 615	1 207	1 377	776	1 189	589	810	505
In labor force .....	912	642	490	906	639	719	419	653	348	452	274
Civilian persons 16 to 19 years .....	425	236	230	530	604	460	170	301	167	171	161
Not enrolled in school .....	64	63	21	107	55	90	41	97	81	51	24
Not high school graduate .....	14	—	4	14	20	23	28	11	20	19	5
Employed .....	—	—	4	10	6	13	13	—	10	—	—
Unemployed .....	8	—	—	—	—	—	10	5	—	7	—
Not in labor force .....	6	—	—	4	14	10	5	6	10	12	5
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES											
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	2 887	2 030	1 416	3 063	2 992	2 728	1 304	1 980	1 182	1 404	1 164
Managerial and professional specialty occupations .....	633	560	378	790	912	665	183	301	155	187	412
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	271	216	120	304	402	231	66	120	66	88	166
Professional specialty occupations .....	362	344	258	486	510	434	117	181	89	99	246
Technical, sales, and administrative support occupations .....	962	819	369	1 011	929	788	440	499	356	512	305
Technicians and related support occupations .....	107	132	80	159	126	117	32	47	45	76	24
Sales occupations .....	286	209	117	255	284	192	127	110	129	151	130
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	569	478	172	597	519	479	281	342	182	285	151
Service occupations .....	384	159	250	319	486	333	116	203	128	188	157
Private household occupations .....	21	6	7	25	24	20	—	6	13	—	24
Protective service occupations .....	67	28	44	60	47	12	22	34	5	29	11
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	296	125	199	234	415	301	94	163	110	159	122
Forming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	18	—	12	41	29	20	15	63	50	13	52
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	353	180	150	295	240	368	196	286	155	196	125
Operators, fabricators, and laborers .....	537	312	257	607	396	554	354	628	338	308	113
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	363	180	136	428	227	352	261	485	286	263	60
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	81	64	87	95	78	87	41	57	7	15	28
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	93	68	34	84	91	115	52	86	45	30	25
Manufacturing .....	1 075	721	447	1 262	699	910	566	977	502	654	200
Wholesale and retail trade .....	553	458	259	487	574	490	246	286	227	308	236
Professional and related services .....	568	384	341	688	935	580	183	293	148	178	328
CLASS OF WORKER											
Private wage and salary workers .....	2 401	1 718	1 108	2 545	2 363	2 198	1 079	1 563	960	1 170	847
Government workers .....	383	271	217	390	380	382	136	307	172	111	146
Local government workers .....	231	181	155	273	286	252	81	198	120	57	96
Self-employed workers .....	98	35	91	116	189	139	78	110	43	104	157
LABOR FORCE STATUS IN 1979											
Persons 16 years and over, in labor force in 1979 .....	3 297	2 321	1 669	3 492	3 571	3 321	1 570	2 310	1 310	1 647	1 333
Percent of persons 16 years and over .....	71.9	66.8	70.0	67.8	67.8	69.8	57.3	63.2	67.2	71.1	69.8
Worked in 1979 .....	3 266	2 285	1 627	3 407	3 523	3 250	1 532	2 255	1 293	1 599	1 322
40 or more weeks .....	2 494	1 756	1 203	2 631	2 480	2 356	1 158	1 780	1 028	1 292	992
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week .....	2 013	1 414	982	2 247	1 916	1 862	994	1 549	876	1 066	740
50 to 52 weeks .....	2 155	1 559	967	2 284	1 971	1 929	1 006	1 527	830	1 133	845
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week .....	1 771	1 293	838	2 030	1 671	1 588	886	1 349	730	974	666
With unemployment in 1979 .....	456	338	295	591	611	594	332	394	218	346	177
Percent of those in labor force in 1979 .....	13.8	14.6	17.7	16.9	17.1	17.9	21.1	17.1	16.6	21.0	13.3
Unemployed 15 or more weeks .....	170	146	131	199	176	273	136	175	82	157	74
Mean weeks of unemployment .....	15.5	15.1	19.5	15.4	12.4	17.1	14.8	18.0	14.7	16.1	15.7
DISABILITY STATUS OF NONINSTITUTIONAL PERSONS											
Male, 16 to 64 years .....	1 912	1 316	1 022	2 083	2 094	1 935	943	1 396	732	991	734
With a work disability .....	186	95	73	115	141	152	96	111	65	97	32
Not in labor force .....	92	59	33	34	88	62	64	61	19	37	10
Prevented from working .....	92	46	19	20	82	62	45	45	13	33	8
Female, 16 to 64 years .....	2 005	1 368	1 024	2 206	2 206	2 069	1 028	1 489	846	1 006	765
With a work disability .....	131	66	74	135	131	157	44	152	39	54	52
Not in labor force .....	94	66	69	106	99	118	44	118	22	37	34
Prevented from working .....	81	46	69	74	58	96	23	97	8	37	24
Persons 16 to 64 years .....	3 917	2 684	2 046	4 289	4 300	4 004	1 971	2 885	1 578	1 997	1 499
With a public transportation disability .....	53	24	37	36	59	75	10	34	28	23	10
With a work disability .....	48	24	37	36	59	75	10	27	28	17	6
Persons 65 years and over .....	666	788	339	739	655	687	720	741	370	300	357
With a public transportation disability .....	111	84	13	56	80	104	107	48	53	36	54
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1979											
No workers .....	171	166	84	210	176	195	183	244	87	77	63
Mean family income .....	\$10 668	\$12 505	\$11 087	\$9 647	\$11 255	\$11 844	\$10 590	\$8 465	\$9 371	\$9 053	\$17 909
1 worker .....	485	425	318	453	383	389	308	449	199	304	170
Mean family income .....	\$17 992	\$22 136	\$16 499	\$20 464	\$23 120	\$18 086	\$12 699	\$14 478	\$17 545	\$17 144	\$41 024
2 workers .....	814	510	336	822	649	669	349	498	310	391	263
Mean family income .....	\$24 813	\$27 729	\$24 283	\$26 922	\$25 930	\$23 535	\$22 325	\$21 653	\$21 508	\$23 693	\$26 064
3 or more workers .....	247	188	110	345	261	299	93	180	126	110	110
Mean family income .....	\$33 873	\$32 064	\$34 712	\$34 213	\$34 685	\$37 130	\$29 450	\$28 531	\$34 912	\$26 322	\$38 113



Table P-11. **Income and Poverty Status in 1979: 1980**

(Data are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8.)

**Census Tracts**

**INCOME IN 1979**

Households	33 063	33 063	19 444	13 619	2 200	2 143	1 213	1 958	1 026	1 639	1 058	1 931	2 479
Less than \$5,000	4 480	4 480	2 796	1 684	765	467	148	280	64	293	118	84	284
\$5,000 to \$7,499	2 680	2 680	1 691	989	344	282	77	143	38	199	44	59	178
\$7,500 to \$9,999	2 682	2 682	1 658	1 024	239	224	161	195	57	194	97	75	225
\$10,000 to \$14,999	5 228	5 228	2 990	2 238	376	377	262	290	122	328	190	197	358
\$15,000 to \$19,999	4 907	4 907	2 890	2 017	256	349	168	337	196	245	166	200	294
\$20,000 to \$24,999	4 548	4 548	2 483	2 065	95	221	171	284	142	167	125	240	450
\$25,000 to \$34,999	4 986	4 986	2 791	2 195	77	132	149	242	187	183	206	418	408
\$35,000 to \$49,999	2 489	2 489	1 463	1 026	23	76	68	151	128	18	89	357	188
\$50,000 or more	1 063	1 063	682	381	25	15	9	36	92	12	23	301	94
Median	\$16 313	\$16 313	\$15 854	\$17 055	\$7 435	\$11 317	\$13 919	\$15 862	\$21 698	\$12 628	\$16 802	\$26 867	\$18 273
Mean	\$19 087	\$19 087	\$18 871	\$19 397	\$10 127	\$13 547	\$16 364	\$17 908	\$26 069	\$14 148	\$19 589	\$31 393	\$20 470
Owner-occupied households	21 290	21 290	11 762	9 528	354	606	718	1 436	847	835	832	1 814	1 474
Median income	\$20 665	\$20 665	\$21 036	\$20 238	\$15 227	\$16 089	\$16 574	\$17 785	\$23 997	\$15 763	\$20 339	\$27 538	\$22 360
Mean income	\$23 000	\$23 000	\$23 609	\$22 248	\$18 213	\$16 777	\$18 215	\$19 879	\$28 084	\$18 158	\$21 676	\$32 251	\$25 602
Renter-occupied households	11 773	11 773	7 682	4 091	1 846	1 537	495	522	179	804	226	1 117	1 005
Median income	\$10 101	\$10 101	\$9 570	\$11 172	\$6 785	\$9 646	\$11 542	\$9 873	\$16 055	\$8 242	\$10 682	\$14 777	\$10 754
Mean income	\$12 013	\$12 013	\$11 616	\$12 758	\$8 577	\$12 273	\$13 679	\$12 489	\$16 536	\$9 984	\$11 908	\$18 082	\$12 944
Families	24 264	24 264	14 051	10 213	898	1 352	944	1 571	869	1 155	871	1 695	1 690
Median income	\$20 022	\$20 022	\$19 615	\$20 407	\$11 208	\$14 408	\$16 709	\$17 461	\$23 497	\$13 691	\$19 417	\$29 519	\$21 860
Mean income	\$22 322	\$22 322	\$22 195	\$22 496	\$14 160	\$16 041	\$18 030	\$19 385	\$28 599	\$15 973	\$21 166	\$33 886	\$23 694
Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	11 346	11 346	6 558	4 788	1 582	961	354	452	209	650	233	280	933
Median income	\$6 108	\$6 108	\$6 377	\$5 751	\$4 810	\$5 953	\$7 333	\$6 971	\$9 288	\$5 909	\$9 344	\$7 976	\$8 472
Mean income	\$8 209	\$8 209	\$8 461	\$7 865	\$6 213	\$7 665	\$8 098	\$10 093	\$9 447	\$7 359	\$9 812	\$11 499	\$11 410
Per capita income	\$7 039	\$7 039	\$7 105	\$6 951	\$5 554	\$5 518	\$5 798	\$6 202	\$9 036	\$5 054	\$6 425	\$10 478	\$7 776

**INCOME TYPE IN 1979**

<b>Households</b> -----	<b>33 063</b>	<b>33 063</b>	<b>19 444</b>	<b>13 619</b>	<b>2 200</b>	<b>2 143</b>	<b>1 213</b>	<b>1 958</b>	<b>1 026</b>	<b>1 639</b>	<b>1 058</b>	<b>1 931</b>	<b>2 479</b>
With earnings -----	25 705	25 705	14 935	10 770	1 209	1 516	963	1 568	849	1 251	909	1 697	1 953
Mean earnings -----	\$19 709	\$19 709	\$19 576	\$19 894	\$11 652	\$14 459	\$16 110	\$18 615	\$25 829	\$13 568	\$19 067	\$30 395	\$20 886
With Social Security income -----	10 567	10 567	6 216	4 351	1 000	703	396	623	246	513	290	486	728
Mean Social Security income -----	\$4 278	\$4 278	\$4 210	\$4 375	\$3 708	\$3 978	\$4 552	\$4 330	\$4 818	\$4 233	\$4 389	\$4 777	\$4 213
With public assistance income -----	3 252	3 252	2 104	1 148	446	467	98	203	50	310	103	45	179
Mean public assistance income -----	\$2 384	\$2 384	\$2 548	\$2 082	\$2 098	\$2 622	\$3 006	\$2 644	\$3 878	\$2 645	\$2 746	\$2 593	\$2 167

**MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1979 BY FAMILY TYPE**

<b>Families</b> -----	<b>\$22 322</b>	<b>\$22 322</b>	<b>\$22 195</b>	<b>\$22 496</b>	<b>\$14 160</b>	<b>\$16 041</b>	<b>\$18 030</b>	<b>\$19 385</b>	<b>\$28 599</b>	<b>\$15 973</b>	<b>\$21 166</b>	<b>\$33 886</b>	<b>\$23 694</b>
With own children under 18 years -----	\$22 657	\$22 657	\$21 995	\$23 606	\$12 226	\$14 702	\$17 062	\$18 613	\$27 931	\$14 457	\$22 017	\$34 112	\$25 431
Without own children under 18 years -----	\$22 005	\$22 005	\$22 390	\$21 495	\$15 472	\$17 490	\$18 958	\$20 308	\$29 235	\$17 722	\$20 355	\$33 652	\$21 941
<b>Married-couple families</b> -----	<b>\$24 140</b>	<b>\$24 140</b>	<b>\$24 334</b>	<b>\$23 889</b>	<b>\$15 473</b>	<b>\$18 731</b>	<b>\$19 608</b>	<b>\$21 367</b>	<b>\$30 219</b>	<b>\$17 341</b>	<b>\$22 171</b>	<b>\$35 100</b>	<b>\$26 299</b>
With own children under 18 years -----	\$25 663	\$25 663	\$25 435	\$25 964	\$16 248	\$18 258	\$19 477	\$21 670	\$30 755	\$18 185	\$24 325	\$35 486	\$28 687
Without own children under 18 years -----	\$22 757	\$22 757	\$23 313	\$22 056	\$15 078	\$19 158	\$19 731	\$21 041	\$29 768	\$16 453	\$20 000	\$34 685	\$23 711
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> -----	<b>\$11 680</b>	<b>\$11 680</b>	<b>\$10 729</b>	<b>\$13 404</b>	<b>\$8 710</b>	<b>\$8 884</b>	<b>\$10 531</b>	<b>\$10 925</b>	<b>\$13 251</b>	<b>\$9 842</b>	<b>\$14 340</b>	<b>\$15 688</b>	<b>\$9 328</b>
With own children under 18 years -----	\$8 640	\$8 640	\$8 149	\$9 633	\$6 240	\$7 708	\$8 129	\$9 263	\$11 260	\$7 912	\$8 152	\$8 916	\$5 808
Without own children under 18 years -----	\$15 732	\$15 732	\$14 497	\$17 668	\$12 378	\$11 108	\$13 692	\$14 151	\$17 518	\$13 900	\$20 332	\$19 520	\$12 315

**ALL INCOME LEVELS IN 1979**

<b>Families</b> -----	<b>24 264</b>	<b>24 264</b>	<b>14 051</b>	<b>10 213</b>	<b>898</b>	<b>1 352</b>	<b>944</b>	<b>1 571</b>	<b>869</b>	<b>1 155</b>	<b>871</b>	<b>1 695</b>	<b>1 690</b>
Householder worked in 1979 -----	18 740	18 740	10 783	7 957	555	935	710	1 187	724	838	669	1 414	1 339
With related children under 18 years -----	12 106	12 106	7 124	4 982	377	721	471	880	424	650	449	882	859
Female householder, no husband present -----	3 433	3 433	2 212	1 221	256	347	176	294	66	332	124	119	220
Householder worked in 1979 -----	1 961	1 961	1 212	749	136	153	107	203	43	203	62	65	86
With related children under 18 years -----	2 112	2 112	1 403	709	164	245	100	206	45	244	68	53	106
With related children under 6 years -----	718	718	464	254	68	78	27	52	13	100	31	—	38
Householder 65 years and over -----	4 221	4 221	2 475	1 746	285	223	161	224	123	195	149	280	289
<b>Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined</b> -----	<b>10 757</b>	<b>10 757</b>	<b>6 558</b>	<b>4 199</b>	<b>1 582</b>	<b>961</b>	<b>354</b>	<b>452</b>	<b>209</b>	<b>650</b>	<b>233</b>	<b>280</b>	<b>933</b>
65 years and over -----	4 219	4 219	2 547	1 672	615	332	132	203	76	182	54	136	373
<b>Persons for whom poverty status is determined</b> -----	<b>88 784</b>	<b>88 784</b>	<b>51 573</b>	<b>37 211</b>	<b>4 027</b>	<b>5 187</b>	<b>3 480</b>	<b>5 668</b>	<b>2 940</b>	<b>4 550</b>	<b>3 089</b>	<b>5 828</b>	<b>6 515</b>
Under 18 years -----	23 820	23 820	14 013	9 807	652	1 473	937	1 716	799	1 406	905	1 707	1 805
Related children under 18 years -----	23 714	23 714	13 932	9 782	638	1 452	937	1 709	794	1 391	905	1 707	1 790
Related children 5 to 17 years -----	18 418	18 418	10 807	7 611	427	1 062	729	1 334	626	1 041	716	1 391	1 402
18 to 59 years -----	47 777	47 777	27 392	20 385	1 985	2 630	1 862	3 112	1 596	2 305	1 685	3 174	3 469
60 years and over -----	17 187	17 187	10 168	7 019	1 390	1 084	681	840	545	839	499	947	1 241
65 years and over -----	12 080	12 080	7 172	4 908	1 099	761	452	608	318	563	348	639	930

**INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL**

Families -----	1 813	1 813	1 223	590	167	252	92	188	20	165	64	33	136
Percent below poverty level -----	7.5	7.5	8.7	5.8	18.6	18.6	9.7	12.0	2.3	14.3	7.3	1.9	8.0
Householder worked in 1979 -----	916	916	577	339	73	106	63	126	7	75	11	21	67
With related children under 18 years -----	1 356	1 356	948	408	112	208	79	138	20	140	51	21	104
Female householder, no husband present -----	1 024	1 024	719	305	94	160	44	109	13	116	37	18	68
Householder worked in 1979 -----	425	425	259	166	38	44	24	74	—	37	—	12	19
With related children under 18 years -----	905	905	629	276	83	145	44	81	13	107	31	12	60
With related children under 6 years -----	450	450	299	151	44	56	27	14	13	69	18	—	26
Householder 65 years and over -----	191	191	102	89	38	—	—	8	—	9	—	12	15
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined -----	2 154	2 154	1 260	894	420	201	49	73	31	159	38	14	171
Percent below poverty level -----	20.0	20.0	19.2	21.3	26.5	20.9	13.8	16.2	14.8	24.5	16.3	5.0	18.3
65 years and over -----	720	720	392	328	126	61	11	28	14	27	6	5	50
Persons for whom poverty status is determined -----	7 975	7 975	5 295	2 680	910	1 061	350	723	117	684	278	111	620
Percent below poverty level -----	9.0	9.0	10.3	7.2	22.6	20.5	10.1	12.8	4.0	15.0	9.0	1.9	9.5
Under 18 years -----	2 963	2 963	2 177	786	252	476	151	335	64	302	141	44	236
Related children under 18 years -----	2 881	2 881	2 120	761	238	472	151	335	59	287	141	44	221
Related children 5 to 17 years -----	1 923	1 923	1 414	509	143	319	95	254	34	151	94	36	155
18 to 59 years -----	3 641	3 641	2 370	1 271	399	499	161	331	39	327	106	40	311
60 years and over -----	1 371	1 371	748	623	259	86	38	57	14	55	31	27	73
65 years and over -----	1 073	1 073	567	506	198	61	11	44	14	36	12	27	73



Table P-11. **Income and Poverty Status in 1979: 1980—Con.**

(Data are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B)

	Pittsfield city, Berkshire County—Con.		Remainder of Berkshire County (pt.)								
Census Tracts	Tract 9010	Tract 9011	Tract 9111	Tract 9121	Tract 9131	Tract 9141	Tract 9221	Tract 9222	Tract 9223	Tract 9231	Tract 9241
INCOME IN 1979											
Households	2 099	1 698	1 070	2 281	2 048	2 049	1 432	1 722	952	1 114	951
Less than \$5,000	140	153	122	189	231	170	314	218	167	133	140
\$5,000 to \$7,499	151	176	60	92	139	129	201	142	85	65	76
\$7,500 to \$9,999	131	60	83	139	132	135	114	173	88	100	60
\$10,000 to \$14,999	322	168	209	342	298	351	231	379	128	179	121
\$15,000 to \$19,999	362	317	142	346	286	281	215	287	126	209	125
\$20,000 to \$24,999	315	273	171	402	290	407	190	242	101	150	112
\$25,000 to \$34,999	463	326	148	469	356	325	110	218	186	213	170
\$35,000 to \$49,999	173	192	105	229	218	176	46	53	60	59	80
\$50,000 or more	42	33	30	73	98	75	11	10	11	6	67
Median	\$19 026	\$19 457	\$16 753	\$20 430	\$18 697	\$19 386	\$12 197	\$14 271	\$15 290	\$16 961	\$18 290
Mean	\$20 654	\$20 797	\$19 250	\$21 756	\$21 463	\$20 661	\$13 888	\$15 800	\$17 796	\$17 741	\$25 084
Owner-occupied households	1 530	1 316	875	1 777	1 488	1 471	597	1 164	694	885	577
Median income	\$21 892	\$21 667	\$19 114	\$22 374	\$21 958	\$21 592	\$16 675	\$16 025	\$17 284	\$19 105	\$23 219
Mean income	\$23 109	\$23 455	\$21 025	\$23 760	\$24 508	\$23 430	\$18 542	\$17 284	\$18 652	\$19 826	\$32 492
Renter-occupied households	569	382	195	504	560	578	835	558	258	229	374
Median income	\$12 711	\$7 342	\$10 720	\$13 537	\$12 315	\$13 059	\$7 343	\$11 602	\$9 250	\$8 267	\$10 985
Mean income	\$14 050	\$11 640	\$11 283	\$14 691	\$13 374	\$13 614	\$10 561	\$12 705	\$15 491	\$9 684	\$13 656
Families	1 717	1 289	848	1 830	1 469	1 552	933	1 371	722	882	606
Median income	\$21 194	\$22 410	\$19 918	\$23 074	\$22 242	\$21 437	\$16 295	\$16 498	\$19 123	\$19 447	\$23 250
Mean income	\$22 781	\$24 557	\$21 410	\$24 716	\$24 995	\$23 319	\$17 556	\$17 859	\$21 292	\$20 486	\$31 600
Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	456	448	291	526	1 403	718	553	388	257	248	404
Median income	\$8 250	\$6 229	\$6 147	\$7 529	\$4 864	\$8 190	\$4 871	\$5 667	\$4 664	\$5 769	\$8 045
Mean income	\$9 267	\$8 317	\$8 429	\$8 752	\$6 885	\$9 263	\$6 490	\$7 058	\$6 273	\$6 778	\$11 557
Per capita income	\$7 293	\$8 285	\$6 632	\$7 312	\$7 106	\$6 870	\$5 977	\$6 038	\$6 798	\$6 325	\$10 295
INCOME TYPE IN 1979											
Households	2 099	1 698	1 070	2 281	2 048	2 049	1 432	1 722	952	1 114	951
With earnings	1 735	1 285	936	1 823	1 683	1 701	958	1 272	711	929	757
Mean earnings	\$20 871	\$20 894	\$18 436	\$22 901	\$21 308	\$20 592	\$15 113	\$16 767	\$19 282	\$18 067	\$23 864
With Social Security income	568	663	289	645	571	628	656	646	349	280	287
Mean Social Security income	\$4 073	\$4 268	\$4 826	\$4 601	\$4 133	\$4 467	\$4 240	\$4 532	\$4 093	\$4 361	\$4 015
With public assistance income	152	51	90	125	114	176	214	162	154	51	62
Mean public assistance income	\$3 008	\$2 200	\$2 079	\$2 087	\$2 060	\$2 050	\$1 962	\$2 142	\$2 260	\$1 863	\$2 201
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1979 BY FAMILY TYPE											
Families	\$22 781	\$24 557	\$21 410	\$24 716	\$24 995	\$23 319	\$17 556	\$17 859	\$21 292	\$20 486	\$31 600
With own children under 18 years	\$21 899	\$27 541	\$22 645	\$25 359	\$26 335	\$23 869	\$17 481	\$17 001	\$22 419	\$21 246	\$37 155
Without own children under 18 years	\$23 729	\$22 738	\$20 221	\$24 049	\$23 727	\$22 757	\$17 602	\$18 429	\$20 322	\$19 606	\$26 569
Married-couple families	\$23 995	\$25 376	\$22 582	\$25 889	\$27 144	\$24 687	\$18 702	\$18 969	\$22 699	\$21 283	\$34 604
With own children under 18 years	\$23 930	\$29 403	\$24 498	\$26 766	\$30 076	\$26 056	\$20 166	\$19 024	\$25 771	\$22 163	\$41 291
Without own children under 18 years	\$24 061	\$22 972	\$20 781	\$24 931	\$24 507	\$23 264	\$17 871	\$18 937	\$20 369	\$20 216	\$28 209
Female householder, no husband present	\$12 876	\$12 038	\$13 756	\$17 203	\$12 530	\$12 583	\$10 984	\$10 597	\$12 838	\$11 812	\$17 992
With own children under 18 years	\$10 310	\$8 793	\$9 432	\$12 861	\$8 847	\$8 699	\$6 835	\$9 071	\$9 059	\$6 985	\$15 958
Without own children under 18 years	\$17 041	\$15 458	\$20 963	\$20 275	\$17 315	\$16 644	\$15 326	\$13 275	\$19 871	\$15 596	\$19 700
ALL INCOME LEVELS IN 1979											
Families	1 717	1 289	848	1 830	1 469	1 552	933	1 371	722	882	606
Householder worked in 1979	1 430	982	652	1 450	1 187	1 225	625	982	580	756	500
With related children under 18 years	909	502	440	949	749	812	364	547	345	478	298
Female householder, no husband present	202	76	80	210	200	180	133	157	103	66	92
Householder worked in 1979	126	28	55	121	138	94	67	91	79	46	54
With related children under 18 years	131	41	50	105	129	105	68	100	73	34	45
With related children under 6 years	50	7	19	17	20	43	43	49	29	26	8
Householder 65 years and over	254	292	126	293	200	254	258	293	111	101	110
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	456	448	291	526	854	678	553	388	257	248	404
65 years and over	198	246	80	255	268	200	282	189	148	95	155
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	6 003	4 286	3 125	6 666	5 610	6 126	3 286	4 536	2 483	3 106	2 273
Under 18 years	1 684	929	897	1 958	1 436	1 768	682	1 058	602	905	501
Related children under 18 years	1 680	929	897	1 945	1 427	1 768	682	1 058	602	905	498
Related children 5 to 17 years	1 334	745	728	1 572	1 111	1 375	516	803	436	669	401
18 to 59 years	3 302	2 272	1 737	3 699	3 203	3 365	1 638	2 411	1 314	1 734	1 284
60 years and over	1 017	1 085	491	1 009	971	993	966	1 067	567	467	488
65 years and over	666	788	339	739	655	687	720	741	370	300	357
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL											
Families	74	32	54	67	104	67	83	80	47	42	46
Percent below poverty level	4.3	2.5	6.4	3.7	7.1	4.3	8.9	5.8	6.5	4.8	7.6
Householder worked in 1979	21	7	43	30	63	25	48	43	35	29	23
With related children under 18 years	63	12	32	44	79	41	60	56	40	30	26
Female householder, no husband present	41	19	9	43	52	49	43	47	28	18	16
Householder worked in 1979	11	—	4	21	25	19	26	28	23	11	9
With related children under 18 years	41	12	9	28	52	35	43	47	28	18	16
With related children under 6 years	25	7	4	7	12	18	25	41	23	18	3
Householder 65 years and over	—	20	6	23	18	12	7	12	7	—	4
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	62	42	79	61	232	155	110	71	57	48	81
Percent below poverty level	13.6	9.4	27.1	11.6	27.2	22.9	19.9	18.3	22.2	19.4	20.0
65 years and over	32	32	12	28	61	52	63	18	40	16	38
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	317	124	295	260	593	352	347	260	195	176	202
Percent below poverty level	5.3	2.9	9.4	3.9	10.6	5.7	10.6	5.7	7.9	5.7	8.9
Under 18 years	146	30	75	97	178	83	98	76	72	60	47
Related children under 18 years	142	30	75	84	169	83	98	76	72	60	44
Related children 5 to 17 years	110	23	49	72	129	42	68	17	54	50	28
18 to 59 years	122	35	202	90	287	172	153	118	68	86	95
60 years and over	49	59	18	73	128	97	96	66	55	30	60
65 years and over	32	59	18	73	97	76	84	41	55	16	46
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW SPECIFIED POVERTY LEVEL											
Percent of persons for whom poverty status is determined:											
Below 75 percent of poverty level	3.6	2.2	4.6	2.4	6.4	2.4	4.8	3.6	2.7	3.4	5.7
Below 125 percent of poverty level	8.3	5.6	12.6	7.6	14.8	9.2	19.8	11.8	13.5	8.1	13.3
Below 150 percent of poverty level	10.9	8.7	16.7	10.0	18.7	13.1	25.1	16.9	16.8	10.8	16.0
Below 200 percent of poverty level	20.5	19.0	26.2	17.4	28.0	21.4	40.4	31.8	32.6	19.1	21.7

Table P-12. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White Persons: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B.]

**Census Tracts  
[400 or More White Persons and  
400 or More of a Specified Racial  
Group]**

	The SMSA	Berkshire County (pt.)			Pittsfield city, Berkshire County
		Total	Pittsfield city	Remainder	Tract 9006
<b>NATIVITY</b>					
<b>Total persons</b> .....	<b>88 546</b>	<b>88 546</b>	<b>50 179</b>	<b>38 367</b>	<b>3 825</b>
Native .....	84 501	84 501	47 639	36 862	3 561
Foreign born .....	4 045	4 045	2 540	1 505	264
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>					
<b>Persons 5 to 17 years</b> .....	<b>18 023</b>	<b>18 023</b>	<b>10 360</b>	<b>7 663</b>	<b>830</b>
Speak a language other than English at home .....	540	540	328	212	33
Percent who speak English not well or not at all .....	3.1	3.1	5.2	—	—
<b>Persons 18 years and over</b> .....	<b>65 299</b>	<b>65 299</b>	<b>36 786</b>	<b>28 513</b>	<b>2 699</b>
Speak a language other than English at home .....	6 385	6 385	3 670	2 715	391
Percent who speak English not well or not at all .....	7.7	7.7	8.8	6.2	14.3
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT</b>					
<b>Persons 3 years old and over enrolled in school</b> .....	<b>23 575</b>	<b>23 575</b>	<b>13 455</b>	<b>10 120</b>	<b>982</b>
Nursery school .....	1 136	1 136	662	474	72
Kindergarten .....	1 107	1 107	614	493	53
Elementary (1 to 8 years) .....	10 269	10 269	5 950	4 319	433
High school (1 to 4 years) .....	6 692	6 692	3 900	2 792	349
College .....	4 371	4 371	2 329	2 042	75
<b>YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED</b>					
<b>Persons 25 years old and over</b> .....	<b>55 424</b>	<b>55 424</b>	<b>31 230</b>	<b>24 194</b>	<b>2 243</b>
Elementary: 0 to 4 years .....	858	858	604	254	70
5 to 7 years .....	3 427	3 427	1 773	1 654	185
8 years .....	3 686	3 686	1 681	2 005	134
High school: 1 to 3 years .....	8 043	8 043	4 495	3 548	593
4 years .....	22 822	22 822	13 401	9 421	882
College: 1 to 3 years .....	7 890	7 890	4 382	3 508	238
4 or more years .....	8 698	8 698	4 894	3 804	141
<b>FERTILITY</b>					
<b>Women 35 to 44 years</b> .....	<b>4 824</b>	<b>4 824</b>	<b>2 671</b>	<b>2 153</b>	<b>189</b>
Children ever born .....	13 031	13 031	7 276	5 755	543
Per 1,000 women .....	2 701	2 701	2 724	2 673	2 873
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1975</b>					
<b>Persons 5 years and over</b> .....	<b>83 337</b>	<b>83 337</b>	<b>47 118</b>	<b>36 219</b>	<b>3 527</b>
Some house .....	53 369	53 369	29 760	23 609	2 098
Different house in United States .....	29 648	29 648	17 188	12 460	1 422
Central city of this SMSA .....	13 040	13 040	10 983	2 057	871
Remainder of this SMSA .....	6 936	6 936	1 230	5 706	57
Outside this SMSA .....	9 672	9 672	4 975	4 697	494
Different SMSA .....	5 434	5 434	3 018	2 416	230
Abroad .....	320	320	170	150	7
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>					
<b>Workers 16 years and over</b> .....	<b>38 412</b>	<b>38 412</b>	<b>21 503</b>	<b>16 909</b>	<b>1 441</b>
Private vehicle: Drive alone .....	24 516	24 516	13 446	11 070	829
Carpool .....	8 310	8 310	4 541	3 769	337
Public transportation .....	1 182	1 182	973	209	95
Other means or worked at home .....	4 404	4 404	2 543	1 861	180
Mean travel time to work .....	15.1	15.1	13.8	16.8	14.6
Worked in SMSA of residence .....	32 776	32 776	19 512	13 264	1 336
Central city .....	23 819	23 819	17 830	5 989	1 241
Outside central city .....	8 957	8 957	1 682	7 275	95
Worked outside SMSA of residence .....	3 672	3 672	969	2 703	69
Place of work not reported .....	2 027	2 027	1 005	1 022	43
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>					
<b>Persons 16 years and over</b> .....	<b>68 848</b>	<b>68 848</b>	<b>38 846</b>	<b>30 002</b>	<b>2 880</b>
Labor force .....	42 426	42 426	23 973	18 453	1 752
Percent of persons 16 years and over .....	61.6	61.6	61.7	61.5	60.8
Employed .....	39 183	39 183	22 028	17 155	1 486
Unemployed .....	3 147	3 147	1 906	1 241	266
Percent of civilian labor force .....	7.4	7.4	8.0	6.7	15.2
<b>Female, 16 years and over</b> .....	<b>37 078</b>	<b>37 078</b>	<b>21 094</b>	<b>15 984</b>	<b>1 588</b>
Labor force .....	18 813	18 813	10 733	8 080	765
Percent of female, 16 years and over .....	50.7	50.7	50.9	50.6	48.2
Employed .....	17 450	17 450	9 889	7 561	646
Unemployed .....	1 363	1 363	844	519	119
Percent of civilian labor force .....	7.2	7.2	7.9	6.4	15.6
With own children under 6 years .....	4 406	4 406	2 549	1 857	231
In labor force .....	1 979	1 979	1 116	863	89
Married, husband present .....	20 092	20 092	11 256	8 836	685
In labor force .....	10 802	10 802	5 914	4 888	303
<b>Civilian persons 16 to 19 years</b> .....	<b>6 478</b>	<b>6 478</b>	<b>3 708</b>	<b>2 770</b>	<b>281</b>
Not enrolled in school .....	1 438	1 438	883	555	60
Not high school graduate .....	409	409	271	138	32
Employed .....	158	158	102	56	8
Unemployed .....	67	67	45	22	12
Not in labor force .....	184	184	124	60	12
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS IN 1979</b>					
<b>Persons 16 years and over, in labor force in 1979</b> .....	<b>45 868</b>	<b>45 868</b>	<b>25 731</b>	<b>20 137</b>	<b>1 798</b>
Percent of persons 16 years and over .....	66.6	66.6	66.2	67.1	62.4
Worked in 1979 .....	44 986	44 986	25 264	19 722	1 746
40 or more weeks .....	33 465	33 465	18 595	14 870	1 183
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week .....	27 251	27 251	15 058	12 193	989
50 to 52 weeks .....	28 131	28 131	15 675	12 456	1 045
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week .....	23 867	23 867	13 166	10 701	884
With unemployment in 1979 .....	8 149	8 149	4 614	3 535	390
Percent of those in labor force in 1979 .....	17.8	17.8	17.9	17.6	21.7
Unemployed 15 or more weeks .....	3 627	3 627	2 226	1 401	205
Mean weeks of unemployment .....	16.9	16.9	17.7	15.8	18.6
<b>DISABILITY STATUS OF NONINSTITUTIONAL PERSONS</b>					
<b>Persons 16 to 64 years</b> .....	<b>55 963</b>	<b>55 963</b>	<b>31 514</b>	<b>24 449</b>	<b>2 360</b>
With a work disability .....	4 323	4 323	2 617	1 706	245
Prevented from working .....	2 124	2 124	1 325	799	128
With a public transportation disability .....	791	791	479	312	40
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>11 923</b>	<b>11 923</b>	<b>7 026</b>	<b>4 897</b>	<b>520</b>
With a public transportation disability .....	1 662	1 662	1 111	551	95



Table P-13. **Occupation, Income in 1979, and Poverty Status in 1979 of White Persons: 1980**

[Data are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B.]

**Census Tracts****[400 or More White Persons and  
400 or More of a Specified Racial  
Group]****OCCUPATION**

	The SMSA	Total	Pittsfield city	Remainder	Tract 9006
<b>Employed persons 16 years and over</b> .....	<b>39 183</b>	<b>39 183</b>	<b>22 028</b>	<b>17 155</b>	<b>1 486</b>
Managerial and professional specialty occupations .....	9 382	9 382	5 408	3 974	209
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	3 775	3 775	2 216	1 559	79
Professional specialty occupations .....	5 607	5 607	3 192	2 415	130
Technical, sales, and administrative support occupations .....	12 543	12 543	7 362	5 181	472
Technicians and related support occupations .....	1 643	1 643	939	704	17
Sales occupations .....	3 510	3 510	2 020	1 490	139
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	7 390	7 390	4 403	2 987	316
Service occupations .....	5 130	5 130	2 955	2 175	312
Private household occupations .....	213	213	94	119	9
Protective service occupations .....	725	725	461	264	37
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	4 192	4 192	2 400	1 792	266
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	435	435	140	295	23
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	4 426	4 426	2 425	2 001	202
Operators, fabricators, and laborers .....	7 267	7 267	3 738	3 529	268
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	4 851	4 851	2 377	2 474	146
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	1 147	1 147	652	495	76
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	1 269	1 269	709	560	46

**INCOME IN 1979**

<b>Households</b> .....	<b>32 408</b>	<b>32 408</b>	<b>18 836</b>	<b>13 572</b>	<b>1 398</b>
Less than \$5,000 .....	4 347	4 347	2 663	1 684	247
\$5,000 to \$7,499 .....	2 587	2 587	1 604	983	156
\$7,500 to \$9,999 .....	2 625	2 625	1 604	1 021	152
\$10,000 to \$14,999 .....	5 071	5 071	2 847	2 224	278
\$15,000 to \$19,999 .....	4 817	4 817	2 819	1 998	213
\$20,000 to \$24,999 .....	4 508	4 508	2 445	2 063	155
\$25,000 to \$34,999 .....	4 912	4 912	2 720	2 192	167
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	2 478	2 478	1 452	1 026	18
\$50,000 or more .....	1 063	1 063	682	381	12
Median .....	\$16 445	\$16 445	\$16 047	\$17 077	\$13 159
Mean .....	\$19 210	\$19 210	\$19 064	\$19 412	\$14 649

<b>Families</b> .....	<b>23 872</b>	<b>23 872</b>	<b>13 678</b>	<b>10 194</b>	<b>1 007</b>
Median income .....	\$20 110	\$20 110	\$19 796	\$20 418	\$13 892
Mean income .....	\$22 422	\$22 422	\$22 363	\$22 502	\$16 228

<b>Unrelated individuals 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>10 977</b>	<b>10 977</b>	<b>6 249</b>	<b>4 728</b>	<b>534</b>
Median income .....	\$6 128	\$6 128	\$6 431	\$5 740	\$6 481
Mean income .....	\$8 246	\$8 246	\$8 540	\$7 859	\$7 822

<b>Per capita income</b> .....	<b>\$7 092</b>	<b>\$7 092</b>	<b>\$7 197</b>	<b>\$6 955</b>	<b>\$5 287</b>
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<b>Households</b> .....	<b>32 408</b>	<b>32 408</b>	<b>18 836</b>	<b>13 572</b>	<b>1 398</b>
With earnings .....	25 200	25 200	14 473	10 727	1 069
Mean earnings .....	\$19 819	\$19 819	\$19 739	\$19 927	\$13 800
With Social Security income .....	10 385	10 385	6 055	4 330	457
Mean Social Security income .....	\$4 288	\$4 288	\$4 224	\$4 377	\$4 217
With public assistance income .....	3 147	3 147	2 006	1 141	254
Mean public assistance income .....	\$2 381	\$2 381	\$2 556	\$2 075	\$2 757

**MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1979 BY FAMILY TYPE**

<b>Families</b> .....	<b>\$22 422</b>	<b>\$22 422</b>	<b>\$22 363</b>	<b>\$22 502</b>	<b>\$16 228</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	\$22 824	\$22 824	\$22 253	\$23 609	\$14 402
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>\$24 197</b>	<b>\$24 197</b>	<b>\$24 439</b>	<b>\$23 891</b>	<b>\$17 394</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	\$25 749	\$25 749	\$25 586	\$25 958	\$18 086
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>\$11 753</b>	<b>\$11 753</b>	<b>\$10 807</b>	<b>\$13 386</b>	<b>\$9 606</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	\$8 637	\$8 637	\$8 100	\$9 639	\$7 135

**ALL INCOME LEVELS IN 1979**

<b>Families</b> .....	<b>23 872</b>	<b>23 872</b>	<b>13 678</b>	<b>10 194</b>	<b>1 007</b>
Householder worked in 1979 .....	18 431	18 431	10 482	7 949	714
With related children under 18 years .....	11 775	11 775	6 801	4 974	518
Female householder, no husband present .....	3 302	3 302	2 091	1 211	271
Householder worked in 1979 .....	1 876	1 876	1 130	746	160
With related children under 18 years .....	1 988	1 988	1 282	706	183
With related children under 6 years .....	671	671	417	254	68
Householder 65 years and over .....	4 190	4 190	2 448	1 742	186

<b>Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined</b> .....	<b>10 405</b>	<b>10 405</b>	<b>6 249</b>	<b>4 156</b>	<b>534</b>
65 years and over .....	4 115	4 115	2 443	1 672	148

<b>Persans for whom poverty status is determined</b> .....	<b>86 868</b>	<b>86 868</b>	<b>49 795</b>	<b>37 073</b>	<b>3 820</b>
Related children under 18 years .....	22 990	22 990	13 238	9 752	1 110
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	17 817	17 817	10 229	7 588	814
60 years and over .....	16 953	16 953	9 969	6 984	779
65 years and over .....	11 923	11 923	7 026	4 897	520

**INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL**

<b>Families</b> .....	<b>1 752</b>	<b>1 752</b>	<b>1 162</b>	<b>590</b>	<b>158</b>
Percent below poverty level .....	7.3	7.3	8.5	5.8	15.7
Householder worked in 1979 .....	887	887	548	339	75
With related children under 18 years .....	1 295	1 295	887	408	133
Female householder, no husband present .....	984	984	679	305	109
Householder worked in 1979 .....	410	410	244	166	37
With related children under 18 years .....	865	865	589	276	100
With related children under 6 years .....	434	434	283	151	62
Householder 65 years and over .....	191	191	102	89	9

<b>Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined</b> .....	<b>2 098</b>	<b>2 098</b>	<b>1 206</b>	<b>892</b>	<b>135</b>
Percent below poverty level .....	20.2	20.2	19.3	21.5	25.3
65 years and over .....	699	699	371	328	20

<b>Persans for whom poverty status is determined</b> .....	<b>7 579</b>	<b>7 579</b>	<b>4 901</b>	<b>2 678</b>	<b>588</b>
Percent below poverty level .....	8.7	8.7	9.8	7.2	15.4
Related children under 18 years .....	2 644	2 644	1 883	761	222
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	1 733	1 733	1 224	509	95
60 years and over .....	1 343	1 343	720	623	48
65 years and over .....	1 052	1 052	546	506	29

<b>Percent of persons for whom poverty status is determined:</b>					
Below 75 percent of poverty level .....	5.6	5.6	7.0	3.9	10.1
Below 125 percent of poverty level .....	13.7	13.7	15.2	11.8	24.0
Below 200 percent of poverty level .....	28.0	28.0	29.8	25.6	46.4

Table P-14. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Black Persons: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B.]

Census Tracts [400 or More Black Persons]	Berkshire County (pt.)				Pittsfield city, Berkshire County
	The SMSA	Total	Pittsfield city	Remainder	Tract 9006
<b>NATIVITY</b>					
Total persons .....	1 457	1 457	1 345	112	692
Native .....	1 421	1 421	1 315	106	686
Foreign born .....	36	36	30	6	6
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>					
Persons 5 to 17 years .....	470	470	456	14	234
Speak a language other than English at home .....	15	15	15	—	15
Percent who speak English not well or not at all .....	—	—	—	—	—
Persons 18 years and over .....	887	887	792	95	399
Speak a language other than English at home .....	13	13	10	3	—
Percent who speak English not well or not at all .....	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT</b>					
Persons 3 years old and over enrolled in school .....	576	576	530	46	276
Nursery school .....	16	16	13	3	13
Kindergarten .....	28	28	28	—	15
Elementary (1 to 8 years) .....	287	287	273	14	123
High school (1 to 4 years) .....	143	143	143	—	86
College .....	102	102	73	29	39
<b>YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED</b>					
Persons 25 years old and over .....	742	742	664	78	320
Elementary: 0 to 4 years .....	26	26	26	—	11
5 to 7 years .....	86	86	64	22	41
8 years .....	29	29	29	—	17
High school: 1 to 3 years .....	124	124	116	8	64
4 years .....	284	284	262	22	129
College: 1 to 3 years .....	135	135	116	19	45
4 or more years .....	58	58	51	7	13
<b>FERTILITY</b>					
Women 35 to 44 years .....	65	65	60	5	31
Children ever born .....	229	229	220	9	150
Per 1,000 women .....	3 523	3 523	3 667	1 800	4 839
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1975</b>					
Persons 5 years and over .....	1 360	1 360	1 252	108	636
Same house .....	584	584	514	70	350
Different house in United States .....	768	768	730	38	278
Central city of this SMSA .....	508	508	508	—	200
Remainder of this SMSA .....	10	10	4	6	—
Outside this SMSA .....	250	250	218	32	78
Different SMSA .....	141	141	109	32	72
Abroad .....	8	8	8	—	8
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>					
Workers 16 years and over .....	503	503	449	54	203
Private vehicle: Drive alone .....	245	245	225	20	76
Carpool .....	115	115	89	26	42
Public transportation .....	31	31	31	—	10
Other means or worked at home .....	112	112	104	8	75
Mean travel time to work .....	15.0	15.0	14.4	20.7	14.3
Worked in SMSA of residence .....	430	430	399	31	169
Central city .....	394	394	375	19	151
Outside central city .....	36	36	24	12	18
Worked outside SMSA of residence .....	29	29	27	2	16
Place of work not reported .....	37	37	25	12	19
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>					
Persons 16 years and over .....	986	986	891	95	469
Labor force .....	603	603	546	57	272
Percent of persons 16 years and over .....	61.2	61.2	61.3	60.0	58.0
Employed .....	544	544	490	54	234
Unemployed .....	59	59	56	3	38
Percent of civilian labor force .....	9.8	9.8	10.3	5.3	14.0
Female, 16 years and over .....	548	548	492	56	255
Labor force .....	287	287	256	31	111
Percent of female, 16 years and over .....	52.4	52.4	52.0	55.4	43.5
Employed .....	261	261	233	28	93
Unemployed .....	26	26	23	3	16
Percent of civilian labor force .....	9.1	9.1	9.0	9.7	16.2
With own children under 6 years .....	78	78	78	—	49
In labor force .....	44	44	44	—	24
Married, husband present .....	173	173	166	7	79
In labor force .....	109	109	102	7	38
Civilian persons 16 to 19 years .....	167	167	155	12	110
Not enrolled in school .....	39	39	39	—	28
Not high school graduate .....	22	22	22	—	16
Employed .....	13	13	13	—	7
Unemployed .....	5	5	5	—	5
Not in labor force .....	4	4	4	—	4
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS IN 1979</b>					
Persons 16 years and over, in labor force in 1979 .....	654	654	592	62	300
Percent of persons 16 years and over .....	66.3	66.3	66.4	65.3	64.0
Worked in 1979 .....	639	639	577	62	290
40 or more weeks .....	410	410	382	28	187
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week .....	339	339	317	22	143
50 to 52 weeks .....	347	347	333	14	176
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week .....	282	282	268	14	132
With unemployment in 1979 .....	182	182	159	23	88
Percent of those in labor force in 1979 .....	27.8	27.8	26.9	37.1	29.3
Unemployed 15 or more weeks .....	87	87	85	2	57
Mean weeks of unemployment .....	17.4	17.4	18.7	8.8	24.8
<b>DISABILITY STATUS OF NONINSTITUTIONAL PERSONS</b>					
Persons 16 to 64 years .....	860	860	776	84	426
With a work disability .....	122	122	108	14	60
Prevented from working .....	84	84	70	14	47
With a public transportation disability .....	13	13	13	—	13
Persons 65 years and over .....	126	126	115	11	43
With a public transportation disability .....	20	20	20	—	13



Table P-15. **Occupation, Income in 1979, and Poverty Status in 1979 of Black Persons: 1980**

[Data are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Census Tracts [400 or More Black Persons]	Berkshire County (pt.)				Pittsfield city, Berkshire County
	The SMSA	Total	Pittsfield city	Remainder	Tract 9006
<b>OCCUPATION</b>					
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	544	544	490	54	234
Managerial and professional specialty occupations .....	108	108	102	6	42
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	45	45	41	4	16
Professional specialty occupations .....	63	63	61	2	26
Technical, sales, and administrative support occupations .....	152	152	131	21	60
Technicians and related support occupations .....	24	24	24	—	6
Sales occupations .....	11	11	11	—	6
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	117	117	96	21	48
Service occupations .....	107	107	102	5	62
Private household occupations .....	8	8	8	—	—
Protective service occupations .....	6	6	6	—	—
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	93	93	88	5	62
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	—	—	—	—	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	65	65	55	10	26
Operators, fabricators, and laborers .....	112	112	100	12	44
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	83	83	71	12	33
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	18	18	18	—	11
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	11	11	11	—	—
<b>INCOME IN 1979</b>					
Households .....	518	518	478	40	231
Less than \$5,000 .....	115	115	115	—	41
\$5,000 to \$7,499 .....	75	75	73	2	43
\$7,500 to \$9,999 .....	50	50	47	3	42
\$10,000 to \$14,999 .....	141	141	127	14	45
\$15,000 to \$19,999 .....	63	63	44	19	32
\$20,000 to \$24,999 .....	27	27	25	2	12
\$25,000 to \$34,999 .....	41	41	41	—	16
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	6	6	6	—	—
\$50,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	\$10 559	\$10 559	\$10 133	\$15 208	\$9 375
Mean .....	\$11 999	\$11 999	\$11 773	\$14 698	\$11 378
<b>Families</b> .....	307	307	291	16	143
Median income .....	\$12 529	\$12 529	\$12 219	\$17 857	\$12 422
Mean income .....	\$14 302	\$14 302	\$14 204	\$16 078	\$14 339
<b>Unrelated individuals 15 years and over</b> .....	294	294	238	56	111
Median income .....	\$5 805	\$5 805	\$5 706	\$10 500	\$4 885
Mean income .....	\$7 207	\$7 207	\$6 895	\$8 531	\$5 246
<b>Per capita income</b> .....	\$4 481	\$4 481	\$4 298	\$6 677	\$3 828
Households .....	518	518	478	40	231
With earnings .....	400	400	364	36	177
Mean earnings .....	\$12 812	\$12 812	\$13 039	\$10 521	\$12 514
With Social Security income .....	141	141	120	21	46
Mean Social Security income .....	\$3 714	\$3 714	\$3 667	\$3 981	\$4 010
With public assistance income .....	100	100	93	7	51
Mean public assistance income .....	\$2 426	\$2 426	\$2 368	\$3 195	\$2 055
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1979 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>					
Families .....	\$14 302	\$14 302	\$14 204	\$16 078	\$14 339
With own children under 18 years .....	\$14 383	\$14 383	\$14 373	\$14 858	\$14 841
Married-couple families .....	\$17 591	\$17 591	\$17 614	\$16 930	\$16 913
With own children under 18 years .....	\$19 389	\$19 389	\$19 301	\$24 830	\$18 715
Female householder, no husband present .....	\$9 504	\$9 504	\$8 943	\$15 567	\$10 847
With own children under 18 years .....	\$8 536	\$8 536	\$8 546	\$8 210	\$10 337
<b>ALL INCOME LEVELS IN 1979</b>					
Families .....	307	307	291	16	143
Householder worked in 1979 .....	232	232	227	5	124
With related children under 18 years .....	252	252	247	5	127
Female householder, no husband present .....	118	118	108	10	56
Householder worked in 1979 .....	80	80	77	3	43
With related children under 18 years .....	111	111	108	3	56
With related children under 6 years .....	42	42	42	—	27
Householder 65 years and over .....	28	28	24	4	9
<b>Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined</b> .....	277	277	238	39	111
65 years and over .....	76	76	76	—	34
<b>Persons for whom poverty status is determined</b> .....	1 423	1 423	1 337	86	684
Related children under 18 years .....	549	549	541	8	281
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	457	457	449	8	227
60 years and over .....	177	177	142	35	50
65 years and over .....	126	126	115	11	43
<b>INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL</b>					
Families .....	54	54	54	—	7
Percent below poverty level .....	17.6	17.6	18.6	—	4.9
Householder worked in 1979 .....	22	22	22	—	7
With related children under 18 years .....	54	54	54	—	7
Female householder, no husband present .....	40	40	40	—	7
Householder worked in 1979 .....	15	15	15	—	7
With related children under 18 years .....	40	40	40	—	7
With related children under 6 years .....	16	16	16	—	7
Householder 65 years and over .....	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined</b> .....	36	36	34	2	24
Percent below poverty level .....	13.0	13.0	14.3	5.1	21.6
65 years and over .....	13	13	13	—	7
<b>Persons for whom poverty status is determined</b> .....	325	325	323	2	96
Percent below poverty level .....	22.8	22.8	24.2	2.3	14.0
Related children under 18 years .....	206	206	206	—	65
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	159	159	159	—	56
60 years and over .....	13	13	13	—	7
65 years and over .....	13	13	13	—	7
<b>Percent of persons for whom poverty status is determined:</b>					
Below 75 percent of poverty level .....	19.0	19.0	20.1	2.3	6.1
Below 125 percent of poverty level .....	32.5	32.5	33.6	15.1	26.2
Below 200 percent of poverty level .....	59.7	59.7	62.0	23.3	69.2

Table P-16. **Social and Labor Force Characteristics of American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut Persons: 1980**

Table P-17. **Occupation, Income in 1979, and Poverty Status in 1979 of American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut Persons: 1980**

Table P-18. **Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Asian and Pacific Islander Persons: 1980**

Table P-19. **Occupation, Income in 1979, and Poverty Status in 1979 of Asian and Pacific Islander Persons: 1980**

(The above table(s) were omitted because there were no qualifying areas)

Table P-20. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Spanish Origin Persons: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B.]

**Census Tracts  
[400 or More Spanish Origin  
Persons]**

Census Tracts [400 or More Spanish Origin Persons]	Berkshire County (pt.)			
	The SMSA	Total	Pittsfield city	Remainder
NATIVITY				
Total persons .....	352	352	248	104
Native .....	310	310	214	96
Foreign born .....	42	42	34	8
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH				
Persons 5 to 17 years .....	98	98	61	37
Speak a language other than English at home .....	6	6	6	—
Percent who speak English not well or not at all .....	100.0	100.0	100.0	—
Persons 18 years and over .....	236	236	169	67
Speak a language other than English at home .....	55	55	42	13
Percent who speak English not well or not at all .....	10.9	10.9	14.3	—
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT				
Persons 3 years old and over enrolled in school ..	131	131	87	44
Nursery school .....	5	5	5	—
Kindergarten .....	11	11	11	—
Elementary (1 to 8 years) .....	65	65	30	35
High school (1 to 4 years) .....	22	22	20	2
College .....	28	28	21	7
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED				
Persons 25 years old and over .....	221	221	155	66
Elementary: 0 to 4 years .....	6	6	6	—
5 to 7 years .....	12	12	6	6
8 years .....	11	11	11	—
High school: 1 to 3 years .....	14	14	9	5
4 years .....	66	66	54	12
College: 1 to 3 years .....	77	77	47	30
4 or more years .....	35	35	22	13
FERTILITY				
Women 35 to 44 years .....	22	22	17	5
Children ever born .....	55	55	45	10
Per 1,000 women .....	2 500	2 500	2 647	2 000
RESIDENCE IN 1975				
Persons 5 years and over .....	344	344	240	104
Same house .....	194	194	169	25
Different house in United States .....	142	142	64	78
Central city of this SMSA .....	42	42	42	—
Remainder of this SMSA .....	38	38	4	34
Outside this SMSA .....	62	62	18	44
Different SMSA .....	58	58	14	44
Abroad .....	8	8	7	1
JOURNEY TO WORK				
Workers 16 years and over .....	157	157	111	46
Private vehicle: Drive alone .....	78	78	53	25
Carpool .....	39	39	28	11
Public transportation .....	13	13	13	—
Other means or worked at home .....	27	27	17	10
Mean travel time to work .....	16.9	16.9	17.6	15.2
Worked in SMSA of residence .....	125	125	100	25
Central city .....	112	112	100	12
Outside central city .....	13	13	—	13
Worked outside SMSA of residence .....	16	16	5	11
Place of work not reported .....	16	16	6	10
LABOR FORCE STATUS				
Persons 16 years and over .....	248	248	179	69
Labor force .....	170	170	124	46
Percent of persons 16 years and over .....	68.5	68.5	69.3	66.7
Employed .....	165	165	119	46
Unemployed .....	5	5	5	—
Percent of civilian labor force .....	2.9	2.9	4.0	—
Female, 16 years and over .....	134	134	100	34
Labor force .....	77	77	62	15
Percent of female, 16 years and over .....	57.5	57.5	62.0	44.1
Employed .....	72	72	57	15
Unemployed .....	5	5	5	—
Percent of civilian labor force .....	6.5	6.5	8.1	—
With own children under 6 years .....	14	14	14	—
In labor force .....	14	14	14	—
Married, husband present .....	73	73	50	23
In labor force .....	32	32	20	12
Civilian persons 16 to 19 years .....	17	17	15	2
Not enrolled in school .....	—	—	—	—
Not high school graduate .....	—	—	—	—
Employed .....	—	—	—	—
Unemployed .....	—	—	—	—
Not in labor force .....	—	—	—	—
LABOR FORCE STATUS IN 1979				
Persons 16 years and over, in labor force in 1979 .....	179	179	133	46
Percent of persons 16 years and over .....	72.2	72.2	74.3	66.7
Worked in 1979 .....	174	174	128	46
40 or more weeks .....	119	119	80	39
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week .....	95	95	64	31
50 to 52 weeks .....	105	105	71	34
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week .....	86	86	55	31
With unemployment in 1979 .....	27	27	27	—
Percent of those in labor force in 1979 .....	15.1	15.1	20.3	—
Unemployed 15 or more weeks .....	18	18	18	—
Mean weeks of unemployment .....	16.9	16.9	16.9	—
DISABILITY STATUS OF NONINSTITUTIONAL PERSONS				
Persons 16 to 64 years .....	223	223	167	56
With a work disability .....	28	28	28	—
Prevented from working .....	5	5	5	—
With a public transportation disability .....	8	8	8	—
Persons 65 years and over .....	25	25	12	13
With a public transportation disability .....	6	6	—	6



Table P-21. **Occupation, Income in 1979, and Poverty Status in 1979 of Spanish Origin Persons: 1980**

[Data are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

**Census Tracts  
[400 or More Spanish Origin  
Persons]**

	The SMSA	Berkshire County (pt.)		
		Total	Pittsfield city	Remainder
<b>OCCUPATION</b>				
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	165	165	119	46
Managerial and professional specialty occupations .....	40	40	19	21
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	14	14	—	14
Professional specialty occupations .....	26	26	19	7
Technical, sales, and administrative support occupations .....	47	47	41	6
Technicians and related support occupations .....	6	6	6	—
Sales occupations .....	6	6	5	1
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	35	35	30	5
Service occupations .....	13	13	10	3
Private household occupations .....	—	—	—	—
Protective service occupations .....	—	—	—	—
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	13	13	10	3
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	1	1	—	1
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	6	6	6	—
Operators, fabricators, and laborers .....	58	58	43	15
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	35	35	29	6
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	18	18	9	9
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	5	5	5	—
<b>INCOME IN 1979</b>				
Households .....	115	115	81	34
Less than \$5,000 .....	16	16	10	6
\$5,000 to \$7,499 .....	6	6	6	—
\$7,500 to \$9,999 .....	23	23	23	—
\$10,000 to \$14,999 .....	5	5	5	—
\$15,000 to \$19,999 .....	14	14	6	8
\$20,000 to \$24,999 .....	20	20	4	16
\$25,000 to \$34,999 .....	27	27	27	—
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	—	—	—	—
\$50,000 or more .....	4	4	—	4
Median .....	\$17 969	\$17 969	\$10 750	\$22 969
Mean .....	\$18 253	\$18 253	\$15 494	\$24 826
Families .....	74	74	49	25
Median income .....	\$24 063	\$24 063	\$25 446	\$23 672
Mean income .....	\$22 942	\$22 942	\$18 899	\$30 868
Unrelated individuals 15 years and over .....	66	66	48	18
Median income .....	\$8 235	\$8 235	\$8 588	\$7 333
Mean income .....	\$8 054	\$8 054	\$8 616	\$6 557
Per capita income .....	\$6 298	\$6 298	\$5 255	\$8 785
Households .....	115	115	81	34
With earnings .....	94	94	70	24
Mean earnings .....	\$16 347	\$16 347	\$15 016	\$20 231
With Social Security income .....	30	30	17	13
Mean Social Security income .....	\$4 086	\$4 086	\$5 178	\$2 659
With public assistance income .....	4	4	4	—
Mean public assistance income .....	\$705	\$705	\$705	—
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1979 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>				
Families .....	\$22 942	\$22 942	\$18 899	\$30 868
With own children under 18 years .....	\$21 353	\$21 353	\$20 344	\$23 370
Married-couple families .....	\$23 572	\$23 572	\$18 773	\$30 868
With own children under 18 years .....	\$22 806	\$22 806	\$22 471	\$23 370
Female householder, no husband present .....	\$8 855	\$8 855	\$8 855	—
With own children under 18 years .....	\$8 855	\$8 855	\$8 855	—
<b>ALL INCOME LEVELS IN 1979</b>				
Families .....	74	74	49	25
Householder worked in 1979 .....	64	64	43	21
With related children under 18 years .....	48	48	32	16
Female householder, no husband present .....	5	5	5	—
Householder worked in 1979 .....	5	5	5	—
With related children under 18 years .....	5	5	5	—
With related children under 6 years .....	—	—	—	—
Householder 65 years and over .....	10	10	6	4
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined .....	57	57	48	9
65 years and over .....	15	15	6	9
Persons for whom poverty status is determined .....	334	334	239	95
Related children under 18 years .....	107	107	70	37
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	98	98	61	37
60 years and over .....	37	37	19	18
65 years and over .....	25	25	12	13
<b>INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL</b>				
Families .....	11	11	11	—
Percent below poverty level .....	14.9	14.9	22.4	—
Householder worked in 1979 .....	11	11	11	—
With related children under 18 years .....	6	6	6	—
Female householder, no husband present .....	—	—	—	—
Householder worked in 1979 .....	—	—	—	—
With related children under 18 years .....	—	—	—	—
With related children under 6 years .....	—	—	—	—
Householder 65 years and over .....	—	—	—	—
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined .....	10	10	4	6
Percent below poverty level .....	17.5	17.5	8.3	66.7
65 years and over .....	6	6	—	6
Persons for whom poverty status is determined .....	32	32	26	6
Percent below poverty level .....	9.6	9.6	10.9	6.3
Related children under 18 years .....	—	—	—	—
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	—	—	—	—
60 years and over .....	6	6	—	6
65 years and over .....	6	6	—	6
Percent of persons for whom poverty status is determined:				
Below 75 percent of poverty level .....	9.6	9.6	10.9	6.3
Below 125 percent of poverty level .....	13.2	13.2	15.9	6.3
Below 200 percent of poverty level .....	19.5	19.5	24.7	6.3



Table H-1. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1980**

(For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B)

Census Tracts	Berkshire County (pt.)				Pittsfield city, Berkshire County									
	The SMSA	Total	Pittsfield city	Remainder	Tract 9001	Tract 9002	Tract 9003	Tract 9004	Tract 9005	Tract 9006	Tract 9007	Tract 9008	Tract 9009	
Total housing units	35 484	35 484	20 484	15 000	2 401	2 297	1 259	2 063	1 064	1 897	1 083	1 966	2 562	
Vacant seasonal and migratory	774	774	103	671	—	—	—	38	30	—	—	3	3	
Year-round housing units	34 710	34 710	20 381	14 329	2 401	2 297	1 259	2 025	1 034	1 897	1 083	1 963	2 559	
YEAR-ROUND HOUSING UNITS														
Tenure by Race and Spanish Origin of Householder														
Owner-occupied housing units	21 317	21 317	11 758	9 559	311	655	779	1 344	881	835	776	1 826	1 432	
Percent of occupied housing units	64.4	64.4	60.5	70.0	14.1	30.7	63.6	68.6	86.9	50.3	74.4	94.5	57.8	
White	21 050	21 050	11 547	9 503	307	646	772	1 330	874	730	772	1 803	1 415	
Black	190	190	159	31	1	9	5	12	5	97	...	8	15	
American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut	12	12	7	5	...	...	—	...	—	6	—	...	...	
Asian and Pacific Islander¹	43	43	30	13	1	—	...	1	...	...	—	13	...	
Spanish origin²	85	85	50	35	1	3	9	3	...	4	2	10	4	
Renter-occupied housing units	11 784	11 784	7 678	4 106	1 895	1 481	445	616	133	826	267	106	1 047	
White	11 441	11 441	7 358	4 083	1 819	1 444	438	596	131	687	256	103	1 030	
Black	261	261	254	7	61	24	6	10	1	126	...	1	9	
American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut	20	20	18	2	...	...	—	...	—	6	—	...	...	
Asian and Pacific Islander¹	33	33	27	6	9	7	...	6	...	...	—	...	...	
Spanish origin²	69	69	51	18	11	9	2	6	...	6	3	2	7	
Vacancy Status														
Vacant housing units	1 609	1 609	945	664	195	161	35	65	20	236	40	31	80	
For sale only	178	178	73	105	2	6	6	4	5	5	5	12	12	
Vacant less than 6 months	98	98	49	49	—	2	4	2	4	3	4	12	7	
Median price asked	\$34 100	\$34 100	\$34 700	\$32 800	\$32 500	\$28 800	\$37 500	\$37 500	\$32 500	\$26 300	\$31 300	\$66 300	\$34 400	
For rent	684	684	476	208	129	94	16	32	4	126	15	3	33	
Vacant less than 2 months	248	248	187	61	61	47	2	9	—	40	3	2	12	
Median rent asked	\$157	\$157	\$157	\$157	\$162	\$154	\$150	\$130	\$212	\$138	\$185	\$213	\$202	
Rented or sold, awaiting occupancy	147	147	63	84	8	3	—	10	4	18	1	4	6	
Held for occasional use	197	197	41	156	2	1	1	7	4	3	—	5	13	
Other vacant	403	403	292	111	54	57	12	12	3	84	19	7	16	
Boarded up	40	40	35	5	12	1	—	4	1	16	1	—	—	
Lacking Complete Plumbing for Exclusive Use														
Year-round housing units	475	475	308	167	111	47	8	9	2	71	10	5	33	
Owner-occupied housing units	129	129	56	73	3	9	3	4	2	12	3	3	10	
Renter-occupied housing units	278	278	206	72	100	31	5	5	—	33	7	2	18	
Vacant for rent or for sale only	37	37	33	4	6	2	—	—	—	20	—	—	5	
Rooms														
Year-round housing units	34 710	34 710	20 381	14 329	2 401	2 297	1 259	2 025	1 034	1 897	1 083	1 963	2 559	
1 room	446	446	357	89	218	38	1	5	3	18	18	3	39	
2 rooms	913	913	567	346	300	73	10	23	3	26	7	4	52	
3 rooms	3 118	3 118	2 047	1 071	744	336	63	155	22	132	63	18	253	
4 rooms	5 696	5 696	3 375	2 321	463	559	202	438	114	415	159	82	355	
5 rooms	7 571	7 571	4 397	3 174	273	461	309	587	209	467	265	332	418	
6 rooms	8 572	8 572	5 240	3 332	243	497	426	518	273	464	332	650	653	
7 rooms	4 324	4 324	2 407	1 917	90	217	165	183	186	204	141	399	398	
8 or more rooms	4 070	4 070	1 991	2 079	70	116	83	116	224	171	98	475	391	
Median, year-round housing units	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.5	3.4	4.8	5.6	5.2	6.1	5.3	5.6	6.3	5.7	
Median, occupied housing units	5.5	5.5	5.4	5.6	3.4	4.9	5.6	5.2	6.1	5.4	5.6	6.3	5.8	
Median, owner-occupied housing units	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	5.9	6.1	5.9	5.5	6.3	6.0	5.8	6.4	6.4	
Median, renter-occupied housing units	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.3	3.2	4.3	5.0	4.4	4.8	4.7	4.4	5.1	4.3	
Persons in Unit														
Occupied housing units	33 101	33 101	19 436	13 665	2 206	2 136	1 224	1 960	1 014	1 661	1 043	1 932	2 479	
1 person	7 942	7 942	4 828	3 114	1 212	699	244	350	141	406	167	225	667	
2 persons	10 436	10 436	6 105	4 331	572	619	391	568	365	497	330	644	795	
3 persons	5 603	5 603	3 245	2 358	204	367	215	406	180	315	183	376	355	
4 persons	4 981	4 981	2 859	2 122	114	235	189	350	177	195	196	391	340	
5 persons	2 611	2 611	1 503	1 108	65	135	110	182	91	145	93	201	191	
6 persons	1 011	1 011	589	422	27	50	45	71	41	59	51	63	88	
7 persons	380	380	220	160	8	23	23	26	18	23	16	22	25	
8 or more persons	137	137	87	50	4	8	7	7	1	21	7	10	18	
Median, occupied housing units	2.32	2.32	2.30	2.36	1.41	2.10	2.44	2.65	2.51	2.35	2.63	2.76	2.22	
Median, owner-occupied housing units	2.61	2.61	2.61	2.62	2.30	2.46	2.47	2.67	2.60	2.47	2.73	2.82	2.59	
Median, renter-occupied housing units	1.82	1.82	1.82	1.82	1.33	1.90	2.38	2.61	2.20	2.23	2.40	2.04	1.77	
Persons Per Room														
Occupied housing units	33 101	33 101	19 436	13 665	2 206	2 136	1 224	1 960	1 014	1 661	1 043	1 932	2 479	
1.00 or less	32 594	32 594	19 139	13 455	2 174	2 109	1 192	1 916	995	1 621	1 021	1 920	2 456	
1.01 to 1.50	426	426	251	175	18	24	31	41	16	33	20	10	21	
1.51 or more	81	81	46	35	14	3	1	3	3	7	2	2	2	
VALUE														
Specified owner-occupied housing units	17 225	17 225	9 853	7 372	197	471	647	1 106	745	578	678	1 675	1 185	
Less than \$10,000	238	238	124	114	8	16	14	23	6	37	10	4	4	
\$10,000 to \$14,999	573	573	325	248	20	36	28	51	13	63	36	10	28	
\$15,000 to \$19,999	904	904	551	353	41	42	56	104	19	106	58	23	33	
\$20,000 to \$24,999	1 533	1 533	879	654	30	92	92	151	47	99	68	62	68	
\$25,000 to \$29,999	2 058	2 058	1 213	845	26	120	112	155	45	112	127	77	109	
\$30,000 to \$34,999	2 526	2 526	1 499	1 027	21	72	130	175	81	76	129	174	147	
\$35,000 to \$39,999	2 327	2 327	1 392	935	19	54	104	176	64	42	116	178	179	
\$40,000 to \$49,999	3 335	3 335	1 915	1 420	15	28	79	172	127	30	93	429	278	
\$50,000 to \$59,999	1 560	1 560	864	696	6	4	23	55	95	6	20	289	162	
\$60,000 to \$79,999	1 431	1 431	710	721	6	3	8	35	137	4	20	252	130	
\$80,000 to \$99,999	393	393	194	199	1	3	—	3	61	2	1	89	19	
\$100,000 to \$149,999	276	276	149	127	2	—	1	5	34	1	—	76	23	
\$150,000 to \$199,999	50	50	29	21	2	—	—	—	12	—	—	10	5	
\$200,000 or more	21	21	9	12	—	1	—	1	4	—	—	2	—	
Median	\$36 700	\$36 700	\$36 200	\$37 400	\$24 900	\$26 800	\$30 800	\$32 000	\$47 600	\$24 000	\$31 600	\$47 000	\$40 900	
CONTRACT RENT														
Specified renter-occupied housing units	11 516	11 516	7 589	3 927	1 891	1 475	437	590	125	822	261	101	1 043	
Median	\$162	\$162	\$165	\$153	\$161	\$160	\$167	\$121	\$227	\$150	\$179	\$207	\$190	

<sup>1</sup>Excludes "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" groups identified in sample tabulations. <sup>2</sup>Persons of Spanish origin may be of any race.



Table H-1. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1980—Con.**

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Census Tracts	Pittsfield city, Berkshire County—Can.		Remainder of Berkshire County (pt.)								
	Tract 9010	Tract 9011	Tract 9111	Tract 9121	Tract 9131	Tract 9141	Tract 9221	Tract 9222	Tract 9223	Tract 9231	Tract 9241
Total housing units .....	2 145	1 747	1 223	2 336	2 208	2 314	1 513	1 838	974	1 208	1 386
Vacant seasonal and migratory .....	5	24	83	5	85	155	1	2	—	58	282
Year-round housing units .....	2 140	1 723	1 140	2 331	2 123	2 159	1 512	1 836	974	1 150	1 104
YEAR-ROUND HOUSING UNITS											
Tenure by Race and Spanish Origin of Householder											
Owner-occupied housing units .....	1 605	1 314	914	1 719	1 438	1 473	717	1 119	671	927	581
Percent of occupied housing units .....	76.9	77.6	82.9	75.7	70.6	70.6	50.6	63.5	72.1	83.3	61.5
White .....	1 589	1 309	906	1 706	1 420	1 466	...	...	...	925	574
Black .....	4	—	6	10	6	4	—	—	—	...	4
American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Asian and Pacific Islander¹ .....	9	...	...	...	10	...	...	—	—	...	...
Spanish origin² .....	7	5	4	8	3	13	...	...	...	...	2
Renter-occupied housing units .....	483	379	188	552	600	612	701	644	260	186	363
White .....	477	377	186	551	593	606	...	...	...	186	358
Black .....	5	—	1	—	3	1	—	—	—	...	2
American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut .....	...	...	...	...	—	...	...	—	—	...	...
Asian and Pacific Islander¹ .....	1	...	...	...	1	...	—	—	—	...	...
Spanish origin² .....	3	2	2	3	2	4	...	...	...	...	4
Vacancy Status											
Vacant housing units .....	52	30	38	60	85	74	94	73	43	37	160
For sale only .....	9	7	12	10	29	14	8	7	8	6	11
Vacant less than 6 months .....	5	6	5	9	18	4	2	1	1	2	7
Median price asked .....	\$56 300	\$32 500	\$32 500	\$43 800	\$37 500	\$18 800	\$32 500	\$31 300	\$18 800	\$26 900	\$42 500
For rent .....	12	12	13	19	15	40	40	45	10	10	16
Vacant less than 2 months .....	5	6	5	5	6	14	9	4	3	7	8
Median rent asked .....	\$208	\$250	\$175	\$207	\$256	\$197	\$124	\$114	\$125	\$130	\$213
Rented or sold, awaiting occupancy .....	8	1	3	18	8	6	8	10	4	13	14
Held for occasional use .....	3	2	2	4	22	2	9	—	3	5	109
Other vacant .....	20	8	8	9	11	12	29	11	18	3	10
Boarded up .....	—	—	2	—	1	—	—	—	2	—	—
Lacking Complete Plumbing for Exclusive Use											
Year-round housing units .....	11	1	13	8	16	21	46	29	19	8	7
Owner-occupied housing units .....	6	1	9	5	3	9	14	13	12	5	3
Renter-occupied housing units .....	5	—	4	3	10	11	23	13	3	2	3
Vacant for rent or for sale only .....	—	—	—	—	1	—	2	—	—	—	1
Rooms											
Year-round housing units .....	2 140	1 723	1 140	2 331	2 123	2 159	1 512	1 836	974	1 150	1 104
1 room .....	4	10	3	1	24	16	21	1	1	2	20
2 rooms .....	9	60	24	18	101	41	99	7	4	9	43
3 rooms .....	101	160	67	130	204	186	165	87	51	61	120
4 rooms .....	279	309	219	315	325	293	251	367	163	273	115
5 rooms .....	695	381	290	483	322	444	313	576	298	292	156
6 rooms .....	695	489	252	582	415	506	366	524	232	247	208
7 rooms .....	231	193	138	417	320	323	151	154	110	130	174
8 or more rooms .....	126	121	147	385	412	350	146	120	115	136	268
Median, year-round housing units .....	5.5	5.3	5.4	5.9	5.7	5.7	5.2	5.3	5.4	5.3	6.0
Median, occupied housing units .....	5.5	5.4	5.4	5.9	5.7	5.7	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.3	6.0
Median, owner-occupied housing units .....	5.7	5.7	5.6	6.2	6.3	6.2	6.0	5.7	5.7	5.5	6.8
Median, renter-occupied housing units .....	4.5	3.4	4.3	4.4	3.8	4.0	4.1	4.7	4.8	4.3	4.0
Persons in Unit											
Occupied housing units .....	2 088	1 693	1 102	2 271	2 038	2 085	1 418	1 763	931	1 113	944
1 person .....	343	374	204	421	527	417	475	363	194	213	300
2 persons .....	669	655	357	662	637	603	454	675	309	346	288
3 persons .....	376	268	193	412	292	368	221	318	183	223	148
4 persons .....	428	244	184	411	318	352	161	246	139	186	125
5 persons .....	185	105	113	236	142	210	75	103	74	101	54
6 persons .....	59	35	35	80	75	84	24	45	25	32	22
7 persons .....	25	11	13	38	33	39	7	11	6	8	5
8 or more persons .....	3	1	3	11	14	12	1	2	1	4	2
Median, occupied housing units .....	2.59	2.22	2.47	2.63	2.27	2.56	2.02	2.27	2.38	2.49	2.10
Median, owner-occupied housing units .....	2.81	2.42	2.71	2.96	2.55	2.93	2.40	2.34	2.44	2.69	2.37
Median, renter-occupied housing units .....	2.09	1.45	1.68	1.88	1.66	1.95	1.50	2.13	2.20	1.79	1.58
Persons Per Room											
Occupied housing units .....	2 088	1 693	1 102	2 271	2 038	2 085	1 418	1 763	931	1 113	944
1.00 or less .....	2 059	1 676	1 077	2 251	1 992	2 038	1 410	1 733	923	1 097	934
1.01 to 1.50 .....	25	12	23	19	30	36	7	30	8	14	8
1.51 or more .....	4	5	2	1	16	11	1	—	—	2	2
VALUE											
Specified owner-occupied housing units .....	1 399	1 172	703	1 500	1 082	1 201	507	814	507	639	419
Less than \$10,000 .....	2	—	8	7	1	17	15	38	14	9	5
\$10,000 to \$14,999 .....	30	10	13	20	12	49	45	63	33	8	5
\$15,000 to \$19,999 .....	44	25	39	57	27	44	40	73	41	20	12
\$20,000 to \$24,999 .....	106	64	81	134	79	97	59	74	73	43	14
\$25,000 to \$29,999 .....	188	142	93	193	75	138	54	123	62	92	15
\$30,000 to \$34,999 .....	252	242	100	273	107	166	55	145	68	90	23
\$35,000 to \$39,999 .....	260	200	105	210	94	160	83	91	59	93	40
\$40,000 to \$49,999 .....	363	301	130	258	208	293	87	131	82	150	81
\$50,000 to \$59,999 .....	108	96	62	137	135	116	37	49	38	65	57
\$60,000 to \$79,999 .....	43	72	52	152	201	93	24	25	31	55	88
\$80,000 to \$99,999 .....	—	15	16	28	83	21	6	1	2	9	32
\$100,000 to \$149,999 .....	3	4	4	24	48	6	1	1	2	4	37
\$150,000 to \$199,999 .....	—	—	—	4	8	1	—	—	1	—	6
\$200,000 or more .....	—	1	—	3	4	—	—	—	—	1	4
Median .....	\$36 500	\$37 600	\$35 800	\$36 600	\$47 000	\$37 800	\$33 700	\$31 200	\$32 200	\$38 100	\$52 000
CONTRACT RENT											
Specified renter-occupied housing units .....	473	371	168	538	563	593	697	636	252	166	314
Median .....	\$183	\$232	\$180	\$175	\$220	\$194	\$112	\$103	\$122	\$151	\$204

<sup>1</sup>Excludes "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" groups identified in sample tabulations. <sup>2</sup>Persons of Spanish origin may be of any race.

Table H-2. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980**

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

**Census Tracts  
[400 or More White Persons and  
400 or More of a Specified Racial  
Group]**

	The SMSA	Berkshire County (pt.)			Pittsfield city, Berkshire County
		Total	Pittsfield city	Remainder	Trot 9006
<b>Occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>32 491</b>	<b>32 491</b>	<b>18 905</b>	<b>13 586</b>	<b>1 417</b>
<b>LACKING COMPLETE PLUMBING FOR EXCLUSIVE USE</b>					
Owner-occupied housing units .....	122	122	51	71	9
Renter-occupied housing units .....	262	262	190	72	25
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>					
1 person .....	7 785	7 785	4 690	3 095	349
2 persons .....	10 296	10 296	5 996	4 300	443
3 persons .....	5 487	5 487	3 140	2 347	264
4 persons .....	4 901	4 901	2 790	2 111	170
5 persons .....	2 547	2 547	1 445	1 102	118
6 persons .....	982	982	561	421	45
7 persons .....	364	364	204	160	15
8 or more persons .....	129	129	79	50	13
Median, occupied housing units .....	2.32	2.32	2.29	2.36	2.31
Median, owner-occupied housing units .....	2.61	2.61	2.59	2.62	2.40
Median, renter-occupied housing units .....	1.82	1.82	1.81	1.82	2.21
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>					
1.00 or less .....	32 009	32 009	18 632	13 377	1 386
1.01 to 1.50 .....	408	408	234	174	27
1.51 or more .....	74	74	39	35	4
<b>ROOMS</b>					
Median, occupied housing units .....	5.5	5.5	5.4	5.6	5.4
Median, owner-occupied housing units .....	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0
Median, renter-occupied housing units .....	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.3	4.7
<b>VALUE</b>					
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>17 023</b>	<b>17 023</b>	<b>9 691</b>	<b>7 332</b>	<b>503</b>
Less than \$15,000 .....	786	786	428	358	83
\$15,000 to \$19,999 .....	869	869	519	350	83
\$20,000 to \$24,999 .....	1 512	1 512	859	653	83
\$25,000 to \$29,999 .....	2 039	2 039	1 199	840	103
\$30,000 to \$34,999 .....	2 512	2 512	1 488	1 024	72
\$35,000 to \$39,999 .....	2 307	2 307	1 377	930	38
\$40,000 to \$49,999 .....	3 308	3 308	1 895	1 413	30
\$50,000 to \$59,999 .....	1 543	1 543	850	693	5
\$60,000 to \$79,999 .....	1 414	1 414	698	716	3
\$80,000 to \$99,999 .....	389	389	192	197	2
\$100,000 to \$149,999 .....	275	275	149	126	1
\$150,000 to \$199,999 .....	48	48	28	20	—
\$200,000 or more .....	21	21	9	12	—
Median .....	\$36 700	\$36 700	\$36 300	\$37 400	\$25 100
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>					
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>11 178</b>	<b>11 178</b>	<b>7 273</b>	<b>3 905</b>	<b>685</b>
Median .....	\$162	\$162	\$165	\$153	\$151

Table H-3. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980**

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

**Census Tracts  
[400 or More Black Persons]**

	The SMSA	Berkshire County (pt.)			Pittsfield city, Berkshire County
		Total	Pittsfield city	Remainder	Tract 9006
Occupied housing units .....	451	451	413	38	223
<b>LACKING COMPLETE PLUMBING FOR EXCLUSIVE USE</b>					
Owner-occupied housing units .....	5	5	3	2	2
Renter-occupied housing units .....	12	12	12	—	6
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>					
1 person .....	119	119	111	8	53
2 persons .....	97	97	80	17	48
3 persons .....	86	86	81	5	47
4 persons .....	54	54	49	5	22
5 persons .....	50	50	47	3	24
6 persons .....	24	24	24	—	14
7 persons .....	14	14	14	—	8
8 or more persons .....	7	7	7	—	7
Median, occupied housing units .....	2.61	2.61	2.69	2.15	2.72
Median, owner-occupied housing units .....	3.15	3.15	3.33	2.27	3.41
Median, renter-occupied housing units .....	2.25	2.25	2.29	1.92	2.34
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>					
1.00 or less .....	433	433	395	38	216
1.01 to 1.50 .....	15	15	15	—	6
1.51 or more .....	3	3	3	—	1
<b>ROOMS</b>					
Median, occupied housing units .....	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.5	5.6
Median, owner-occupied housing units .....	6.3	6.3	6.4	5.7	6.7
Median, renter-occupied housing units .....	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.3	4.7
<b>VALUE</b>					
Specified owner-occupied housing units .....	146	146	120	26	69
Less than \$15,000 .....	25	25	21	4	17
\$15,000 to \$19,999 .....	28	28	27	1	20
\$20,000 to \$24,999 .....	19	19	19	—	15
\$25,000 to \$29,999 .....	17	17	13	4	9
\$30,000 to \$34,999 .....	10	10	9	1	3
\$35,000 to \$39,999 .....	14	14	9	5	3
\$40,000 to \$49,999 .....	15	15	10	5	—
\$50,000 to \$59,999 .....	6	6	6	—	1
\$60,000 to \$79,999 .....	9	9	5	4	1
\$80,000 to \$99,999 .....	1	1	1	—	—
\$100,000 to \$149,999 .....	1	1	—	1	—
\$150,000 to \$199,999 .....	1	1	—	1	—
\$200,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	\$25 300	\$25 300	\$22 300	\$38 000	\$19 400
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>					
Specified renter-occupied housing units .....	257	257	250	7	124
Median .....	\$156	\$156	\$155	\$317	\$133

Table H-4. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980**

Table H-5. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980**

(The above table(s) were omitted because there were no qualifying areas)



Table H-6. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980**

[For meaning of symbols, see introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

**Census Tracts  
[400 or More Spanish Origin  
Persons]**

	The SMSA	Berkshire County (pt.)		
		Total	Pittsfield city	Remainder
<b>Occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>154</b>	<b>154</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>53</b>
<b>LACKING COMPLETE PLUMBING FOR EXCLUSIVE USE</b>				
Owner-occupied housing units .....	1	1	1	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	6	6	6	—
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>				
1 person .....	39	39	26	13
2 persons .....	53	53	33	20
3 persons .....	23	23	16	7
4 persons .....	22	22	14	8
5 persons .....	7	7	6	1
6 persons .....	7	7	5	2
7 persons .....	2	2	1	1
8 or more persons .....	1	1	—	1
Median, occupied housing units .....	2.22	2.22	2.24	2.17
Median, owner-occupied housing units .....	2.60	2.60	2.94	2.29
Median, renter-occupied housing units .....	1.81	1.81	1.72	2.00
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>				
1.00 or less .....	150	150	98	52
1.01 to 1.50 .....	1	1	—	1
1.51 or more .....	3	3	3	—
<b>ROOMS</b>				
Median, occupied housing units .....	5.3	5.3	5.1	5.7
Median, owner-occupied housing units .....	6.3	6.3	6.2	6.3
Median, renter-occupied housing units .....	4.1	4.1	3.9	4.8
<b>VALUE</b>				
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>73</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>29</b>
Less than \$15,000 .....	5	5	3	2
\$15,000 to \$19,999 .....	6	6	5	1
\$20,000 to \$24,999 .....	2	2	1	1
\$25,000 to \$29,999 .....	8	8	4	4
\$30,000 to \$34,999 .....	7	7	4	3
\$35,000 to \$39,999 .....	11	11	3	8
\$40,000 to \$49,999 .....	17	17	10	7
\$50,000 to \$59,999 .....	6	6	5	1
\$60,000 to \$79,999 .....	5	5	4	1
\$80,000 to \$99,999 .....	3	3	2	1
\$100,000 to \$149,999 .....	1	1	1	—
\$150,000 to \$199,999 .....	2	2	2	—
\$200,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—
Median .....	\$38 900	\$38 900	\$41 700	\$37 200
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>				
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>67</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>16</b>
Median .....	\$175	\$175	\$174	\$193

Table H-7. Structural, Equipment, and Household Characteristics of Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Census Tracts	Berkshire County (pt.)				Pittsfield city, Berkshire County									
	The SMSA	Total	Pittsfield city	Remainder	Tract 9001	Tract 9002	Tract 9003	Tract 9004	Tract 9005	Tract 9006	Tract 9007	Tract 9008	Tract 9009	
Year-round housing units -----	34 776	34 776	20 415	14 361	2 401	2 297	1 259	2 030	1 045	1 897	1 083	1 966	2 562	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS														
Complete kitchen facilities-----	34 314	34 314	20 098	14 216	2 323	2 269	1 250	2 011	1 045	1 822	1 068	1 941	2 531	
1 complete bathroom plus half both(s)-----	4 676	4 676	2 657	2 019	39	92	174	289	221	145	166	484	502	
2 or more complete bathrooms-----	4 356	4 356	2 228	2 128	123	97	103	145	272	131	97	576	311	
Air conditioning-----	4 274	4 274	2 608	1 666	336	190	126	194	160	181	107	322	380	
Central system-----	655	655	394	261	161	—	—	64	62	3	8	47	23	
Source of water, public system or private company-----	33 148	33 148	20 276	12 872	2 401	2 297	1 259	2 009	1 011	1 897	1 072	1 940	2 556	
Sewage disposal, public sewer-----	29 761	29 761	19 725	10 036	2 378	2 297	1 230	1 864	916	1 836	1 022	1 841	2 542	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE														
1, detached or attached-----	20 751	20 751	11 413	9 338	274	593	764	1 307	896	760	765	1 859	1 274	
2-----	5 581	5 581	3 626	1 955	403	703	355	208	91	663	130	70	575	
3 and 4-----	3 998	3 998	2 698	1 300	504	734	116	247	22	359	20	14	429	
5 to 9-----	1 601	1 601	1 016	585	361	160	22	91	36	65	—	17	184	
10 to 49-----	1 754	1 754	1 035	719	444	107	2	61	—	37	150	6	100	
50 or more-----	604	604	487	117	415	—	—	25	—	7	9	—	—	
Mobile home or trailer, etc.-----	487	487	140	347	—	—	—	91	—	6	9	—	—	
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT														
1979 to March 1980-----	275	275	120	155	15	7	—	4	7	31	13	12	—	
1975 to 1978-----	1 208	1 208	690	518	187	27	6	231	49	9	39	32	18	
1970 to 1974-----	2 004	2 004	849	1 155	116	1	58	116	101	3	127	167	35	
1960 to 1969-----	3 844	3 844	2 002	1 842	68	19	68	307	154	28	108	414	127	
1950 to 1959-----	4 897	4 897	2 765	2 132	125	44	141	272	265	98	92	466	220	
1940 to 1949-----	3 724	3 724	2 413	1 311	189	221	180	256	122	121	86	304	192	
1939 or earlier-----	18 824	18 824	11 576	7 248	1 701	1 978	806	844	347	1 607	618	571	1 970	
HEATING EQUIPMENT														
Steam or hot water system-----	22 170	22 170	14 457	7 713	1 787	1 823	983	1 104	653	1 389	771	1 259	2 116	
Central warm-air furnace-----	5 107	5 107	2 706	2 401	283	151	93	536	195	109	130	390	163	
Electric heat pump-----	240	240	91	149	21	8	5	11	—	4	5	—	4	
Other built-in electric units-----	2 526	2 526	1 353	1 173	143	16	67	184	114	40	50	168	140	
Other means-----	4 690	4 690	1 788	2 902	167	299	111	195	83	348	127	136	139	
None-----	43	43	20	23	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	13	—	
Occupied housing units-----	33 101	33 101	19 436	13 665	2 206	2 136	1 224	1 960	1 014	1 661	1 043	1 932	2 479	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS														
Units with roomers or boarders-----	450	450	280	170	31	36	33	18	23	44	30	—	37	
No telephone-----	1 232	1 232	785	447	211	158	31	58	5	162	30	13	53	
Owner-occupied housing units-----	21 317	21 317	11 758	9 559	311	655	779	1 344	881	835	776	1 826	1 432	
4 or more bedrooms-----	5 133	5 133	2 632	2 501	122	190	176	218	174	250	146	460	457	
1 complete bathroom plus half both(s)-----	4 169	4 169	2 448	1 721	32	71	163	263	215	131	144	479	434	
2 or more complete bathrooms-----	3 785	3 785	1 997	1 788	87	82	68	140	266	94	69	555	285	
Renter-occupied housing units-----	11 784	11 784	7 678	4 106	1 895	1 481	445	616	133	826	267	106	1 047	
2 or more bedrooms-----	7 395	7 395	4 653	2 742	762	1 006	375	456	101	588	192	76	614	
1 complete bathroom plus half both(s)-----	385	385	178	207	7	18	11	13	6	14	18	5	57	
2 or more complete bathrooms-----	438	438	197	241	36	7	35	5	6	15	28	21	22	
HOUSE HEATING FUEL														
Utility gas-----	9 203	9 203	5 187	4 016	605	700	351	759	210	551	254	344	581	
Bottled, tank, or LP gas-----	472	472	162	310	22	18	21	12	4	39	26	—	15	
Electricity-----	2 685	2 685	1 446	1 239	171	24	72	186	117	39	60	174	141	
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.-----	19 164	19 164	12 050	7 114	1 370	1 345	755	929	640	993	638	1 320	1 680	
Other-----	1 546	1 546	571	975	38	49	25	74	43	32	65	81	62	
No fuel used-----	31	31	20	11	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	13	—	
VEHICLES AVAILABLE														
None-----	4 488	4 488	3 122	1 366	1 059	537	190	170	22	384	76	49	308	
1-----	15 337	15 337	9 463	5 874	929	1 236	626	963	454	794	496	764	1 195	
2-----	9 931	9 931	5 360	4 571	187	287	314	588	407	390	361	892	804	
3 or more-----	3 345	3 345	1 491	1 854	31	76	94	239	131	93	110	227	172	
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT														
Owner-occupied housing units-----	21 317	21 317	11 758	9 559	311	655	779	1 344	881	835	776	1 826	1 432	
1979 to March 1980-----	1 416	1 416	713	703	17	2	21	125	68	58	46	114	70	
1975 to 1978-----	4 021	4 021	2 049	1 972	31	69	110	275	157	123	141	444	307	
1970 to 1974-----	3 065	3 065	1 563	1 502	42	94	55	182	179	105	97	251	203	
1960 to 1969-----	5 251	5 251	3 164	2 087	69	134	181	382	250	158	197	497	399	
1959 or earlier-----	7 564	7 564	4 269	3 295	152	356	412	380	227	391	295	520	453	
Renter-occupied housing units-----	11 784	11 784	7 678	4 106	1 895	1 481	445	616	133	826	267	106	1 047	
1979 to March 1980-----	3 814	3 814	2 666	1 148	621	558	92	166	31	329	112	51	471	
1975 to 1978-----	4 084	4 084	2 717	1 367	705	450	184	259	75	260	94	30	319	
1970 to 1974-----	1 685	1 685	926	759	282	129	75	69	11	73	43	17	103	
1969 or earlier-----	2 201	2 201	1 369	832	287	344	94	122	16	164	18	8	154	
CHARACTERISTICS OF HOUSING UNITS WITH HOUSEHOLDER OR SPOUSE 65 YEARS AND OVER														
Occupied housing units-----	8 288	8 288	4 935	3 353	877	555	335	419	186	319	214	447	567	
Owner-occupied housing units-----	5 302	5 302	3 065	2 237	114	215	285	325	177	216	185	431	378	
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use-----	96	96	25	71	7	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	9	
No vehicle available-----	2 642	2 642	1 724	918	614	243	108	133	17	115	49	49	139	
No telephone-----	207	207	115	92	31	7	7	—	—	11	17	13	—	
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL														
Owner-occupied housing units-----	989	989	535	454	53	64	39	94	28	25	43	39	47	
Percent below poverty level-----	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.7	17.0	9.8	5.0	7.0	3.2	3.0	5.5	2.1	3.3	
Complete plumbing for exclusive use-----	980	980	535	445	53	64	39	94	28	25	43	39	47	
1.01 or more persons per room-----	20	20	6	14	3	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use-----	9	9	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
1.01 or more persons per room-----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Renter-occupied housing units-----	2 234	2 234	1 540	694	421	338	82	158	10	223	40	—	185	
Percent below poverty level-----	19.0	19.0	20.1	16.9	22.2	22.8	18.4	25.6	7.5	27.0	15.0	—	17.7	
Complete plumbing for exclusive use-----	2 148	2 148	1 497	651	388	338	82	158	10	223	30	—	185	
1.01 or more persons per room-----	65	65	56	9	—	10	—	21	—	5	—	—	20	
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use-----	86	86	43	43	33	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	
1.01 or more persons per room-----	8	8	7	1	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	

Table H-7. **Structural, Equipment, and Household Characteristics of Housing Units: 1980—Con.**

(Data are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B)

Census Tracts	Pittsfield city, Berkshire County—Con.		Remainder of Berkshire County (pt.)								
	Tract 9010	Tract 9011	Tract 9111	Tract 9121	Tract 9131	Tract 9141	Tract 9221	Tract 9222	Tract 9223	Tract 9231	Tract 9241
Year-round housing units -----	2 145	1 730	1 150	2 320	2 122	2 153	1 513	1 838	974	1 178	1 113
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS											
Complete kitchen facilities -----	2 127	1 711	1 150	2 314	2 097	2 143	1 497	1 783	956	1 168	1 108
1 complete bathroom plus half bath(s) -----	267	278	156	444	397	321	157	195	107	66	176
2 or more complete bathrooms -----	223	150	177	285	630	369	61	90	79	101	336
Air conditioning -----	347	265	121	153	421	219	190	209	157	96	100
Central system -----	7	19	6	10	153	44	20	12	5	6	5
Source of water, public system or private company -----	2 132	1 702	803	2 203	2 031	2 077	1 513	1 817	891	688	849
Sewage disposl, public sewer -----	2 112	1 687	109	2 075	1 552	1 646	1 504	1 809	853	54	434
UNITS IN STRUCTURE											
1, detached or attached -----	1 645	1 276	1 013	1 691	1 410	1 474	571	947	566	855	811
2 -----	349	79	60	340	182	257	338	378	193	109	98
3 and 4 -----	99	154	14	167	148	156	289	298	108	43	77
5 to 9 -----	34	46	10	69	50	91	92	167	57	—	49
10 to 49 -----	13	115	14	32	267	144	177	48	11	—	26
50 or more -----	5	26	—	12	7	—	46	—	—	—	52
Mobile home or trailer, etc. -----	—	34	39	9	58	31	—	—	39	171	—
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT											
1979 to March 1980 -----	15	16	10	7	27	7	—	40	18	29	17
1975 to 1978 -----	58	34	40	19	121	111	9	16	44	82	76
1970 to 1974 -----	97	28	66	136	364	187	121	9	40	172	60
1960 to 1969 -----	305	404	163	377	404	375	51	54	121	197	100
1950 to 1959 -----	614	428	247	506	272	341	118	249	100	180	119
1940 to 1949 -----	245	497	187	304	194	173	106	139	52	106	50
1939 or earlier -----	811	323	437	971	740	959	1 108	1 331	599	412	691
HEATING EQUIPMENT											
Steam or hot water system -----	1 515	1 057	457	1 347	1 260	1 068	933	966	484	519	679
Central warm-air furnace -----	353	303	263	359	467	476	84	144	133	349	126
Electric heat pump -----	9	24	15	15	18	47	—	—	10	27	17
Other built-in electric units -----	132	299	119	249	207	289	114	9	9	70	107
Other means -----	136	47	296	350	164	273	382	708	338	213	178
None -----	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	11	—	—	6
Occupied housing units -----	2 088	1 693	1 102	2 271	2 038	2 085	1 418	1 766	928	1 113	944
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS											
Units with roomers or boarders -----	23	5	27	18	53	42	—	7	13	—	10
No telephone -----	37	27	23	42	20	74	117	62	31	58	20
Owner-occupied housing units -----	1 605	1 314	914	1 719	1 438	1 473	717	1 146	644	927	581
4 or more bedrooms -----	246	193	186	529	506	477	151	193	85	162	212
1 complete bathroom plus half bath(s) -----	238	278	122	395	344	276	130	181	83	62	128
2 or more complete bathrooms -----	207	144	160	261	548	305	53	77	79	91	214
Renter-occupied housing units -----	483	379	188	552	600	612	701	620	284	186	363
2 or more bedrooms -----	355	128	121	412	348	404	370	518	250	118	201
1 complete bathroom plus half bath(s) -----	29	—	23	30	46	30	16	14	17	—	31
2 or more complete bathrooms -----	16	6	17	24	65	53	7	13	—	6	56
HOUSE HEATING FUEL											
Utility gas -----	541	291	70	424	761	580	620	788	359	279	135
Bottled, tank, or LP gas -----	5	—	75	19	48	44	5	11	6	79	23
Electricity -----	141	321	139	260	218	319	104	9	19	93	78
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. -----	1 323	1 057	624	1 411	939	1 003	648	897	484	516	592
Other -----	78	24	194	157	66	139	41	56	60	146	116
No fuel used -----	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	5	—	—	—
VEHICLES AVAILABLE											
None -----	171	156	26	152	113	202	323	249	152	58	91
1 -----	1 055	951	475	1 037	885	765	692	841	383	407	389
2 -----	653	477	440	762	705	778	317	513	279	476	301
3 or more -----	209	109	161	320	335	340	86	163	114	172	163
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT											
Owner-occupied housing units -----	1 605	1 314	914	1 719	1 438	1 473	717	1 146	644	927	581
1979 to March 1980 -----	124	68	73	134	126	112	48	52	43	84	31
1975 to 1978 -----	191	201	158	343	363	331	78	150	128	310	111
1970 to 1974 -----	209	146	192	258	240	213	102	142	101	152	102
1960 to 1969 -----	516	381	213	525	331	346	93	183	142	129	125
1959 or earlier -----	565	518	278	459	378	471	396	619	230	252	212
Renter-occupied housing units -----	483	379	188	552	600	612	701	620	284	186	363
1979 to March 1980 -----	139	96	70	199	185	150	183	107	82	54	118
1975 to 1978 -----	186	155	50	156	240	234	218	191	91	60	127
1970 to 1974 -----	64	60	38	86	106	150	130	124	30	40	55
1969 or earlier -----	94	68	30	111	69	78	170	198	81	32	63
CHARACTERISTICS OF HOUSING UNITS WITH HOUSEHOLDER OR SPOUSE 65 YEARS AND OVER											
Occupied housing units -----	458	558	234	498	474	440	492	543	251	158	263
Owner-occupied housing units -----	356	383	204	349	323	308	221	376	185	121	150
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use -----	5	—	15	4	—	5	37	10	—	—	—
No vehicle available -----	121	136	11	126	66	105	250	159	96	36	69
No telephone -----	16	13	—	6	12	23	27	7	3	7	7
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL											
Owner-occupied housing units -----	64	39	59	56	90	60	20	54	50	40	25
Percent below poverty level -----	4.0	3.0	6.5	3.3	6.3	4.1	2.8	4.7	7.8	4.3	4.3
Complete plumbing for exclusive use -----	64	39	59	56	90	60	20	45	50	40	25
1.01 or more persons per room -----	—	—	8	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lacking complete plumbing far exclusive use -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	—	—
1.01 or more persons per room -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units -----	46	37	41	60	111	97	131	90	57	41	66
Percent below poverty level -----	9.5	9.8	21.8	10.9	18.5	15.8	18.7	14.5	20.1	22.0	18.2
Complete plumbing for exclusive use -----	46	37	29	56	111	88	125	90	46	41	65
1.01 or more persons per room -----	—	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use -----	—	—	12	4	—	9	6	—	11	—	1
1.01 or more persons per room -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—



Table H-8. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B.]

Census Tracts	The SMSA	Berkshire County (pt.)			Pittsfield city, Berkshire County								
		Total	Pittsfield city	Remainder	Troct 9001	Troct 9002	Troct 9003	Troct 9004	Troct 9005	Troct 9006	Troct 9007	Troct 9008	Troct 9009
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----	17 191	17 191	9 843	7 348	197	471	647	1 106	734	586	678	1 675	1 178
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS													
With a mortgage -----	10 489	10 489	5 983	4 506	92	292	351	703	465	296	418	1 032	795
Less than \$100 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199 -----	348	348	162	186	12	21	18	27	13	—	20	5	18
\$200 to \$299 -----	2 429	2 429	1 326	1 103	28	113	114	192	74	88	125	95	81
\$300 to \$399 -----	3 582	3 582	2 078	1 504	25	119	154	292	88	144	142	263	259
\$400 to \$599 -----	3 251	3 251	1 849	1 402	5	39	65	183	177	53	126	423	329
\$600 or more -----	879	879	568	311	22	—	—	9	113	4	5	246	108
Median -----	\$366	\$366	\$369	\$362	\$325	\$307	\$324	\$343	\$456	\$321	\$352	\$444	\$411
Not mortgaged -----	6 702	6 702	3 860	2 842	105	179	296	403	269	290	260	643	383
Less than \$100 -----	123	123	47	76	—	—	—	20	—	8	—	11	8
\$100 to \$199 -----	2 747	2 747	1 325	1 422	58	65	121	206	45	92	140	165	90
\$200 or more -----	3 832	3 832	2 488	1 344	47	114	175	177	224	190	120	467	285
Median -----	\$211	\$211	\$219	\$197	\$194	\$216	\$210	\$189	\$249	\$219	\$196	\$231	\$238
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME													
Less than \$10,000 -----	2 822	2 822	1 536	1 286	79	121	176	247	75	107	130	173	119
Less than 15 percent -----	39	39	—	39	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15 to 24 percent -----	239	239	133	106	13	12	22	40	7	8	4	11	—
25 to 29 percent -----	402	402	207	195	—	17	46	38	12	8	17	25	15
30 percent or more -----	2 106	2 106	1 169	937	66	92	108	169	48	91	103	130	104
Not computed -----	36	36	27	9	—	—	—	—	8	—	6	7	—
Median -----	43.6	43.6	45.7	40.9	50+	48.1	38.0	42.2	50+	44.4	45.0	40.0	44.1
\$10,000 to \$19,999 -----	4 995	4 995	2 837	2 158	41	201	241	365	215	214	206	308	254
Less than 15 percent -----	817	817	355	462	—	12	28	45	24	43	48	34	12
15 to 24 percent -----	2 267	2 267	1 377	890	20	134	126	155	118	68	81	150	126
25 to 29 percent -----	768	768	455	313	16	24	52	61	19	23	32	79	47
30 percent or more -----	1 143	1 143	650	493	5	31	35	104	54	80	45	45	69
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median -----	22.6	22.6	23.0	21.8	25.2	22.9	22.3	24.1	21.8	24.4	19.5	23.0	24.5
\$20,000 or more -----	9 374	9 374	5 470	3 904	77	149	230	494	444	265	342	1 194	805
Less than 15 percent -----	5 405	5 405	3 283	2 122	50	87	139	310	211	202	244	649	405
15 to 24 percent -----	3 147	3 147	1 723	1 424	21	62	86	150	170	63	81	419	286
25 to 29 percent -----	546	546	334	212	—	—	5	25	44	—	12	106	72
30 percent or more -----	276	276	130	146	6	—	—	9	19	—	5	20	42
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median -----	13.9	13.9	13.6	14.3	13.5	13.6	13.8	13.2	15.6	12.7	12.2	14.3	15.0
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----	11 576	11 576	7 646	3 930	1 895	1 481	445	610	128	826	256	101	1 042
GROSS RENT													
Less than \$80 -----	541	541	337	204	183	—	—	69	—	35	8	—	—
\$80 to \$99 -----	353	353	214	139	123	—	—	6	—	5	9	—	18
\$100 to \$149 -----	1 058	1 058	659	399	248	121	35	93	—	45	—	—	81
\$150 to \$199 -----	2 542	2 542	1 636	906	515	396	102	72	7	264	74	13	124
\$200 to \$249 -----	2 891	2 891	2 050	841	482	433	118	145	37	238	85	18	255
\$250 to \$299 -----	1 984	1 984	1 431	553	244	288	90	124	49	120	46	24	240
\$300 to \$349 -----	1 075	1 075	702	373	56	180	45	46	14	65	18	3	147
\$350 to \$399 -----	425	425	249	176	25	17	14	5	6	18	6	14	129
\$400 or more -----	244	244	123	121	—	11	9	19	9	6	—	13	26
No cash rent -----	463	463	245	218	19	35	32	31	6	30	10	16	22
Median -----	\$216	\$216	\$219	\$209	\$187	\$218	\$224	\$225	\$276	\$213	\$215	\$278	\$255
One-family house, detached or attached -----	1 401	1 401	781	620	61	108	88	117	38	79	43	41	64
Median gross rent -----	\$265	\$265	\$253	\$284	\$199	\$289	\$179	\$239	\$244	\$275	\$269	\$372	\$315
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME													
Less than \$10,000 -----	5 787	5 787	4 055	1 732	1 263	791	183	302	29	485	117	16	483
Less than 15 percent -----	87	87	71	16	34	—	—	—	—	23	8	—	—
15 to 19 percent -----	241	241	138	103	72	15	9	7	—	—	—	—	17
20 to 24 percent -----	590	590	432	158	219	21	16	61	—	28	22	—	—
25 to 29 percent -----	545	545	335	210	107	70	22	24	—	33	12	—	34
30 to 34 percent -----	659	659	471	188	158	79	29	32	4	57	9	—	63
35 percent or more -----	3 252	3 252	2 341	911	598	550	92	141	25	309	56	11	353
Not computed -----	413	413	267	146	75	56	15	37	—	35	10	5	16
Median -----	41.7	41.7	42.8	39.0	35.3	50+	37.1	36.5	50+	43.5	36.8	50+	49.3
\$10,000 to \$19,999 -----	3 935	3 935	2 519	1 416	525	483	172	192	75	264	123	53	318
Less than 15 percent -----	590	590	318	272	92	91	13	39	11	35	—	—	20
15 to 19 percent -----	1 253	1 253	878	375	192	198	56	49	21	100	57	18	75
20 to 24 percent -----	1 075	1 075	651	424	117	133	34	48	30	64	31	6	83
25 to 29 percent -----	539	539	368	171	84	20	27	35	4	37	26	6	83
30 to 34 percent -----	186	186	140	46	34	24	12	5	—	11	—	9	22
35 percent or more -----	151	151	78	73	—	13	10	5	3	6	9	3	23
Not computed -----	141	141	86	55	6	4	20	11	6	11	—	11	12
Median -----	20.3	20.3	20.2	20.4	19.4	18.8	21.0	20.3	20.4	19.6	20.7	22.5	23.5
\$20,000 or more -----	1 854	1 854	1 072	782	107	207	90	116	24	77	16	32	241
Less than 15 percent -----	1 187	1 187	674	513	87	135	60	81	8	52	16	25	122
15 to 19 percent -----	421	421	285	136	5	68	22	35	10	21	—	—	78
20 to 24 percent -----	111	111	55	56	9	—	—	—	6	—	—	7	26
25 to 29 percent -----	19	19	5	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5
30 to 34 percent -----	2	2	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed -----	114	114	53	61	6	4	8	—	—	4	—	—	10
Median -----	12.9	12.9	13.2	12.6	12.4	12.6	13.1	13.1	17.0	12.7	10.0	13.0	14.5

Table H-8. **Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1980—Con.**

[Data are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Census Tracts	Pittsfield city, Berkshire County—Con.		Remainder of Berkshire County (pt.)								
	Tract 9010	Tract 9011	Tract 9111	Tract 9121	Tract 9131	Tract 9141	Tract 9221	Tract 9222	Tract 9223	Tract 9231	Tract 9241
Specified owner-occupied housing units .....	1 399	1 172	703	1 500	1 094	1 184	504	821	484	639	419
<b>MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>											
With a mortgage .....	910	629	457	916	773	803	244	333	304	432	244
Less than \$100 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199 .....	14	7	13	35	8	29	28	14	30	17	12
\$200 to \$299 .....	251	165	123	201	107	173	66	143	108	139	43
\$300 to \$399 .....	369	223	143	359	246	272	81	128	80	105	90
\$400 to \$599 .....	243	206	166	265	262	298	69	48	65	154	75
\$600 or more .....	33	28	12	56	150	31	—	—	21	17	24
Median .....	\$344	\$366	\$362	\$364	\$415	\$366	\$350	\$306	\$312	\$342	\$373
Not mortgaged .....	489	543	246	584	321	381	260	488	180	207	175
Less than \$100 .....	—	—	7	7	—	—	—	20	10	27	5
\$100 to \$199 .....	207	136	111	251	91	189	141	310	125	128	76
\$200 or more .....	282	407	128	326	230	192	119	158	45	52	94
Median .....	\$211	\$226	\$207	\$209	\$227	\$201	\$195	\$178	\$180	\$163	\$207
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME</b>											
Less than \$10,000 .....	160	149	112	173	222	179	104	191	140	74	91
Less than 15 percent .....	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	12	10	8	2
15 to 24 percent .....	16	—	—	6	7	13	11	20	28	13	8
25 to 29 percent .....	22	7	32	26	5	31	24	34	26	10	7
30 percent or more .....	122	136	80	128	210	135	69	125	76	43	71
Not computed .....	—	6	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	3
Median .....	48.9	48.9	35.6	42.0	50+	50+	37.5	34.8	35.3	32.0	45.3
\$10,000 to \$19,999 .....	454	338	252	394	247	319	197	314	130	217	88
Less than 15 percent .....	56	53	35	81	25	56	78	84	33	41	29
15 to 24 percent .....	243	156	101	170	65	130	69	163	52	113	27
25 to 29 percent .....	54	48	61	55	61	38	10	24	23	27	14
30 percent or more .....	101	81	55	88	96	95	40	43	22	36	18
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	22.4	22.6	23.6	21.0	27.7	23.3	17.2	19.5	21.9	21.6	19.7
\$20,000 or more .....	785	685	339	933	625	686	203	316	214	348	240
Less than 15 percent .....	514	472	151	512	256	339	125	246	147	197	149
15 to 24 percent .....	208	177	135	361	247	304	67	63	46	125	76
25 to 29 percent .....	39	31	33	35	71	28	11	7	6	10	11
30 percent or more .....	24	5	20	25	51	15	—	—	15	16	4
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	13.0	12.9	16.0	14.2	16.7	15.1	12.6	11.7	12.5	13.9	12.7
Specified renter-occupied housing units .....	483	379	169	543	552	597	701	615	277	162	314
<b>GROSS RENT</b>											
Less than \$80 .....	—	42	—	19	62	55	24	13	—	—	31
\$80 to \$99 .....	—	53	—	19	7	—	83	7	—	4	19
\$100 to \$149 .....	14	22	—	50	12	6	156	120	26	16	13
\$150 to \$199 .....	51	18	29	71	57	105	190	254	123	48	29
\$200 to \$249 .....	190	49	59	101	89	123	155	136	90	26	62
\$250 to \$299 .....	108	98	41	108	97	125	68	43	11	35	25
\$300 to \$349 .....	46	82	7	104	121	69	5	16	5	18	28
\$350 to \$399 .....	15	—	11	34	52	26	—	6	9	—	38
\$400 or more .....	26	4	—	10	37	44	—	—	—	—	30
No cash rent .....	33	11	22	27	18	44	20	20	13	15	39
Median .....	\$243	\$250	\$238	\$248	\$267	\$241	\$168	\$183	\$192	\$223	\$233
One-family house, detached or attached .....	123	19	100	70	80	113	42	43	35	44	93
Median gross rent .....	\$239	\$319	\$233	\$363	\$317	\$358	\$189	\$190	\$217	\$211	\$364
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME</b>											
Less than \$10,000 .....	172	214	77	183	238	207	403	234	140	95	155
Less than 15 percent .....	—	6	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	5	4
15 to 19 percent .....	—	18	—	11	20	17	44	7	—	—	4
20 to 24 percent .....	—	65	—	19	16	10	48	35	—	5	25
25 to 29 percent .....	21	12	—	23	13	21	49	29	41	12	22
30 to 34 percent .....	23	17	7	11	5	25	78	26	21	6	9
35 percent or more .....	110	96	48	107	156	127	164	130	71	47	61
Not computed .....	18	—	22	12	21	7	20	7	7	20	30
Median .....	46.3	31.8	50+	42.0	50+	42.3	33.2	37.9	36.9	43.0	34.2
\$10,000 to \$19,999 .....	206	108	62	214	192	247	185	287	79	49	101
Less than 15 percent .....	17	—	—	25	34	19	71	94	4	4	11
15 to 19 percent .....	74	38	—	41	27	74	51	103	57	14	8
20 to 24 percent .....	59	46	56	81	32	87	58	53	—	26	31
25 to 29 percent .....	46	—	—	33	38	25	5	37	8	5	20
30 to 34 percent .....	5	18	6	—	19	7	—	—	—	—	14
35 percent or more .....	—	6	—	20	36	8	—	—	—	—	9
Not computed .....	5	—	—	14	6	27	—	—	—	—	8
Median .....	20.8	21.7	22.8	22.1	25.0	21.0	17.1	17.4	17.2	21.3	24.4
\$20,000 or more .....	105	57	30	146	122	143	113	94	58	18	58
Less than 15 percent .....	69	19	25	107	44	60	107	81	52	14	23
15 to 19 percent .....	19	27	—	20	53	40	—	—	—	4	19
20 to 24 percent .....	7	—	5	6	25	16	—	—	—	—	4
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	4
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	10	11	—	13	—	17	6	13	6	—	6
Median .....	12.8	15.7	12.1	12.1	16.6	15.4	10.2	7.6	8.1	10.0	15.8



Table H-9. Structural, Equipment, and Household Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B.]

Census Tracts [400 or More White Persons and 400 or More of a Specified Racial Group]	Berkshire County (pt.)			Pittsfield city, Berkshire County
	The SMSA	Total	Pittsfield city	Remainder
Occupied housing units .....	32 479	32 479	18 861	13 618
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>				
1, detached or attached .....	19 890	19 890	10 997	8 893
2 .....	5 007	5 007	3 138	1 869
3 and 4 .....	3 586	3 586	2 399	1 187
5 to 9 .....	1 394	1 394	841	553
10 to 49 .....	1 586	1 586	917	669
50 or more .....	548	548	435	113
Mobile home or trailer, etc. ....	468	468	134	334
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>				
1979 to March 1980 .....	252	252	108	144
1975 to 1978 .....	1 144	1 144	650	494
1970 to 1974 .....	1 886	1 886	796	1 090
1960 to 1969 .....	3 713	3 713	1 956	1 757
1950 to 1959 .....	4 684	4 684	2 638	2 046
1940 to 1949 .....	3 516	3 516	2 246	1 270
1939 or earlier .....	17 284	17 284	10 467	6 817
<b>HEATING EQUIPMENT</b>				
Steam or hot water system .....	20 696	20 696	13 362	7 334
Central warm-air furnace .....	4 830	4 830	2 522	2 308
Electric heat pump .....	206	206	80	126
Other built-in electric units .....	2 395	2 395	1 297	1 098
Other means .....	4 321	4 321	1 580	2 741
None .....	31	31	20	11
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>				
Utility gas .....	8 973	8 973	4 979	3 994
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	426	426	119	307
Electricity .....	2 632	2 632	1 393	1 239
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	18 881	18 881	11 789	7 092
Other .....	1 536	1 536	561	975
No fuel used .....	31	31	20	11
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>				
None .....	4 281	4 281	2 916	1 365
1 .....	15 066	15 066	9 227	5 839
2 .....	9 811	9 811	5 243	4 568
3 or more .....	3 321	3 321	1 475	1 846
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>				
Complete kitchen facilities .....	32 184	32 184	18 646	13 538
1 complete bathroom plus half bath(s) .....	4 465	4 465	2 540	1 925
2 or more complete bathrooms .....	4 170	4 170	2 159	2 011
Air conditioning .....	4 083	4 083	2 494	1 589
Central system .....	610	610	365	245
Source of water, public system or private company .....	31 021	31 021	18 722	12 299
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	27 816	27 816	18 229	9 587
Units with roomers or boarders .....	444	444	274	170
No telephone .....	1 171	1 171	724	447
<b>Owner-occupied housing units</b> .....	21 069	21 069	11 548	9 521
4 or more bedrooms .....	5 043	5 043	2 545	2 498
1 complete bathroom plus half bath(s) .....	4 112	4 112	2 394	1 718
2 or more complete bathrooms .....	3 745	3 745	1 968	1 777
<b>Renter-occupied housing units</b> .....	11 410	11 410	7 313	4 097
2 or more bedrooms .....	7 131	7 131	4 398	2 733
1 complete bathroom plus half bath(s) .....	353	353	146	207
2 or more complete bathrooms .....	425	425	191	234
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>				
<b>Owner-occupied housing units</b> .....	21 069	21 069	11 548	9 521
1979 to March 1980 .....	1 386	1 386	683	703
1975 to 1978 .....	3 968	3 968	1 999	1 969
1970 to 1974 .....	3 013	3 013	1 531	1 482
1960 to 1969 .....	5 198	5 198	3 119	2 079
1959 or earlier .....	7 504	7 504	4 216	3 288
<b>Renter-occupied housing units</b> .....	11 410	11 410	7 313	4 097
1979 to March 1980 .....	3 687	3 687	2 544	1 143
1975 to 1978 .....	3 921	3 921	2 554	1 367
1970 to 1974 .....	1 630	1 630	873	757
1969 or earlier .....	2 172	2 172	1 342	830
<b>CHARACTERISTICS OF HOUSING UNITS WITH HOUSEHOLDER OR SPOUSE 65 YEARS AND OVER</b>				
Occupied housing units .....	8 163	8 163	4 816	3 347
Owner-occupied housing units .....	5 250	5 250	3 019	2 231
Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use .....	96	96	25	71
No vehicle available .....	2 568	2 568	1 650	918
No telephone .....	207	207	115	92
<b>INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL</b>				
<b>Owner-occupied housing units</b> .....	980	980	526	454
Percent below poverty level .....	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.8
Complete plumbing for exclusive use .....	971	971	526	445
1.01 or more persons per room .....	17	17	3	14
Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use .....	9	9	—	9
1.01 or more persons per room .....	—	—	—	—
<b>Renter-occupied housing units</b> .....	2 160	2 160	1 468	692
Percent below poverty level .....	18.9	18.9	20.1	16.9
Complete plumbing for exclusive use .....	2 074	2 074	1 425	649
1.01 or more persons per room .....	52	52	43	9
Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use .....	86	86	43	43
1.01 or more persons per room .....	8	8	7	1



Table H-10. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B.]

**Census Tracts  
[400 or More White Persons and  
400 or More of a Specified Racial  
Group]**

	The SMSA	Berkshire County (pt.)			Pittsfield city, Berkshire County Troct 9006
		Total	Pittsfield city	Remainder	
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>16 973</b>	<b>16 973</b>	<b>9 663</b>	<b>7 310</b>	<b>502</b>
<b>MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>					
With a mortgage .....	10 320	10 320	5 843	4 477	225
Less than \$100 .....	—	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199 .....	348	348	162	186	7
\$200 to \$299 .....	2 380	2 380	1 285	1 095	55
\$300 to \$399 .....	3 552	3 552	2 048	1 504	126
\$400 to \$599 .....	3 184	3 184	1 803	1 381	33
\$600 or more .....	856	856	545	311	4
Median .....	\$365	\$365	\$368	\$361	\$323
Not mortgaged .....	6 653	6 653	3 820	2 833	277
Less than \$100 .....	122	122	47	75	8
\$100 to \$199 .....	2 711	2 711	1 297	1 414	85
\$200 or more .....	3 820	3 820	2 476	1 344	184
Median .....	\$211	\$211	\$220	\$197	\$219
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME</b>					
Less than \$10,000 .....	2 777	2 777	1 495	1 282	93
Less than 15 percent .....	39	39	—	39	—
15 to 24 percent .....	226	226	121	105	8
25 to 29 percent .....	402	402	207	195	8
30 percent or more .....	2 074	2 074	1 140	934	77
Not computed .....	36	36	27	9	—
Median .....	43.7	43.7	45.9	40.9	44.4
\$10,000 to \$19,999 .....	4 904	4 904	2 777	2 127	171
Less than 15 percent .....	809	809	355	454	43
15 to 24 percent .....	2 244	2 244	1 354	890	45
25 to 29 percent .....	747	747	442	305	23
30 percent or more .....	1 104	1 104	626	478	60
Not computed .....	...	...	...	...	...
Median .....	22.5	22.5	22.9	21.7	24.1
\$20,000 or more .....	9 292	9 292	5 391	3 901	238
Less than 15 percent .....	5 378	5 378	3 256	2 122	188
15 to 24 percent .....	3 106	3 106	1 682	1 424	50
25 to 29 percent .....	532	532	323	209	—
30 percent or more .....	276	276	130	146	—
Not computed .....	...	...	...	...	...
Median .....	13.8	13.8	13.6	14.3	12.5
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>11 202</b>	<b>11 202</b>	<b>7 281</b>	<b>3 921</b>	<b>695</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b>					
Less than \$80 .....	531	531	327	204	35
\$80 to \$99 .....	341	341	202	139	—
\$100 to \$149 .....	1 007	1 007	608	399	32
\$150 to \$199 .....	2 479	2 479	1 573	906	232
\$200 to \$249 .....	2 780	2 780	1 939	841	193
\$250 to \$299 .....	1 930	1 930	1 377	553	98
\$300 to \$349 .....	1 040	1 040	667	373	51
\$350 to \$399 .....	409	409	233	176	18
\$400 or more .....	232	232	116	116	6
No cash rent .....	453	453	239	214	30
Median .....	\$216	\$216	\$219	\$209	\$211
One-family house, detached or attached .....	1 377	1 377	764	613	73
Median gross rent .....	\$262	\$262	\$250	\$282	\$266
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME</b>					
Less than \$10,000 .....	5 594	5 594	3 866	1 728	394
Less than 15 percent .....	75	75	59	16	18
15 to 19 percent .....	241	241	138	103	—
20 to 24 percent .....	573	573	415	158	21
25 to 29 percent .....	538	538	328	210	26
30 to 34 percent .....	638	638	450	188	43
35 percent or more .....	3 126	3 126	2 215	911	251
Not computed .....	403	403	261	142	35
Median .....	41.5	41.5	42.5	39.0	44.4
\$10,000 to \$19,999 .....	3 791	3 791	2 377	1 414	224
Less than 15 percent .....	572	572	300	272	29
15 to 19 percent .....	1 218	1 218	843	375	94
20 to 24 percent .....	1 026	1 026	602	424	52
25 to 29 percent .....	515	515	344	171	27
30 to 34 percent .....	173	173	129	44	5
35 percent or more .....	146	146	73	73	6
Not computed .....	141	141	86	55	11
Median .....	20.2	20.2	20.0	20.4	19.1
\$20,000 or more .....	1 817	1 817	1 038	779	77
Less than 15 percent .....	1 174	1 174	661	513	52
15 to 19 percent .....	403	403	270	133	21
20 to 24 percent .....	111	111	55	56	—
25 to 29 percent .....	19	19	5	14	—
30 to 34 percent .....	2	2	—	2	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	108	108	47	61	4
Median .....	12.9	12.9	13.1	12.5	12.7

Table H-11. **Structural, Equipment, and Household Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980**

[Data are estimates based on a sample; see introduction. For meaning of symbols, see introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

**Census Tracts  
[400 or More Black Persons]**

Census Tracts [400 or More Black Persons]	Berkshire County (pt.)				Pittsfield city, Berkshire County
	The SMSA	Total	Pittsfield city	Remainder	Tract 9006
Occupied housing units -----	482	482	441	41	223
UNITS IN STRUCTURE					
1, detached or attached -----	187	187	146	41	89
2 -----	118	118	118	—	79
3 and 4 -----	75	75	75	—	30
5 to 9 -----	34	34	34	—	13
10 to 49 -----	51	51	51	—	12
50 or more -----	17	17	17	—	—
Mobile home or trailer, etc. -----	—	—	—	—	—
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT					
1979 to March 1980 -----	—	—	—	—	—
1975 to 1978 -----	32	32	32	—	4
1970 to 1974 -----	30	30	22	8	—
1960 to 1969 -----	17	17	14	3	—
1950 to 1959 -----	43	43	34	9	—
1940 to 1949 -----	32	32	32	—	6
1939 or earlier -----	328	328	307	21	213
HEATING EQUIPMENT					
Steam or hot water system -----	281	281	252	29	133
Central warm-air furnace -----	73	73	73	—	30
Electric heat pump -----	5	5	5	—	—
Other built-in electric units -----	17	17	17	—	—
Other means -----	106	106	94	12	60
None -----	—	—	—	—	—
HOUSE HEATING FUEL					
Utility gas -----	195	195	176	19	133
Bottled, tank, or LP gas -----	38	38	36	2	13
Electricity -----	31	31	31	—	—
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. -----	208	208	188	20	70
Other -----	10	10	10	—	7
No fuel used -----	—	—	—	—	—
VEHICLES AVAILABLE					
None -----	173	173	173	—	98
1 -----	211	211	181	30	68
2 -----	74	74	71	3	44
3 or more -----	24	24	16	8	13
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS					
Complete kitchen facilities -----	477	477	436	41	223
1 complete bathroom plus half bath(s) -----	51	51	48	3	33
2 or more complete bathrooms -----	38	38	25	13	13
Air conditioning -----	44	44	29	15	7
Central system -----	18	18	18	—	—
Source of water, public system or private company -----	472	472	441	31	223
Sewage disposal, public sewer -----	463	463	441	22	223
Units with roomers or boarders -----	6	6	6	—	6
No telephone -----	44	44	44	—	34
Owner-occupied housing units -----	193	193	156	37	97
4 or more bedrooms -----	61	61	58	...	...
1 complete bathroom plus half bath(s) -----	39	39	36	...	...
2 or more complete bathrooms -----	36	36	25	...	...
Renter-occupied housing units -----	289	289	285	4	126
2 or more bedrooms -----	212	212	208	...	...
1 complete bathroom plus half bath(s) -----	12	12	12	...	...
2 or more complete bathrooms -----	2	2	—	...	...
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT					
Owner-occupied housing units -----	193	193	156	37	97
1979 to March 1980 -----	15	15	15	...	...
1975 to 1978 -----	28	28	25	...	...
1970 to 1974 -----	52	52	32	...	...
1960 to 1969 -----	45	45	37	...	...
1959 or earlier -----	53	53	47	...	...
Renter-occupied housing units -----	289	289	285	4	126
1979 to March 1980 -----	102	102	102	...	...
1975 to 1978 -----	116	116	116	...	...
1970 to 1974 -----	48	48	46	...	...
1969 or earlier -----	23	23	21	...	...
CHARACTERISTICS OF HOUSING UNITS WITH HOUSEHOLDER OR SPOUSE 65 YEARS AND OVER					
Occupied housing units -----	92	92	86	6	38
Owner-occupied housing units -----	46	46	40	6	15
Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use -----	—	—	—	—	—
No vehicle available -----	60	60	60	—	25
No telephone -----	—	—	—	—	—
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL					
Owner-occupied housing units -----	6	6	6	...	...
Percent below poverty level -----	3.1	3.1	3.8	...	...
Complete plumbing for exclusive use -----	6	6	6	...	...
1.01 or more persons per room -----	—	—	—	...	...
Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use -----	—	—	—	...	...
1.01 or more persons per room -----	—	—	—	...	...
Renter-occupied housing units -----	61	61	59	...	...
Percent below poverty level -----	21.1	21.1	20.7	...	...
Complete plumbing for exclusive use -----	61	61	59	...	...
1.01 or more persons per room -----	13	13	13	...	...
Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use -----	—	—	—	...	...
1.01 or more persons per room -----	—	—	—	...	...

Table H-12. **Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980**

[Data are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B.]

**Census Tracts  
[400 or More Black Persons]**

	The SMSA	Berkshire County (pt.)			Pittsfield city, Berkshire County	Tract 9006
		Total	Pittsfield city	Remainder		
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>166</b>	<b>166</b>	<b>129</b>	...	...	...
<b>MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>						
With a mortgage .....	124	124	95	...	...	...
Less than \$100 .....	—	—	—	...	...	...
\$100 to \$199 .....	—	—	—	...	...	...
\$200 to \$299 .....	42	42	34	...	...	...
\$300 to \$399 .....	25	25	25	...	...	...
\$400 to \$599 .....	45	45	24	...	...	...
\$600 or more .....	12	12	12	...	...	...
Median .....	\$340	\$340	\$327	...	...	...
Not mortgaged .....	42	42	34	...	...	...
Less than \$100 .....	—	—	—	...	...	...
\$100 to \$199 .....	36	36	28	...	...	...
\$200 or more .....	6	6	6	...	...	...
Median .....	\$153	\$153	\$143	...	...	...
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME</b>						
Less than \$10,000 .....	37	37	34	...	...	...
Less than 15 percent .....	—	—	—	...	...	...
15 to 24 percent .....	12	12	12	...	...	...
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	...	...	...
30 percent or more .....	25	25	22	...	...	...
Not computed .....	—	—	—	...	...	...
Median .....	37.0	37.0	36.6	...	...	...
\$10,000 to \$19,999 .....	81	81	50	...	...	...
Less than 15 percent .....	8	8	—	...	...	...
15 to 24 percent .....	23	23	23	...	...	...
25 to 29 percent .....	15	15	7	...	...	...
30 percent or more .....	35	35	20	...	...	...
Not computed .....	...	...	...	...	...	...
Median .....	28.2	28.2	26.4	...	...	...
\$20,000 or more .....	48	48	45	...	...	...
Less than 15 percent .....	22	22	22	...	...	...
15 to 24 percent .....	23	23	23	...	...	...
25 to 29 percent .....	3	3	—	...	...	...
30 percent or more .....	—	—	—	...	...	...
Not computed .....	...	...	...	...	...	...
Median .....	15.6	15.6	15.1	...	...	...
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>289</b>	<b>289</b>	<b>285</b>	...	...	...
<b>GROSS RENT</b>						
Less than \$80 .....	10	10	10	...	...	...
\$80 to \$99 .....	12	12	12	...	...	...
\$100 to \$149 .....	30	30	30	...	...	...
\$150 to \$199 .....	59	59	59	...	...	...
\$200 to \$249 .....	78	78	78	...	...	...
\$250 to \$299 .....	54	54	54	...	...	...
\$300 to \$349 .....	19	19	19	...	...	...
\$350 to \$399 .....	16	16	16	...	...	...
\$400 or more .....	9	9	7	...	...	...
No cash rent .....	2	2	—	...	...	...
Median .....	\$220	\$220	\$219	...	...	...
One-family house, detached or attached .....	15	15	11	...	...	...
Median gross rent .....	\$355	\$355	\$346	...	...	...
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME</b>						
Less than \$10,000 .....	164	164	162	...	...	...
Less than 15 percent .....	12	12	12	...	...	...
15 to 19 percent .....	—	—	—	...	...	...
20 to 24 percent .....	17	17	17	...	...	...
25 to 29 percent .....	7	7	7	...	...	...
30 to 34 percent .....	14	14	14	...	...	...
35 percent or more .....	112	112	112	...	...	...
Not computed .....	2	2	—	...	...	...
Median .....	46.6	46.6	46.6	...	...	...
\$10,000 to \$19,999 .....	115	115	113	...	...	...
Less than 15 percent .....	6	6	6	...	...	...
15 to 19 percent .....	35	35	35	...	...	...
20 to 24 percent .....	37	37	37	...	...	...
25 to 29 percent .....	19	19	19	...	...	...
30 to 34 percent .....	13	13	11	...	...	...
35 percent or more .....	5	5	5	...	...	...
Not computed .....	—	—	—	...	...	...
Median .....	22.2	22.2	22.1	...	...	...
\$20,000 or more .....	10	10	10	...	...	...
Less than 15 percent .....	5	5	5	...	...	...
15 to 19 percent .....	5	5	5	...	...	...
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	...	...	...
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	...	...	...
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	...	...	...
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	...	...	...
Not computed .....	—	—	—	...	...	...
Median .....	15.0	15.0	15.0	...	...	...



- Table H-13. **Structural, Equipment, and Household Characteristics of Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980**
- Table H-14. **Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980**
- Table H-15. **Structural, Equipment, and Household Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980**
- Table H-16. **Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980**

(The above table(s) were omitted because there were no qualifying areas)

Table H-17. **Structural, Equipment, and Household Characteristics of Housing Units With a Householder of Spanish Origin: 1980**

[Data are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

**Census Tracts  
[400 or More Spanish Origin  
Persons]**

	The SMSA	Berkshire County (pt.)		
		Total	Pittsfield city	Remainder
Occupied housing units .....	120	120	86	34
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>				
1, detached or attached .....	81	81	53	28
2 .....	16	16	16	—
3 and 4 .....	6	6	6	—
5 to 9 .....	—	—	—	—
10 to 49 .....	11	11	11	—
50 or more .....	—	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer, etc. ....	6	6	—	6
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>				
1979 to March 1980 .....	—	—	—	—
1975 to 1978 .....	—	—	—	—
1970 to 1974 .....	10	10	4	6
1960 to 1969 .....	21	21	13	8
1950 to 1959 .....	15	15	15	—
1940 to 1949 .....	6	6	6	—
1939 or earlier .....	68	68	48	20
<b>HEATING EQUIPMENT</b>				
Steam or hot water system .....	86	86	67	19
Central warm-air furnace .....	9	9	—	9
Electric heat pump .....	6	6	6	—
Other built-in electric units .....	—	—	—	—
Other means .....	13	13	13	—
None .....	6	6	—	6
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>				
Utility gas .....	26	26	13	13
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	8	8	—	8
Electricity .....	6	6	6	—
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	67	67	60	7
Other .....	7	7	7	—
No fuel used .....	6	6	—	6
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>				
None .....	30	30	24	6
1 .....	47	47	26	21
2 .....	43	43	36	7
3 or more .....	—	—	—	—
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>				
Complete kitchen facilities .....	109	109	81	28
1 complete bathroom plus half both(s) .....	—	—	—	—
2 or more complete bathrooms .....	29	29	14	15
Air conditioning .....	—	—	—	—
Central system .....	—	—	—	—
Source of water, public system or private company .....	104	104	86	18
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	104	104	86	18
Units with roomers or boarders .....	4	4	—	4
No telephone .....	19	19	13	6
<b>Owner-occupied housing units</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>30</b>
4 or more bedrooms .....	17	17	14	...
1 complete bathroom plus half both(s) .....	—	—	—	...
2 or more complete bathrooms .....	18	18	7	...
<b>Renter-occupied housing units</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>4</b>
2 or more bedrooms .....	37	37	33	...
1 complete bathroom plus half both(s) .....	—	—	—	...
2 or more complete bathrooms .....	11	11	7	...
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>				
<b>Owner-occupied housing units</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>30</b>
1979 to March 1980 .....	—	—	—	...
1975 to 1978 .....	32	32	11	...
1970 to 1974 .....	7	7	7	...
1960 to 1969 .....	15	15	12	...
1959 or earlier .....	6	6	—	...
<b>Renter-occupied housing units</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>4</b>
1979 to March 1980 .....	23	23	23	...
1975 to 1978 .....	23	23	23	...
1970 to 1974 .....	—	—	—	...
1969 or earlier .....	14	14	10	...
<b>CHARACTERISTICS OF HOUSING UNITS WITH HOUSEHOLDER OR SPOUSE 65 YEARS AND OVER</b>				
Occupied housing units .....	23	23	10	13
Owner-occupied housing units .....	14	14	5	9
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use .....	—	—	—	—
No vehicle available .....	6	6	—	6
No telephone .....	6	6	—	6
<b>INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL</b>				
<b>Owner-occupied housing units</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>...</b>
Percent below poverty level .....	16.7	16.7	13.3	...
Complete plumbing for exclusive use .....	10	10	4	...
1.01 or more persons per room .....	—	—	—	...
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use .....	—	—	—	...
1.01 or more persons per room .....	—	—	—	...
<b>Renter-occupied housing units</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>...</b>
Percent below poverty level .....	11.7	11.7	12.5	...
Complete plumbing for exclusive use .....	7	7	7	...
1.01 or more persons per room .....	—	—	—	...
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use .....	—	—	—	...
1.01 or more persons per room .....	—	—	—	...

Table H-18. **Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Householder of Spanish Origin: 1980**

[Data are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

**Census Tracts  
[400 or More Spanish Origin  
Persons]****Specified owner-occupied housing units -----****MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS**

With a mortgage -----	36
Less than \$100 -----	—
\$100 to \$199 -----	—
\$200 to \$299 -----	7
\$300 to \$399 -----	21
\$400 to \$599 -----	8
\$600 or more -----	—
Median -----	\$364
Not mortgaged -----	5
Less than \$100 -----	—
\$100 to \$199 -----	5
\$200 or more -----	—
Median -----	\$138

**HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME**

Less than \$10,000 -----	7
Less than 15 percent -----	—
15 to 24 percent -----	—
25 to 29 percent -----	—
30 percent or more -----	7
Not computed -----	—
Median -----	50+
\$10,000 to \$19,999 -----	5
Less than 15 percent -----	5
15 to 24 percent -----	—
25 to 29 percent -----	—
30 percent or more -----	—
Not computed -----	—
Median -----	12.5
\$20,000 or more -----	29
Less than 15 percent -----	—
15 to 24 percent -----	29
25 to 29 percent -----	—
30 percent or more -----	—
Not computed -----	—
Median -----	18.5

**Specified renter-occupied housing units -----****GROSS RENT**

Less than \$80 -----	—
\$80 to \$99 -----	—
\$100 to \$149 -----	—
\$150 to \$199 -----	18
\$200 to \$249 -----	18
\$250 to \$299 -----	—
\$300 to \$349 -----	10
\$350 to \$399 -----	—
\$400 or more -----	—
No cash rent -----	10
Median -----	\$210
One-family house, detached or attached -----	23
Median gross rent -----	\$196

**HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME**

Less than \$10,000 -----	29
Less than 15 percent -----	—
15 to 19 percent -----	—
20 to 24 percent -----	—
25 to 29 percent -----	11
30 to 34 percent -----	13
35 percent or more -----	—
Not computed -----	5
Median -----	30.4
\$10,000 to \$19,999 -----	6
Less than 15 percent -----	—
15 to 19 percent -----	—
20 to 24 percent -----	6
25 to 29 percent -----	—
30 to 34 percent -----	—
35 percent or more -----	—
Not computed -----	—
Median -----	22.5
\$20,000 or more -----	21
Less than 15 percent -----	6
15 to 19 percent -----	10
20 to 24 percent -----	—
25 to 29 percent -----	—
30 to 34 percent -----	—
35 percent or more -----	—
Not computed -----	5
Median -----	16.0

	Berkshire County (pt.)			
	The SMSA	Total	Pittsfield city	Remainder
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----	41	41	26	15
<b>MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>				
With a mortgage -----	36	36	21	15
Less than \$100 -----	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199 -----	—	—	—	—
\$200 to \$299 -----	7	7	7	—
\$300 to \$399 -----	21	21	14	7
\$400 to \$599 -----	8	8	—	8
\$600 or more -----	—	—	—	—
Median -----	\$364	\$364	\$363	\$453
Not mortgaged -----	5	5	5	—
Less than \$100 -----	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199 -----	5	5	5	—
\$200 or more -----	—	—	—	—
Median -----	\$138	\$138	\$138	—
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME</b>				
Less than \$10,000 -----	7	7	7	—
Less than 15 percent -----	—	—	—	—
15 to 24 percent -----	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent -----	—	—	—	—
30 percent or more -----	7	7	7	—
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—
Median -----	50+	50+	50+	—
\$10,000 to \$19,999 -----	5	5	5	—
Less than 15 percent -----	5	5	5	—
15 to 24 percent -----	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent -----	—	—	—	—
30 percent or more -----	—	—	—	—
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—
Median -----	12.5	12.5	12.5	—
\$20,000 or more -----	29	29	14	15
Less than 15 percent -----	—	—	—	—
15 to 24 percent -----	29	29	14	15
25 to 29 percent -----	—	—	—	—
30 percent or more -----	—	—	—	—
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—
Median -----	18.5	18.5	17.5	20.3
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----	56	56	56	—
<b>GROSS RENT</b>				
Less than \$80 -----	—	—	—	—
\$80 to \$99 -----	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$149 -----	—	—	—	—
\$150 to \$199 -----	18	18	18	—
\$200 to \$249 -----	18	18	18	—
\$250 to \$299 -----	—	—	—	—
\$300 to \$349 -----	10	10	10	—
\$350 to \$399 -----	—	—	—	—
\$400 or more -----	—	—	—	—
No cash rent -----	10	10	10	—
Median -----	\$210	\$210	\$210	—
One-family house, detached or attached -----	23	23	23	—
Median gross rent -----	\$196	\$196	\$196	—
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME</b>				
Less than \$10,000 -----	29	29	29	—
Less than 15 percent -----	—	—	—	—
15 to 19 percent -----	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent -----	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent -----	11	11	11	—
30 to 34 percent -----	13	13	13	—
35 percent or more -----	—	—	—	—
Not computed -----	5	5	5	—
Median -----	30.4	30.4	30.4	—
\$10,000 to \$19,999 -----	6	6	6	—
Less than 15 percent -----	—	—	—	—
15 to 19 percent -----	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent -----	6	6	6	—
25 to 29 percent -----	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent -----	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more -----	—	—	—	—
Not computed -----	—	—	—	—
Median -----	22.5	22.5	22.5	—
\$20,000 or more -----	21	21	21	—
Less than 15 percent -----	6	6	6	—
15 to 19 percent -----	10	10	10	—
20 to 24 percent -----	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent -----	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent -----	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more -----	—	—	—	—
Not computed -----	5	5	5	—
Median -----	16.0	16.0	16.0	—



## Appendix A.—Area Classifications

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### CENSUS TRACTS

#### Definition

Census tracts are small, relatively permanent areas into which standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) and certain other areas are divided for the purpose of providing statistics for small areas. When census tracts are established, they are designed to be homogeneous with respect to population characteristics, economic status, and living conditions. Tracts generally have between 2,500 and 8,000 residents.

Tract boundaries are established cooperatively by a local Census Statistical Areas Committee and the Census Bureau in accordance with guidelines that impose limitations on population size and specify the need for visible boundaries. Geographic shape and areal size of tracts are of relatively minor importance. Tract boundaries are established with the intention of being maintained over a long time so that statistical comparisons can be made from census to census. However, occasional changes may be made in tract boundaries due to physical changes in street patterns caused by highway construction, park development, etc. (see the section below on "Historical Comparability").

Census tracts have been delineated for all standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's). Seven SMSA's which were

designated on the basis of 1980 census counts have portions with no tracts; these are Arecibo, Puerto Rico; Athens, Georgia; Bangor, Maine; Burlington, Vermont; Charlottesville, Virginia; Cumberland, Maryland-West Virginia; and Hickory, North Carolina. More than 3,000 tracts have been established in 221 counties outside SMSA's. Five States (Connecticut, Delaware, Hawaii, New Jersey, and Rhode Island) are entirely tracted. There are over 43,300 census tracts for the 1980 census.

All counties with census tracts are tracted in their entirety. In New England, if a county is in two or more SMSA's or is only partially within the boundaries of any SMSA, each portion of the county is published in the appropriate SMSA or State tract report. Data for complete tracts are shown in every report, except for two instances in which census tracts are split between an SMSA and a non-SMSA portion of a State: tract 0090 in Penobscot County, Maine is shown partly in the Bangor, Maine, SMSA report and partly in the Maine report for non-SMSA areas; tract 0035 in Chittenden County, Vermont, is shown partly in the Burlington, Vt., SMSA report and partly in the Vermont report.

Census tracts are identified by a 4-digit basic code and may have a 2-digit suffix, e.g., 6059.02. Leading zeros in a tract number do not appear on the maps (e.g., tract 0025.02 is shown on the map as tract 25.02). Tract numbers are always unique within a county and, except for the New York, N.Y.-N.J., SMSA, are also unique within an SMSA. All valid census tract numbers are in the range 0001 to 9899.99; a number between 9901 and 9989.99 denotes a block numbering area (BNA) for which data summaries do not appear in census tract reports. The suffix .99 indicates a tract populated entirely by persons aboard merchant or military ships. Such "crews of vessels" tracts generally do not appear on the maps; the tracts relate to the water

area and/or piers and docks associated with the on-shore tract(s) having the same 4-digit basic code.

#### Historical Comparability

Census tracts are defined with an overall goal of census-to-census comparability. Some 1970 tracts have been subdivided due to increased population, but the new 1980 tracts can be combined by the user for comparison with 1970 tracts. Nationwide, this affects about 8 percent of all 1970 tracts. Other changes for 1980 include combination of two or more small 1970 tracts (less than 1 percent of all 1970 tracts) and adjustments to tract boundaries where old boundary features have disappeared or better boundaries have come into being (e.g., freeways). In a few areas, local Census Statistical Areas Committees undertook extensive redefinition of census tracts. Information on 1970-1980 tract comparability for the area covered by this report is provided in the Introduction.

Both the number of tracted counties and the number of census tracts increased by over 20 percent nationally between 1970 and 1980. The reporting of data for split tracts has also increased.

### STATES

The 50 States and the District of Columbia are the constituent units of the United States.

### COUNTIES

In most States, the primary divisions are termed counties. In Louisiana, these divisions are known as parishes. In Alaska, which has no counties, the county equivalents are the organized boroughs together with the "census areas" which were developed for general statistical purposes by the State of Alaska and

the Census Bureau. In four States (Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, and Virginia), there are one or more cities which are independent of any county organization and thus constitute primary divisions of their States. That part of Yellowstone National Park in Montana is treated as a county equivalent. The District of Columbia has no primary divisions, and the entire area is considered equivalent to a county for census purposes.

### PLACES

Two types of places are recognized in the census reports—incorporated places and census designated places—as defined below. In this report, data are shown for places only if they have a population of 10,000 or more.

#### Incorporated Places

Incorporated places recognized in the reports of the census are those which are incorporated under the laws of their respective States as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: boroughs in Alaska and New York, and towns in the six New England States, New York, and Wisconsin. The towns in the New England States, New York, and Wisconsin, and the boroughs in New York are recognized as minor civil divisions (MCD's) for census purposes; the boroughs in Alaska are county equivalents.

In Connecticut, a unique situation exists in which one incorporated place (Woodmont borough) is subordinate to another (Milford city). In the tables for the Bridgeport, Connecticut SMSA report in this series, data shown for Milford city exclude those for Woodmont borough, and the user must include the data for the two tract parts shown in the remainder of New Haven County with the data shown for Milford city to obtain the total for Milford city.

#### Census Designated Places

As in the 1950, 1960, and 1970 censuses, the Census Bureau has delineated boundaries for closely settled population centers without corporate limits. In 1980, the name of each such place is followed by "CDP," meaning "census designated place." In the 1970 and earlier

censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place." In this report, CDP's with a population of 10,000 or more are shown. In 11 States certain CDP's are coextensive with MCD's; these entities are *not* summarized in the tables of these reports. The States are Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin. To be recognized for the 1980 census, CDP's must have a minimum 1980 population as follows:

Area	Minimum CDP population
Alaska . . . . .	25
Hawaii . . . . .	300
All other States:	
Inside urbanized areas:	
With one or more cities of 50,000 or more . . . .	5,000
With no city of 50,000 or more . . . . .	1,000
Outside urbanized areas . . . .	1,000

Hawaii is the only State with no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census. All places shown for Hawaii in the 1980 census reports are CDP's. Honolulu CDP essentially represents the Honolulu Judicial District. The city of Honolulu, coextensive with the county of Honolulu, is not recognized for census purposes.

### STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

#### Definition

The general concept of a metropolitan area is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities which have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. The standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) classification is a statistical standard, developed for use by Federal agencies in the production, analysis, and publication of data on metropolitan areas. The SMSA's are designated and defined by the Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official published standards developed by the interagency Federal Committee on Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas.

Each SMSA has one or more central counties containing the area's main population concentration: an urbanized area with at least 50,000 inhabitants. An

SMSA may also include outlying counties which have close economic and social relationships with the central counties. The outlying counties must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and must also meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, SMSA's are composed of cities and towns rather than whole counties.

#### SMSA Titles

Most SMSA's have at least one central city. The titles of SMSA's include up to three city names, as well as the name of each State into which the SMSA extends. For the 1980 census, central cities of SMSA's are those named in the titles of the SMSA's, with the exception of Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y., which has no central city, and Northeast Pennsylvania, the central cities of which are Scranton, Wilkes-Barre, and Hazleton. Data on central cities of SMSA's include the entire population and housing units within the legal city boundaries. In Hawaii, where there are no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census, census designated places are recognized as central cities.

#### New SMSA Standards

New standards for designating and defining metropolitan statistical areas were published in the *Federal Register* on January 3, 1980. The SMSA's recognized for the 1980 census comprise (1) all areas as defined on January 1, 1980, except for one area which was defined provisionally during the 1970's on the basis of population estimates but whose qualification was not confirmed by 1980 census counts; and (2) a group of 36 new areas defined on the basis of 1980 census counts and the new standards that were published on January 3, 1980.

When the data on commuting flows become available from 1980 census tabulations, the new standards will be applied to the areas existing on January 1, 1980, and the boundaries, definitions, and titles for all SMSA's will be reviewed.

To aid users who want to become familiar with the SMSA standards and how they are applied, documents are available from the Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C. 20503.



## Appendix B.—Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics

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### GENERAL

The 1980 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. The principal determinant for the response was, therefore, the questionnaire and its accompanying instruction guide. Furthermore, census takers were instructed, in their telephone and personal-visit interviews, to read the questions directly from the questionnaire. The definitions and explanations given below for each subject are drawn largely from various technical and procedural materials used in the collection of the data. These materials helped the census interviewers to understand more fully the intent of each question and, thus, to resolve problems or unusual cases in a manner consistent with this intent. Also included is certain explanatory information to assist the user in the proper utilization of the statistics.

Facsimiles of the questionnaire pages containing the population and housing questions used to produce the data shown in this report and the pages of the respondent instruction guide which relate to these questions are presented in appendix E.



## POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

### Household

A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit. The measure "persons per household" is obtained by dividing the number of persons in households by the number of households (or householders). For further information, see the housing unit definition.

### Relationship to Householder

The data on relationship to householder were derived from answers to question 2, which was asked of all persons in housing units. Only basic categories of relationship are recognized in this report. More detailed categories of relationship appear in the PC80-1-B, PC80-1-C, and PC80-1-D reports (and summary tape files 2, 4, and 5).

**Householder**—One person in each household is designated as the "householder." In most cases, this is the person or one of the persons in whose name the home is owned or rented, and who is listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member could be designated as the "householder." Two types of householders are distinguished: a family householder and a nonfamily householder. A family householder is a householder living with one or more persons related to him or her by birth, marriage, or adoption. The householder and all persons in the household related to him or her are family members. A nonfamily householder is a householder living alone or with nonrelatives only.

**Spouse**—A person married to and living with a householder. This category includes persons in formal marriages as well as persons in common-law marriages.

**Child**—A son, daughter, stepchild, or adopted child of the householder regardless of the child's age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law and daughters-in-law. "Own" children are sons and daughters, including stepchildren and adopted children, of the householder who are single (never married) and under 18 years of age. "Related" children in a family include own children and all other persons (except the spouse

of the householder) under 18 years of age in the household, regardless of marital status, who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption.

**Other Relative**—Any person related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption who is not shown separately in the particular table (e.g., "spouse," "child," "brother or sister," or "parent").

**Nonrelative**—Any person in the household not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. Roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, paid employees, wards, and foster children are included in this category.

### Unrelated Individual

An unrelated individual is (1) a householder living alone or with nonrelatives only, (2) a household member who is not related to the householder, or (3) a person living in group quarters who is not an inmate of an institution.

### Family

A family consists of a householder and one or more other persons living in the same household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. All persons in a household who are related to the householder are regarded as members of his or her family. A "married-couple family" is a family in which the householder and spouse are enumerated as members of the same household. Not all households contain families, because a household may be composed of a group of unrelated persons or one person living alone. The measure "persons per family" is obtained by dividing the number of persons in families by the total number of families (or family householders).

### Group Quarters

All persons not living in households are classified by the Bureau of the Census as living in group quarters. Two general categories of persons in group quarters are recognized:

**Inmates of Institutions**—Persons under care or custody in institutions at the time of enumeration are classified as "patients or inmates" of an institution regardless of their length of stay in that place and regardless of the number of people

in that place. Institutions include homes, schools, hospitals, or wards for the physically or mentally handicapped; hospitals or wards for mental, tubercular, or chronic disease patients; homes for unmarried mothers; nursing, convalescent, and rest homes for the aged and dependent; orphanages; and correctional institutions.

**Other**—This category includes all persons living in group quarters who are not inmates of institutions. Rooming and boarding houses, communes, farm and nonfarm workers' dormitories, convents or monasteries, and other living quarters are classified as "other" group quarters if there are 9 or more persons unrelated to the person listed in column 1 of the questionnaire; or if 10 or more unrelated persons share the unit. Persons residing in certain other types of living arrangements are classified as living in "other" group quarters regardless of the number or relationship of people in the unit. These include persons residing in military barracks, on ships, in college dormitories, or in sorority and fraternity houses; patients in general or maternity wards of hospitals who have no usual residence elsewhere; staff members in institutional quarters; and persons enumerated in missions, flophouses, Salvation Army shelters, railroad stations, etc.

### Sex

The data on sex were derived from answers to question 3, which was asked of all persons.

### Race

The data on race were derived from answers to question 4, which was asked of all persons. Both 100-percent and sample totals for racial groups are included in the tables of this report. For a discussion of the two data sources, see the section in this appendix on "Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data for Racial Groups." The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau reflects self-identification by respondents; it does not denote any clear-cut scientific definition of biological stock. Since the 1980 census obtained information on race through self-identification, the data represent self-classification by people according to the race with which they identify. In this report, data are presented for housing units, house-



holds, and families classified by the race of the householder.

For persons who could not provide a single response to the race question, the race of the person's mother was used; however, if a single response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. This is a modification of the 1970 census procedure in which the race of the person's father was used.

The category "White" includes persons who indicated their race as White, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed on the questionnaire but entered a response such as Canadian, German, Italian, Lebanese, or Polish. In the 1980 census, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but marked "Other" and wrote in entries such as Cuban, Puerto Rican, Mexican, or Dominican were included in the "Other" race category. In the 1970 census, most of these persons were included in the "White" category.

The category "Black" includes persons who indicated their race as Black or Negro, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed on the questionnaire but reported entries such as Jamaican, Black Puerto Rican, West Indian, Haitian, or Nigerian.

The category "American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut" includes persons who classified themselves as such in one of the specific race categories. In addition, persons who did not report themselves in one of the specific race categories but entered the name of an Indian tribe or reported such entries as Canadian Indian, French American Indian, or Spanish American Indian were classified as American Indian.

The category "Asian and Pacific Islander" in tables P5, P7, and H5, which are based on 100-percent tabulations, includes persons who indicated their race as Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Asian Indian, Korean, Vietnamese, Hawaiian, Samoan, or Guamanian. The total for "Asian and Pacific Islander," which is available only from sample tabulations, is shown in tables P18, P19, and H15 and includes the nine groups listed above as well as persons classified as "Other Asian and Pacific Islander." The category "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" includes persons who provided write-in

entries of such Asian and Pacific Islander groups as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, and Fiji Islander under the "Other" race category. Persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but wrote in an entry indicating one of the nine categories listed above (e.g., Chinese and Filipino) were classified accordingly. For example, entries of Nipponese and Japanese American were classified as Japanese; entries of Taiwanese and Cantonese as Chinese, etc.

If the race entry was missing on the questionnaire for a member of a household, an answer was assigned in the computer according to the reported entries of race of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If race was not entered for anyone in the household (excluding paid employees), the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

**Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data for Racial Groups**—There may be differences in this report between the *totals* for the racial groups based on 100-percent tabulations (tables P2 through P5, P7, and H2 through H5) and sample tabulations (tables P12 through P19 and H9 through H16). Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and an additional edit and review performed on the sample questionnaires. (For an explanation of sampling variability and nonsampling error, see Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data.")

During the sample processing, the responses in the race question underwent more extensive review and edit than performed during the previous processing stages. Additional efforts were made to assign write-in entries to specific race categories and to resolve inconsistent and incomplete responses. The impact of this further work varies substantially by racial group and by geographic area, but is generally negligible. Most affected is the "Other" race category since a number of persons originally counted therein in the 100-percent tabulations were shifted into specific race categories in the sample tabulations. For instance, a number of persons who marked the "Other" race

category supplied a write-in entry (e.g., Canadian, Polish, Lebanese, Black Puerto Rican, or Jamaican) which indicated that they belonged in one of the specific race categories. Furthermore, persons in the "Other" category reported as Cambodian, Laotian, Thai, etc., were combined into a "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" category which, together with the specific Asian and Pacific Islander categories (e.g., Japanese, Chinese, Filipino, etc.), covers the entire Asian and Pacific Islander population. This total is obtainable only from the sample tabulations, not from the 100-percent tabulations.

Information now available indicates that, since the effects of the additional review and edit were generally limited and rather varied, the 100-percent tabulations are usually the preferable source for comparable data for racial groups. In the case of distributions for subjects covered only on a sample basis (e.g., education, labor force status, income, etc.) and data for the entire Asian and Pacific Islander population, the sample figures are the only data available and should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

**Comparability With 1970 Census Data**—Differences between 1980 census and 1970 census population totals by race seriously affect the comparability for certain race groups. First, a large number of Spanish origin persons reported their race differently in the 1980 census than in the 1970 census; this difference in reporting has a substantial impact on the counts and comparability for the "White" population and the "Race, n.e.c." or "Other" race population (shown as "All other" races in most 1970 publications). A much larger proportion of the Spanish origin population in 1980 than in 1970 reported their race in the questionnaire category "Other." Second, in 1970, most persons who marked the "Other" race category and wrote in a Spanish designation such as Mexican, Venezuelan, Latino, etc., were reclassified as "White." In 1980, such persons were not reclassified but remained in the "Other" race category. As a result of this procedural change and the differences in reporting by this population, the proportion of the Spanish origin population classified as "Other" race in the 1980 census was substantially higher than that in the 1970 census.



Nationally, in 1970, only 1 percent of Spanish origin persons were classified as "Other" race and 93 percent as "White." The 1980 census sample data showed a much larger proportion, 38 percent of Spanish origin persons reported their race as "Other" and only 58 percent reported "White." As a consequence of these differences, 1980 population totals for "White" and "Other" are not comparable with corresponding 1970 figures.

The 1980 count for the Asian and Pacific Islander population reflects a high level of immigration during the 1970's as well as a number of changes in census procedures which were developed, in part, as a result of this high level of immigration. First, the number of Asian and Pacific Islander categories listed separately on the 1980 census questionnaire was expanded to include four additional groups: Vietnamese, Asian Indian, Guamanian, and Samoan. Asian Indians were classified as "White" in 1970, but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. The Vietnamese, Guamanian, and Samoan populations were included in the "Other" race category in the 1970 census but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. Second, "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, and Fiji Islander were identified and tabulated as Asian and Pacific Islander in sample tabulations in the 1980 census. In 1970, most of these groups were included in the "Other" race category.

### Age

The data on age were derived from answers to question 5, which was asked of all persons. Only the information in questions 5b and 5c (month and year of birth) was read into the computer. Answers to question 5a on age at last birthday were used during field review to fill in any blanks in question 5c. The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1980. The data on age represent the difference, as calculated in the computer, between date of birth and April 1, 1980. The median ages shown in this report were computed from data for single years of age. If the median fell in the terminal category of an age distribution, the method of presentation was to show the initial age of the terminal

category followed by a plus sign; thus, if the median fell in the category "85 years and over," it is shown as "85+."

### Marital Status

The data on marital status were derived from answers to question 6, which was asked of all persons. The marital status classification refers to the status at the time of enumeration. Persons classified as "now married" include those who have been married only once and have never been widowed or divorced as well as those currently married persons who remarried after having been widowed or divorced. Persons reported as separated are those living apart because of marital discord, with or without a legal separation. Persons in common-law marriages are classified as now married, persons whose only marriage had been annulled are classified as never married and all persons under 15 years old are classified as never married. All persons classified as never married are shown as "single" in this report.

### Spanish/Hispanic Origin

The data on Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent were derived from answers to question 7, which was asked of all persons. Information on the Spanish origin population shown in this report is derived from both the 1980 census 100-percent and sample tabulations. For a discussion of the two data sources, see the section "Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data for the Spanish Origin Population."

Persons of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent are those who reported Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban or other Spanish/Hispanic origin in question 7. Persons who reported "other Spanish/Hispanic" origin were those whose origins are from Spain or the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, or they are persons identifying their origin or descent as being Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispano, Latino, etc.

Origin or descent can be viewed as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country in which the person or person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. It is important to note that persons of Spanish origin may be of any race. In this report, data are presented for housing units, households, and families classified by the

Spanish origin of the householder.

Persons of more than one type of Spanish origin and persons of both a Spanish and some other origin(s) who were in doubt as to how to report origin were classified according to the origin of the person's mother. If a single origin was not provided for the person's mother, the first reported origin of the person was recorded.

If any household member failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, in the 100-percent edit a response was assigned by computer according to the reported entries of other household members by using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If origin was not entered for any household member (excluding a paid employee), origin was assigned from another household according to the race of the householder. The sample processing included more extensive edit procedures. For example, if any household member failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, a response was first assigned from available related information, such as ancestry and place of birth, reported for the individual. These edit procedures are a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

**Limitations of the Data**—A preliminary evaluation study of the reporting in the 1980 census item on Spanish origin indicated that there was misreporting in the Mexican origin category by White and Black persons in certain areas. The study results showed evidence that the misreporting occurred in the South (excluding Texas), the Northeast (excluding the New York City area), and a few States in the North Central Region. Also, results based on available data suggest that the impact of potential misreporting of Mexican origin in the 1980 census is severe in those portions of the above-mentioned regions where the Spanish origin population is generally sparse. However, 1980 census data on the Mexican origin population or total Spanish origin population, at the national level, are not seriously affected by the reporting problem. For a more detailed discussion of the evaluation of the Spanish origin item, see the 1980 population census Supplementary Reports, Series PC80-S1-7 *"Persons of Spanish Origin by State: 1980."*



### Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data for the Spanish Origin Population

—There may be differences in this report between the total Spanish origin population based on 100-percent tabulations (tables P6, P7, and H6) and sample tabulations (tables P20, P21, H17, and H18). Such differences are the result of sampling variability, non-sampling error, and more extensive edit procedures for the Spanish/Hispanic origin item on the sample questionnaires. (For an explanation of sampling variability and nonsampling error, see Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data.") Information now available indicates that, since the effects of the more extensive edit were generally limited, the 100-percent tabulations are usually the preferable source for data on the Spanish origin population. In the case of distributions for subjects covered only on a sample basis (e.g., education, labor force status, income, etc.), the sample figures are the only data available and should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

### Comparability With 1970 Census Data—

The 1980 data on Spanish origin are not directly comparable with those of 1970 because of several factors; namely, overall improvements in the 1980 census, better coverage of the population, improved question design, and an effective public relations campaign by the Census Bureau with the assistance of national and community ethnic groups. These efforts at census improvement explain, in part, the large increase in the number of Hispanics over 1970. Also, these efforts undoubtedly resulted in the inclusion of a sizeable but unknown number of persons of Hispanic origin who are in the country in other than legal status.

In the 1980 census Spanish origin question, specific changes in design from the 1970 question included the placement of the category "No, not Spanish/Hispanic" as the first category in that question. (The corresponding category appeared last in the 1970 question.) Also, the category "Central or South American" was deleted because in 1970 some respondents misinterpreted the category; furthermore, the designations "Mexican-American" and "Chicano" were added to the Spanish origin question in 1980. In the 1970 census, the question on Spanish origin was asked of only a 5-

percent sample of the population; in the 1980 census, the Spanish origin question was asked of everyone in the Nation.

### School Enrollment

The data on school enrollment were derived from answers to questions 8, 9, and 10. Persons are classified as enrolled in school if they reported attending a regular school or college at any time between February 1, 1980, and the time of enumeration. Regular schooling is defined as nursery school, kindergarten, elementary school, and schooling which leads to a high school diploma or college degree. Schooling in trade or business schools, company training, or through a tutor was to be reported only if the course credits obtained were regarded as transferable to a regular elementary school, high school, or college. Children were to be reported as enrolled in nursery school if the school included instruction as an integral phase of its program but not if only custodial care was given. Children in Head Start programs were to be reported in nursery school or kindergarten as appropriate.

Elementary school, as defined here, includes grades 1 through 8, and high school includes grades 9 through 12. In general, a public school is defined as any school which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, State, or Federal government agency.

### Years of School Completed

The data on years of school completed were derived from answers to questions 9 and 10. Persons whose education was received in a foreign school system or an ungraded school were instructed to report the approximate equivalent grade in the regular American school system. If a person was currently attending or did not finish (item 10) the highest grade attended (item 9), he or she was tabulated as having completed the previous grade or year.

If the person did not attend college but finished high school by an equivalency test (GED), the person was instructed to mark grade 12 (high school, 4 years).

"Percent high school graduates" includes persons who completed four years of high school as well as those who completed one or more years of college.

### Nativity and Place of Birth

The data on nativity and place of birth were derived from answers to questions 11 and 12. The category "Native" comprises persons born in the United States, in Puerto Rico, or in an outlying area of the United States. Also included in this category is the small number of persons who were born abroad with at least one American parent. Persons not classified as native are classified as "foreign born."

Native persons are classified according to their State or area of birth. Respondents were instructed to report place of birth as the mother's usual State of residence at the time of the birth rather than as the location of the hospital, if the birth occurred in a hospital.

There may be slight differences between the data in this report on nativity and the place of birth and similar data shown in the Supplementary Reports, *Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics*, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of minor errors corrected after the release of the PHC80-S2 reports.

### Language Spoken at Home and Ability to Speak English

The data on language spoken at home and ability to speak English were derived from answers to questions 13a, b, and c. Persons who responded in question 13a that they spoke a language other than English at home were asked to report what language they spoke (question 13b) and how well they could speak English (question 13c). Languages were coded using a detailed classification of languages. Ability to speak English was reported as one of four categories: "Very well," "Well," "Not well," or "Not at all."

The questions were intended to measure the extent to which non-English languages were currently being spoken in the United States and the number of persons who felt that their English ability was limited. The questions were not intended to determine which language was a person's main language, or whether a person was fluent in the non-English language that he or she reported. Therefore, persons who reported speaking a language other than English may have also spoken English at home and they may have been more fluent in English than in the non-English language.



There may be slight differences between the data in this report on language spoken at home and ability to speak English and similar data shown in the *Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas*, PHC80-3, reports and in the Supplementary Reports, *Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics*, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of minor errors corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

### Ancestry

The data on ancestry were derived from the answers to question 14. The 1980 census marked the first time that a general question on ancestry (ethnicity) was asked in a decennial census. The question was based on self-identification and was open-ended (respondents were required to write their answers). Ancestry refers to a person's nationality group, lineage, or the country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. Thus, persons reported their ancestry group regardless of the number of generations removed from their country of origin. Furthermore, responses to the ancestry question reflected the ethnic groups with which persons identified and not necessarily the degree of attachment or association the person had with the particular ethnic group(s).

Ancestry and race are separate characteristics; therefore, persons reporting a particular ancestry may be of any race. Ancestry is also different from other population characteristics that are sometimes regarded as indicators of ethnicity; namely, country of birth and language spoken at home.

A large number of persons reported their ancestry by specifying a single ancestry but some reported two, three, or more ancestry categories. All responses were coded manually by a procedure that allowed for identification of all single- and double-ancestry groups reported. In addition, 17 triple-ancestry categories were identified by unique codes (these categories were selected since they were reported frequently in Census Bureau surveys taken prior to the 1980 census). All other multiple responses were coded according only to the first and second ancestry categories reported.

In published tabulations, multiple groups are designated in general open-ended categories such as "Polish and other groups," rather than in specific multiple ancestry groups such as "Polish-Italian." A person who reported "Polish-Italian" ancestry, for example, is included in the category "Polish and other groups" and in the category "Italian and other groups." A few responses consisting of two terms (e.g., French-Canadian) were considered as a single group and, thus, were coded and tabulated as a single ancestry. In addition, persons reporting combinations of ancestries such as "German-Bavarian" were tabulated as a single ancestry (i.e., "German"). Also, responses such as "Polish-American" or "Italian-American" were coded and tabulated as a single entry (i.e., "Polish" or "Italian"). A sole entry of "American" is tabulated in the category "Ancestry not specified."

Entries of religious groups were not coded separately and were tabulated in the category "Ancestry not specified." When an ancestry response was missing, the person was tabulated as "not reported."

### Residence in 1975

The data on residence in 1975 were derived from answers to questions 15a and 15b. Residence on April 1, 1975, is the usual place of residence 5 years before enumeration. The number of persons who were living in a different house in 1975 is somewhat less than the total number of moves during the 5 years. Some persons in the same house at the two dates had moved during the 5-year period but by the time of enumeration had returned to their 1975 residence. Other persons who were living in a different house had made one or more intermediate moves. For similar reasons, the number of persons living in a different county or a different SMSA understates the number of these kinds of moves.

Data on residence in 1975 are based on approximately one-half of the full census sample (see appendix D). Therefore, figures in tabulations involving residence in 1975 may differ from tabulations based on the full sample. For example, the number of persons 5 years old and over from residence in 1975

tabulations may not agree with other tabulations by age.

### Work Disability

The data on disability status were derived from answers to question 19. Persons are identified as having a work disability if they had a health condition which had lasted 6 or more months and which limited the kind or amount of work they could do at a job. Persons with a work disability are further classified as "prevented from working" or "not prevented from working."

The term "health condition" refers to both physical and mental conditions. Temporary health problems are not considered a health condition.

Persons are considered limited in the kind or amount of work they could do if they were restricted in the kinds of jobs at which they were able to work or if they were unable to work at a full-time job.

### Public Transportation Disability

Persons are identified as having a public transportation disability if they had a health condition which had lasted 6 or more months and which made it difficult or impossible for them to use buses, trains, subways, or other forms of public transportation.

### Fertility (Children Ever Born)

The data on children ever born were derived from responses to question 20. The number of children ever born to a woman consists of all live births the woman has ever had, including any babies who have died (even shortly after birth) or who no longer live with her. Excluded are miscarriages and stillbirths and any of the woman's step-children, foster children, or children she has adopted.

### Place of Work

The data on place of work were derived from answers to question 23, which was asked of persons who indicated in question 22 that they had worked at any time during the reference week (see below for definition of reference week). Data are tabulated for workers 16 years and over; i.e., members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work during the reference week. Place of work refers to the



## Appendix B.—Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics

geographic location at which workers carried out their occupational activities during the reference week. The exact address (number and street) of the place of work was asked, as well as the place (city, town, village, borough, etc.); whether or not the place of work was inside or outside its incorporated (legal) limits; and the county, state, and ZIP code. If the person's employer operated in more than one location, the exact address of the location or branch where the respondent worked was requested. When the number and street name could not be given, the building name or other physical location description was to be entered. Persons who worked at more than one location were asked to report the one at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the reference week. Persons who regularly worked in several locations during the reference week were requested to give the address at which they began work each day. For cases in which daily work was not begun at a central place each day, the person was asked to provide as much information as possible which described the area in which he or she worked most during the reference week.

Data on place of work are based on approximately one-half of the full census sample (see appendix D). Therefore, figures in tabulations involving place of work may differ from tabulations based on the full sample. For example, the number of workers 16 years and over from place-of-work tabulations may not agree with the same category shown for means-of-transportation-to-work tabulations.

In the Census Tracts reports covering tracted areas outside SMSA's, place-of-work locations are defined as "in county of residence" and "outside county of residence."

For the reports which present data for an SMSA, place-of-work locations are specified to show the main destinations of workers living in the SMSA. All place-of-work locations are defined with respect to the boundaries of the SMSA as "inside SMSA" and "outside SMSA." Locations within the SMSA are further divided into the central business district (CBD) of each central city, the remainder of each central city, and each county or county balance. Selected large incorporated places may also be specified as places of work. Within New England SMSA's, the places of work presented are

generally cities and towns. Locations outside the SMSA are specified if they are important commuting destinations for residents of the SMSA, and may include adjoining SMSA's and their central cities, their component counties, large incorporated places, or counties, cities, or other geographic areas outside any SMSA.

In the Census Tracts reports for SMSA's in New England; Honolulu, Hawaii; and certain other metropolitan areas, some place-of-work locations are identified as "areas" (e.g., Area 1, Area 5, Area 12, etc.). Such areas consist of groups of towns, cities and towns, census designated places (Honolulu SMSA only), or counties which have been defined as unique place-of-work destinations. The area number corresponds to the data item in tabulation P-B #34 of summary tape file 4 that is the source of that data line in the report. In those reports where place-of-work "areas" occur, a geographic equivalency list which gives the geographic components that make up each area is provided at the end of this appendix. Whenever an adjoining SMSA or SMSA remainder is specified as a place-of-work location, its components are not defined. However, the components may be found by referring to table 11 of the *Number of Inhabitants* report PC80-1-A, for the State in which the SMSA is located.

A central business district (CBD) is an area of very high land valuation characterized by a high concentration of retail businesses, service businesses, offices, theaters, and hotels, and by high traffic flow. CBD's consist of one or more whole census tracts, and have been defined only in SMSA central cities and other SMSA cities with populations of 50,000 or more. CBD's are designated by local Census Statistical Area Committees in consultation with the Census Bureau. Some eligible cities do not have a CBD because they chose not to participate in the CBD delineation program. In order to be counted as working in the CBD, a respondent had to provide enough information to allow the workplace to be coded to the census tract level. Since some respondents did not do this, the number of persons shown to be working in the CBD is usually understated by an unknown amount.

Persons were tabulated as working in an incorporated place if they reported working inside its legal limits, or reported

an incorporated place as their place of work without specifying whether or not they worked inside its legal boundaries. Persons who reported working outside the limits of an incorporated place were tabulated as working outside the place. For SMSA's in Alaska and Hawaii, census designated places (CDP's) may appear as places of work. Persons who reported a CDP—a place with no legal boundaries—as their place of work were tabulated as working in that place regardless of their response on the incorporated limits question. The accuracy of place-of-work data for certain CDP's may be affected by the extent to which their census names were familiar to respondents and by coding problems caused by similarities between the CDP name and the names of other geographic jurisdictions in the same vicinity.

For SMSA's in the New England States, place-of-work data are given for selected minor civil divisions (cities and towns), based on the responses to the place-of-work question. Many New England towns are regarded locally as equivalent to a place and were, therefore, reported as the place of work. When a respondent reported a locality or incorporated place that forms part of a town, the coding and tabulating procedure was designed to include the response in the total for the town. The data for some New England towns may be affected by coding problems resulting from unfamiliarity among respondents with the town in which the workplace was located or when a town and a city of the same or similar name are located close together.

### Means of Transportation to Work

The data on means of transportation to work were derived from answers to questions 24b, 24c, and 24d which were asked of persons who indicated in question 22 that they had worked at any time during the reference week (see below for definition of reference week). Means of transportation to work refers to the principal mode of travel or type of conveyance that the person usually used to get from home to work during the reference week. Persons who used different means of transportation on different days of the week were asked to specify the one they used most often. Persons who used more than one means of transportation to get to work each day were asked to report



the one used for the longest distance during the work trip. The category "private vehicle" includes workers using a car (including company cars but excluding taxicabs), a truck of 1-ton capacity or less, or a van. The category "public transportation" includes workers who used a bus or streetcar, subway or elevated train, railroad, or taxicab.

A question on carpooling (question 24c) was asked of all workers who reported their means of transportation to work as "car," "truck," or "van." The category "drive alone" includes persons who usually drove alone to work, as well as persons who were driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a nonwork destination. The category "carpool" includes workers who reported that they usually shared driving, drove others, or rode as a passenger during the reference week.

The means of transportation data for some areas in this report may show workers using modes of public transportation that are not available in those areas (e.g., subway or elevated riders in an SMSA or portion of a State where there actually is no subway or elevated service). This result is attributable to persons who worked during the reference week at a location that was different from their usual place of work (such as persons away from home on business in an area where subway service was available), and persons who used more than one means of transportation each day but whose principal means was not available where they lived (for example, residents of nonmetropolitan areas who drove to the fringe of an SMSA and took the commuter railroad most of the distance to work).

### Private Vehicle Occupancy

The data on private vehicle occupancy were derived from answers to question 24d, which was asked of persons who indicated in question 22 that they had worked at any time during the reference week (see below for definition of reference week), and who reported in question 24c that they usually shared driving, drove others, or rode as a passenger in a car, truck, or van. Private vehicle occupancy refers to the number of persons who usually rode to work in the vehicle during the reference week. The measure "persons per private vehicle" is obtained by dividing the number of persons who

reported using a car, truck, or van to get to work by the number of such vehicles that they used. The number of vehicles used is derived by counting each person who drove alone as one vehicle, each person who reported being in a two-person carpool as one-half vehicle, each person who reported being in a three-person carpool as one-third vehicle, and so on, and then summing all the vehicles.

### Travel Time to Work

The data on travel time to work were derived from answers to question 24a, which was asked of persons who indicated in question 22 that they had worked at any time during the reference week (see below for definition of reference week). Travel time to work refers to the total number of minutes that it usually took the person to get from home to work during the reference week. The elapsed time includes time spent waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, or time spent in other activities related to getting to work.

### Reference Week

The data on labor force status and journey to work relate to the calendar week preceding the date on which the respondents completed their questionnaires or were interviewed by enumerators. This week is not the same for all respondents because not all persons were enumerated during the same week.

### Labor Force Status

The data on labor force status were derived from answers to questions 22, 25, and 26. The "labor force" includes all persons in the civilian labor force plus members of the Armed Forces (persons 16 years old and over on active duty with the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard). The "civilian labor force" consists of persons classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described below.

All persons 16 years old and over who are not classified as members of the labor force are defined as "not in labor force." This category consists mainly of students, housewives, retired workers, seasonal workers enumerated in an "off" season who were not looking for work, inmates of institutions, disabled persons, and per-

sons doing only incidental unpaid family work (less than 15 hours during the reference week).

**Employed**—Employed persons include all civilians 16 years old and over who were either (a) "at work"—those who did any work at all during the reference week as paid employees or in their own business or profession, or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers on a family farm or in a family business; or (b) were "with a job but not at work"—those who did not work during the reference week but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent due to illness, bad weather, industrial dispute, vacation, or other personal reasons. Excluded from the employed are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations.

**Unemployed**—Persons are classified as unemployed if they were civilians 16 years old and over and (a) were neither "at work" nor "with a job but not at work" during the reference week, (b) were looking for work during the last 4 weeks, and (c) were available to accept a job. Also included as unemployed are persons who did not work at all during the reference week and were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off.

### Industry and Occupation

The data on industry and occupation were derived from answers to questions 28 and 29, respectively, and are shown here for employed persons 16 years old and over. For persons who worked at two or more jobs, the data refer to the job at which the person worked the greatest number of hours. The industry and occupation statistics are based on the detailed classification systems developed for the 1980 census. The 1980 industry classification is based on the U.S. Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) and is similar to the 1970 system; the 1980 occupation classification is based on the new U.S. Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). This report shows major occupation groups and selected industry groups. The relationship between these groups and more detailed categories found in other reports will be shown in the PC80-1-C and PC80-1-D reports.



### Class of Worker

The data on class of worker were derived from answers to question 30. The information on class of worker refers to the same job as a respondent's industry and occupation. The definitions of the class of worker categories shown in this report are as follows:

**Private Wage and Salary Workers**—Private wage and salary workers are persons who work for a private employer for wages, salary, commission, tips, pay-in-kind, or at piece rates.

**Government Workers**—Government workers are employees of any Federal, State, or local governmental unit, regardless of the activity of the particular agency.

**Self-employed Workers**—Self-employed workers are those who work for profit or fees in their own unincorporated business, profession, or trade or who operate a farm.

### Labor Force Status in 1979

The data on labor force status in 1979 were derived from answers to question 31. Persons 16 years old and over are classified as "in labor force in 1979" if they worked in 1979 or had any weeks of unemployment in 1979, in accordance with the criteria for weeks worked in 1979 and weeks of unemployment in 1979 as described below.

**Worked in 1979**—Persons 16 years old and over who worked 1 or more weeks in 1979 in accordance with the criteria described below are classified as "worked in 1979."

The data on weeks worked in 1979 pertain to the number of weeks during 1979 in which persons 16 years old and over did any work for pay or profit (including weeks on paid vacation or on paid sick leave) or worked without pay on a family farm or in a family business, or were on active duty in the Armed Forces.

Persons 16 years old and over who reported that they usually worked 35 or more hours each week during the weeks they worked are classified as "usually worked full-time;" persons who reported that they usually worked 1 to 34 hours are classified as "usually worked part-time."

**With Unemployment in 1979**—Persons 16 years old and over who had 1 or more

weeks of unemployment in 1979 in accordance with the criteria described below are classified as "with unemployment in 1979."

The data on weeks of unemployment in 1979 pertain to the number of weeks during 1979 in which persons 16 years old and over did not work but spent time looking for work (i.e., trying to get a job or start a business or professional practice) or on layoff from a job. Excluded are any weeks in which the person worked, even for 1 hour; or any weeks for which the person received any wages or salary; or in which the person was on active duty in the Armed Forces, on paid vacation, or on paid leave.

### Income in 1979

The data on income in 1979 were derived from answers to questions 32 and 33. Information on money income received in the calendar year 1979 was requested from persons 15 years old and over. "Total income" is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage and salary income; nonfarm net self-employment income; farm net self-employment income; interest, dividend, royalty, or net rental income; Social Security or Railroad Retirement income; public assistance or welfare income; and all other income. The figures represent the amount of income received regularly before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

"Wage or salary income" is defined as the total money earnings received for work performed as an employee at any time during the calendar year 1979. It includes wages, salary, pay from Armed Forces, commissions, tips, piece rate payments, and cash bonuses earned. "Non-farm net self-employment income" is defined as net money income (gross receipts minus business expenses) received from a business, professional enterprise, or partnership in which the person was engaged on his or her own account. "Farm net self-employment income" is defined as the net money income (gross receipts minus operating expenses) received from the operation of a farm by a person on his or her own account, as an owner, renter, or sharecropper. "Earnings" is defined as the algebraic sum of wage or salary income and net income from nonfarm and farm self-employment.

"Interest, dividend, royalty, or net rental income" includes interest on savings or bonds, dividends from stockholdings or membership in associations, net royalties, and net income from rental of property to others and receipts from boarders or lodgers. "Social Security income" includes Social Security pensions and survivors' benefits and permanent disability insurance payments made by the Social Security Administration, prior to deductions for medical insurance, and railroad retirement insurance checks from the U.S. Government. "Medicare" reimbursements are not included. "Public assistance" or public welfare income includes (1) supplementary security income payments made by Federal, State, or local welfare agencies to low income persons who are aged (65 years old or over), blind, or disabled, (2) aid to families with dependent children, and (3) general assistance. Separate payments received for hospital or other medical care (vendor payments) are excluded from this item. "Income from all other sources" includes unemployment compensation, veterans' payments, public or private pensions, alimony or child support, workers' compensation, periodic payments from estates and trust funds, periodic receipts from annuities or insurance, contributions received periodically from persons not living in the household, military family allotments, net gambling winnings, and other kinds of periodic income other than earnings.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: money received from sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" from food stamps, public housing subsidies, medical care, employers' contributions for pensions, etc.; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

Although the income statistics cover the calendar year 1979, the characteristics of persons and the composition of households and families refer to the time of enumeration (April 1, 1980). However, the composition of most households and families was the same during 1979 as in April 1980.

The median income is the amount



which divides the distribution into two equal groups, one having incomes above the median and the other having incomes below the median. For households, families, and unrelated individuals the median income is based on the distribution of the total number of units including those with no income. The median income values for all households, families, and unrelated individuals are computed on the basis of more detailed income intervals than shown in this report. Median income figures of \$30,000 or less are generally calculated using linear interpolation; all other median income amounts are derived through Pareto interpolation. For a detailed description of these interpolation procedures, see appendix B to the Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 129, *Money Income of Families and Persons in the United States: 1979*.

The mean income is the amount obtained by dividing the total income of a particular statistical universe by the number of units in that universe. Thus, mean household income is obtained by dividing total household income by the total number of households. For the various types of income the means are based on households having those types of income.

Per capita income is the mean income computed for every man, woman, and child in a particular group. It is derived by dividing the total income of a particular group by the total population in that group.

Care should be exercised in using and interpreting mean or per capita values in the statistics for small areas or small subgroups of the population. Since the mean and per capita income amounts are strongly influenced by extreme values in the distribution, they are especially susceptible to the effects of sampling variability, misreporting, and processing errors. The median, which is not affected by extreme values, is therefore a better measure than the mean or per capita when the population base is small.

There may be differences between the data in this report on income in 1979 and similar data shown in the *Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas*, PHC80-3, reports and in the Supplementary Reports, *Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics*, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors corrected

after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

## Poverty Status in 1979

Families and unrelated individuals are classified as being below or above the poverty level based on income in 1979 using a poverty index which provides a range of income cutoffs or "poverty thresholds" varying by size of family, number of children, and age of the family householder or unrelated individual. The poverty thresholds used in the 1980 census differ slightly from those used in the 1970 census, which took into account the same three factors as well as sex of the family householder or unrelated individual and farm-nonfarm residence. In addition, for the 1980 census the thresholds by size of family were extended from 7 or more persons to 9 or more persons. The income cutoffs are updated each year to reflect the change in the Consumer Price Index. The poverty threshold for a family of four was \$7,412 in 1979; thresholds by size of family are shown below.

### Weighted Average Poverty Thresholds: 1979

Size of family	Threshold
1 person (unrelated individual).	\$3,686
Under 65 years.....	3,774
65 years and over.....	3,479
2 persons.....	4,723
Householder under 65 years....	4,876
Householder 65 years and over.	4,389
3 persons.....	5,787
4 persons.....	7,412
5 persons.....	8,776
6 persons.....	9,915
7 persons.....	11,237
8 persons.....	12,484
9 or more persons.....	14,812

There may be slight differences between the data in this report on poverty status in 1979 and similar data shown in the *Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas*, PHC80-3, reports and in the Supplementary Reports, *Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics*, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

**Persons for Whom Poverty Status is Determined**—Poverty status is determined for all persons except inmates of institutions, persons in military group quarters and in college dormitories, and unrelated

individuals under 15 years. For a detailed explanation of the poverty definition, see Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 133, *Characteristics of the Population Below the Poverty Level: 1980*.

**Specified Poverty Level**—Because the poverty definition currently in use by the Federal Government does not meet all the needs of the analysts of the data, some of the data are presented for alternate definitions ranging from 75 percent to 200 percent of the current poverty level. These specified poverty levels are obtained by multiplying the income cutoffs at the poverty level by the appropriate factor. For example, the income cutoff at 125 percent of the poverty level was \$9,265 in 1979 for a family of four persons.

## HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

### Living Quarters

Living quarters are classified in the census as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (e.g., a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, mobile home or trailer). However, living quarters may also be in structures intended for nonresidential use (e.g., the rooms in a warehouse where a night guard lives), as well as in boats, tents, vans, etc.

**Housing Units**—A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room, occupied as a separate living quarters or, if vacant, intended for occupancy as a separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from any other persons in the building and which have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements (except those in Group Quarters as described in the next paragraph). For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be



obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants. Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory except that boats, tents, vans, caves, and the like are included only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included, provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers' sales lots, at the factory, or in storage are excluded from the housing inventory.

**Comparability With 1970 Census Housing Unit Data**—Although the 1980 census data are generally comparable with 1970 census data, certain changes were introduced for 1980. The part of the 1970 housing unit definition that required a unit to have either (1) direct access or (2) complete kitchen facilities was modified. For 1980, the complete kitchen facilities alternative was dropped, and direct access was required of all housing units. In addition, in 1970, living quarters occupied by five or more persons unrelated to the head of the household or by six or more unrelated persons were not considered to be housing units but group quarters. In 1980, however, this requirement was changed and, living quarters occupied by a group of 9 or more persons unrelated to the householder or by 10 or more unrelated persons were considered to be group quarters. Thus, some living quarters classified as group quarters in 1970 would be classified as housing units in 1980. In 1970, vacant mobile homes were not counted as housing units. For 1980, they were included in the housing inventory provided they were intended for occupancy on the site where they stood.

**Year-Round Housing Units**—Data on housing characteristics in the 1980 census reports are limited to year-round housing units; i.e., all occupied units plus vacant units available or intended for year-round use. Vacant units intended for seasonal occupancy and vacant units held for migratory labor are excluded because of the difficulty of obtaining reliable data on their characteristics. Counts of the total housing inventory, however, are given for each area presented in this report.

### Occupancy and Vacancy Characteristics

**Occupied Housing Units**—A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of persons living in it at the time of enumeration, or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; e.g., away on vacation. If all the persons staying in the unit at the time of the census have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence. In tabulations of data collected of all units, by definition, the count of occupied housing units is the same as the count of households. In tabulations presenting data from a sample of the housing units, there may be small differences in the counts resulting from processing procedures used to inflate the population and housing sample data.

**Year Householder Moved Into Unit**—Data presented for this item are based on the information reported for the householder and refer to the year of the latest move. If the householder moved back into a unit the person previously occupied, the year of the latest move was reported. If the householder moved from one apartment to another in the same building, the year the householder moved into the present apartment was reported. The intent is to establish the year the present occupancy by the householder began. The year in which a householder moved is not necessarily the same year as the year other members of the household moved, although in the majority of cases the entire household moved at the same time.

**Vacant Housing Units**—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere are also classified as vacant.

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if they are open to the elements, i.e., the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect

the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned. Also excluded are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

**Type of Vacant Unit**—Vacant housing units are classified in this report as either "seasonal and migratory" or "year-round." "Seasonal" units are intended for occupancy during only certain seasons of the year. Included are units intended for recreational use, such as beach cottages and hunting cabins; units offered to vacationers in the summer for summer sports or in the winter for winter sports; and vacant units held for herders and loggers. "Migratory" units are vacant units held for occupancy by migratory labor employed in farm work during the crop season. "Year-round" vacant housing units are available or intended for occupancy at any time of the year. A unit in a resort area which is usually occupied on a year-round basis is considered as year-round. A unit used only occasionally throughout the year is also considered as year-round.

**Vacancy Status**—Year-round vacant units are subdivided according to their vacancy status as follows:

*For sale only.* Vacant year-round units being offered "For sale only," including individual units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered "For sale only."

*For rent.* Vacant year-round units offered "For rent," and vacant units offered either for rent or for sale.

*Rented or sold, awaiting occupancy.* If any money rent has been paid or agreed upon but the new renter has not moved in as of the date of enumeration, or if the unit has recently been sold but the new owner has not yet moved in, the year-round vacant unit is classified as "Rented or sold, awaiting occupancy."

*Held for occasional use.* This category consists of vacant year-round units which are held for weekend or other

occasional use throughout the year. Shared ownership or time-sharing condominiums are also classified as "Held for occasional use." Homes reserved by their owners as second homes usually fall in this category, although some second homes may be classified as "seasonal."

*Other vacant.* If a vacant year-round unit does not fall into any of the classifications specified above, it is classified as "Other vacant." This category includes units held for settlement of an estate, units held for occupancy by a caretaker or janitor, and units held for personal reasons of the owner.

**Boarded-Up Status**—Boarded-up units refer to vacant structures in which the windows and doors are covered by wood, metal, or similar materials to protect the interior, and to prevent entry into the building. A single-unit structure or a unit(s) in a multi-unit structure may be boarded up in this way. In this report, data for boarded-up units are only shown for units in the "Other vacant" category.

**Duration of Vacancy**—The statistics on duration of vacancy refer to the length of time (in months) from the date the last occupants moved from the unit to the date of enumeration. The data, therefore, do not provide a direct measure of the total length of time units remain vacant. For newly constructed units which have never been occupied, the duration of vacancy is counted from the date construction was completed. For recently converted or merged units, the time is reported from the date conversion or merger was completed.

**Tenure**—A housing unit is "owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. All other occupied units are classified as "renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent.

### Utilization, Structural, and Plumbing Characteristics

**Persons in Unit**—All persons occupying the housing unit are included. These persons include not only occupants related

to the householder but also any lodgers, roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, wards, foster children, and resident employees who share the living quarters of the householder. The data on "persons in unit" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons.

Medians for persons are rounded to the nearest hundredth. In computing medians for persons per housing unit, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval so that, for example, the category "3 persons" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.50 up to 3.50 persons.

**Rooms**—The statistics on "rooms" are in terms of the number of housing units with a specified number of rooms. The intent of this question is to count the number of whole rooms used for living purposes. For each unit they include living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, enclosed porches suitable for year-round use, and lodger's rooms. Excluded are strip or pullman kitchens, bathrooms, open porches, balconies, halls, half-rooms, utility rooms, unfinished attics or basements, or other unfinished space used for storage. A partially divided room is a separate room only if there is a partition from floor to ceiling.

Medians for rooms are rounded to the nearest tenth. In computing medians for rooms, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval so that, for example, the category "3 rooms" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.5 to 3.5 rooms.

**Persons Per Room**—"Persons per room" is a derived measure obtained by dividing the number of persons in each occupied housing unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of occupied housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

**Bedrooms**—The number of bedrooms in the unit is the count of rooms used mainly for sleeping, even if also used for other purposes. Rooms reserved for sleeping, such as guest rooms, even though used infrequently, are counted as bedrooms. On the other hand, rooms used mainly for other purposes, even though used also for sleeping, such as a living

room with a sofa bed, are not considered bedrooms. A housing unit consisting of only one room, such as a one-room efficiency apartment, is classified, by definition, as having no bedroom.

**Kitchen Facilities**—A unit has complete kitchen facilities when it has all of the following: (1) an installed sink with piped water, (2) a range or cookstove, and (3) a mechanical refrigerator. All kitchen facilities must be located in the structure. They need not be in the same room. Quarters with only portable cooking equipment are not considered as having a range or cookstove. An icebox is not considered to be a mechanical refrigerator.

**Year Structure Built**—Year structure built refers to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. For a houseboat or mobile home or trailer, the manufacturer's model year is assumed to be the year built. The figures shown in this report relate to the number of units in structures built during the specified periods and in existence at the time of enumeration.

**Units in Structure**—A structure is a separate building that either has open space on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof. In the determination of the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, were counted. The statistics are presented for the number of housing units in structures of specified type and size, not for the number of residential buildings. Included in the count of mobile homes or trailers are units classified as boats, tents, vans, etc.

**Plumbing Facilities**—The category "Complete plumbing for exclusive use" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower inside the housing unit for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit. "Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use" includes those conditions when (1) all three specified plumbing facilities are present inside the unit, but are also used by another household; (2) some but not all the facilities are present; or (3) none of the three specified plumbing facilities is present.



## Appendix B.—Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics

**Comparability With 1970 Census Plumbing Facilities Data**—In 1970, there were separate questions on the presence of hot and cold piped water, a bathtub or shower, and a flush toilet. For 1980, these three items were combined into a single question on plumbing facilities. In addition, the facilities must be inside the housing unit rather than inside the structure as in 1970.

**Bathrooms**—A complete bathroom is a room with a flush toilet, bathtub or shower, and a wash basin with piped hot and cold water for the exclusive use of the occupants of the housing unit. (Although the instructions on the questionnaire do not specify that a complete bathroom must have hot water, this requirement was applied during the processing of the data in an edit combining the items on complete bathrooms and complete plumbing facilities for the exclusive use of the household.) A half-bathroom has at least a flush toilet *or* a bathtub or shower for exclusive use, but does not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom. The equipment must be inside the unit being enumerated.

**Source of Water**—Housing units may receive their water supply from a number of sources. A common source supplying water to six or more units is classified as a "Public system or private company." The water may be supplied by a city, county, water district, water company, etc., or it may be obtained from a well which supplies water to six or more housing units.

**Sewage Disposal**—Housing units are either connected to a public sewer, to a septic tank or cesspool, or they dispose of sewage by other means. A public sewer may be operated by a government body or by a private organization. Small sewage treatment plants, which in some localities are called neighborhood septic tanks, are also classified as public sewers.

### Equipment and Fuels

**Heating Equipment**—Housing units use specific types of heating equipment as their primary source of heat. The categories for types used are: (1) a steam or hot water system; (2) a central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms; (3) an electric heat pump; (4) other built-in electric units which are

permanently installed in the floors, walls, ceilings, or baseboards, and are a part of the electrical installation of the building; and (5) other means which include a floor, wall, or pipeless furnace; room heaters with flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; nonportable room heaters without flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; and fireplaces, stoves, or portable room heaters of any kind that can be picked up and moved. For vacant units which have had the heating equipment removed, the kind of equipment used by the previous occupants is considered to be the heating equipment for the unit.

**Comparability With 1970 Census Heating Equipment Data**—In 1970, central heat pumps were included as part of the category, "Warm-air furnace" and individual room heat pumps were included in the category "Built-in electric units." In 1980, heat pumps have been combined into one category, "Electric heat pump."

**Air-Conditioning**—Air-conditioning is defined as the cooling of air by a refrigeration unit. It does not include evaporative coolers, fans, or blowers which are not connected to a refrigeration unit; however, it does include heat pumps. A central system is an installation which air-conditions a number of rooms. In an apartment building, such a system may cool all apartments in the building, each apartment may have its own central system, or there may be several systems, each providing central air-conditioning for a group of apartments. A system with individual room controls is a central system.

**Vehicles Available**—Data for this item refer to the number of households with vehicles available at home for the use of the members of the household. Included in this item are passenger cars, pickup trucks, small panel trucks of 1-ton capacity or less, as well as station wagons, company cars, and taxicabs kept at home for the use of household members. Cars rented or leased for 1 month or more; police and government cars kept at home; and company vans and trucks of 1-ton capacity or less are also included if kept at home and used for nonbusiness purposes. Dismantled cars; immobile cars used as a source of power for some piece of machinery; and vans and trucks kept at home but used only

for business purposes are excluded. The statistics do not reflect the number of vehicles privately owned or the number of households owning vehicles.

**Comparability With 1970 Census Automobiles Available Data**—In 1970, only data on the number of households with automobiles which were owned or regularly used by members of the household were obtained. Taxicabs, pickups, or large trucks were not counted. In 1980, the data on automobiles available include taxicabs if kept at home for use of household members but exclude pickups or larger trucks. Separate data were obtained in 1980 on the number of households with vans or trucks of 1-ton capacity or less, kept at home for use of members of the household.

**Telephone in Housing Unit**—A unit is classified as having a telephone if there is a telephone in the living quarters. Units where the respondent uses a telephone located inside the building but not in the respondent's living quarters are classified as having no telephone.

**Comparability With 1970 Census Telephone Available Data**—In 1970, the question on telephone availability was collected on a 100-percent basis. A housing unit was classified as having a telephone if the household had a telephone on which it could be called, whether it was in another unit, in a common hall, in another building, or shared by another household. For 1980, for a housing unit to be classified as having a telephone, the telephone had to be inside the respondent's living quarters.

**Fuels Used for House Heating**—"Utility gas" is gas piped through underground pipes from a central system that serves the neighborhood. "Bottled, tank, or LP gas" is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. "Fuel oil, kerosene, etc." includes fuel oil, kerosene, gasoline, alcohol, and other combustible liquids. The category "Other" includes any other fuel such as purchased steam, coal dust, briquettes made of pitch and sawdust, waste materials such as corncobs, etc.

### Financial Characteristics

**Value**—Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and



lot) would sell for, if it were for sale. Value data are presented for "specified owner-occupied" housing units, which are limited to owner-occupied one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. Mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, and owner-occupied non-condominium units in multi-family buildings are also excluded from the value tabulations. Value was also collected for owner-occupied condominium housing units, but such units are excluded from the tables showing value in this report.

Medians for value are rounded to the nearest hundred dollar. If the median falls in the category "Less than \$10,000," it is shown as "\$10,000—." If the median falls in the category "\$200,000 or more," it is shown as "\$200,000+."

**Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs**—The data are presented for "specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. Separate distributions are shown for units "With a mortgage" and for units "Not mortgaged." Selected monthly owner costs are the sum of payments for mortgages, deeds of trust, or similar debts on the property; real estate taxes; fire and hazard insurance on the property; utilities

(electricity, gas, and water); and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.). Medians for selected monthly owner costs are rounded to the nearest dollar.

**Household Income in 1979 by Selected Monthly Owner Costs as Percentage of Income**—The selected monthly housing costs is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same owner-occupied units for which selected monthly owner costs was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain owner-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category, "Not computed."

**Contract Rent**—Contract rent is the monthly rent agreed to, or contracted for, regardless of any furnishings, utilities, or services that may be included. The statistics on rent are tabulated for "specified renter-occupied" housing units which include renter-occupied housing units except one-family houses on 10 or more acres. Respondents were asked to report rent only for the housing unit enumerated and to exclude any rent paid for additional units or for business premises.

This report presents data only on median contract rent, without any tabulation by rent categories. Medians for contract rent are rounded to the nearest dollar. In computing median contract rent, units reported as "No cash rent" are excluded.

**Gross Rent**—The statistics on rent are tabulated for "specified renter-occupied" housing units which include renter-occupied housing units except one-family houses on 10 or more acres. The computed rent termed "gross rent" is the contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, and water) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) if these are paid for by the renter (or paid for the renter by someone else) in addition to rent. Gross rent is intended to eliminate differentials which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of utilities and fuels as part of the rental payment. The estimated costs of water and fuels are reported on a yearly basis but are converted to monthly figures in the computation process. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in the tabulations. This report presents data on medians for gross rent rounded to the nearest dollar. In computing median gross rent, units reported as "No cash rent" are excluded.

**Household Income in 1979 by Gross Rent as Percentage of Income**—The monthly gross rent is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same renter-occupied units for which gross rent was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain renter-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units for which no cash rent is paid and units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category, "Not computed."

## Components of Selected Place-of-Work Areas for the Pittsfield, Mass., SMSA

(For further explanation of place-of-work areas, see text.)

Area	Components
Area 17	Richmond town, West Stockbridge town
Area 19	Clarksburg town, Florida town, Hancock town, New Ashford town, Peru town, Savoy town, Windsor town
Area 20	Alford town, Becket town, Egremont town, Monterey town, Mount Washington town, New Marlborough town, Otis town, Sandisfield town, Sheffield town, Tyngham town, Washington town

## Appendix C.—General Enumeration and Processing Procedures

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### USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first U.S. census in 1790, each person enumerated in the 1980 census was counted as an inhabitant of his or her "usual place of residence," which is generally construed to mean the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of residence rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1). Persons without a usual place of residence, however, were counted where they happened to be staying.

#### Armed Forces

Members of the Armed Forces living on a military installation were counted, as in every previous census, as residents of the area in which the installation was located; members of the Armed Forces not living on a military installation were counted as residents of the area in which

they were living. Family members of Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (i.e., with the Armed Forces personnel or at another location, as the case might be).

Each Navy ship was attributed to the municipality that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport, except for those ships which were deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day. As was done in the 1970 census, naval personnel aboard deployed ships were defined in the 1980 census as part of the overseas population, because deployment to the 6th or 7th Fleet implies a long-term overseas assignment.

In homeports with fewer than 1,000 naval personnel assigned to ships, the crews were counted aboard the ship. In homeports with 1,000 or more naval personnel assigned to ships, the naval personnel who indicated that they had a usual residence within 50 miles of the homeport of their ship were attributed to that residence.

When a homeport designated by the Navy was contained in more than one municipality, ships homeported and berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the municipality in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Other ships attributed by the Navy to that homeport, but which were not physically present and not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day, were allocated to the municipality named on the Navy's homeport list.

#### Crews of Merchant Vessels

Shipboard Census Reports were mailed to crews of merchant vessels through the ships' respective owner-operators based on lists of U.S. flag merchant vessels obtained from the Maritime Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

If the ship was berthed in a U.S. port on Census Day, the crew was enumerated as of that port. If the ship was

not berthed in a U.S. port but was inside the territorial waters of the United States, the crew was enumerated as of (a) the port of destination if that port was inside the United States or (b) the homeport of the ship if its port of destination was outside the United States. Crews of U.S. flag vessels which were outside U.S. territorial waters on Census Day and crews of vessels flying a foreign flag were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

#### Persons Away at School

College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since 1950. However, children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

#### Persons in Institutions

Inmates of institutions, who ordinarily live there for considerable periods of time, were counted as residents of the area where the institution was located. Patients in short-term wards (general, maternity, etc.) of hospitals were counted at their usual place of residence; if they had no usual place of residence, they were counted at the hospital.

#### Persons Away From Their Residence on Census Day

Persons in hotels, motels, etc., on the night of March 31, 1980, were requested to fill out a census form for assignment of their census information back to their homes if they indicated that no one was at home to report them in the census. A similar approach was used for persons visiting in private residences, as well as for Americans who left the United States during March 1980 via major intercontinental air or ship carriers for temporary travel abroad. In addition, information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families, resident managers, neighbors, etc. If an entire household was expected to be



away during the whole period of the enumeration, information on that household was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for persons who reported for themselves while away from their usual residence and who were also reported at this usual residence by someone else.

A special enumeration was conducted in such facilities as missions, flophouses, jails, detention centers, etc., on the night of April 6, 1980, and persons enumerated therein were counted as residents of the area in which the establishment was located.

### Americans Abroad

Americans who were overseas for an extended period (in the Armed Forces, working at civilian jobs, studying in foreign universities, etc.) were not included in the population of any State or the District of Columbia. On the other hand, Americans who were temporarily abroad on vacations, business trips, and the like were counted at their usual residence in the United States.

### Citizens of Foreign Countries

Citizens of foreign countries having their usual residence (legally or illegally) in the United States on Census Day, including those working here (but not living at an embassy, ministry, legation, chancellery, or consulate) and those attending school (but not living at an embassy, etc.), were included in the enumeration, as were members of their families living with them. However, citizens of foreign countries temporarily visiting or traveling in the United States or living on the premises of an embassy, etc., were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

## DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1980 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. A census questionnaire was delivered by postal carriers to every housing unit several days before Census Day, April 1, 1980. This questionnaire included explanatory information and was accompanied by an instruction guide. Spanish-language versions of the questionnaire and instruction guide were available on request. The questionnaire

was also available in narrative translation in 32 languages.

In most areas of the United States, altogether containing about 95 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out and mail back the questionnaire on Census Day. Approximately 83 percent of these households returned their forms by mail. Households that did not mail back a form and vacant housing units were visited by an enumerator. Households that returned a form with incomplete or inconsistent information that exceeded a specified tolerance were contacted by telephone or, if necessary, by a personal visit, to obtain the missing information.

In the remaining (mostly sparsely settled) area of the country, which contained about 5 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out the questionnaire and hold it until visited by an enumerator. Incomplete and unfilled forms were completed by interview during the enumerator's visit. Vacant units were enumerated by a personal visit and observation.

Each housing unit in the country received one of two versions of the census questionnaire: a short-form questionnaire containing a limited number of basic population and housing questions or a long-form questionnaire containing these basic questions as well as a number of additional questions. A sampling procedure was used to determine those units which were to receive the long-form questionnaire. Two sampling rates were employed. For most of the country, one in every six housing units (about 17 percent) received the long form or sample questionnaire; in counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 inhabitants, every other housing unit (50 percent) received the sample questionnaire to enhance the reliability of sample data in small areas.

Special questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters such as colleges and universities, hospitals, prisons, military installations, and ships. These forms contained the population questions but did not include any housing questions. In addition to the regular census questionnaires, the Supplementary Questionnaire for American Indians was used in conjunction with the short form on Federal and State reservations and in the historic areas of

Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) for households that had at least one American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut household member.

## PROCESSING PROCEDURES

The 1980 census questionnaires were processed in a manner similar to that for the 1970 and 1960 censuses. They were designed to be processed electronically by the Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computer (FOSDIC). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied by the respondent or obtained by the enumerator was indicated by marking the answers in predesignated positions that would be "read" by FOSDIC from a microfilm copy of the questionnaire and transferred onto computer tape with no intervening manual processing. The computer tape did not include information on individual names and addresses.

The data processing was performed in two stages. For 100-percent data, all short forms, and pages 2 and 3 of the long forms (which have the same questions as the short form), were microfilmed, "read" by FOSDIC, and transferred onto computer tape for tabulation. For the sample data, the long form (or sample) questionnaires were processed through manual coding operations since some questions required the respondent to provide write-in entries which could not be read by FOSDIC. Census Bureau coders assigned alphabetical or numerical codes to the write-in answers in FOSDIC readable code boxes on each questionnaire. After all coding was completed, the long forms were microfilmed, and the film was "read" by FOSDIC and transferred onto computer tape.

The tape containing the information from the questionnaires was processed on the Census Bureau's computers through a number of editing and tabulation steps. Among the products of this operation were computer tapes from which the tables in this report (and most others in the 1980 census publications) were prepared on phototypesetting equipment at the Government Printing Office.

A more detailed description of the data collection and processing procedures can be obtained from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing, *Users' Guide*, PHC80-R1.



## Appendix D.—Accuracy of the Data

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### INTRODUCTION

The data presented in tables P-1 through P-7 and tables H-1 through H-6 of this publication are based upon complete-count data and the data tabulated in tables P-8 through P-21 and tables H-7 through H-18 are based on the 1980 census sample. The data in tables P-8 through P-21 and tables H-7 through H-18 are estimates of the actual figures that would have resulted from a complete count. Estimates can be expected to vary from the complete-count result because they are subject to two basic types of error—sampling and nonsampling. The sampling error in the data arises from the selection of persons and housing units to be included in the sample. The nonsampling error is the result of all other errors that may occur during the collection and processing phases of the census. Nonsampling error, therefore, affects both the complete-count data in tables P-1 through P-7 and tables H-1 through H-6 and the sample data in tables

P-8 through P-21 and tables H-7 through H-18. A more detailed discussion of both sampling and nonsampling error and a description of the estimation procedure are given in this appendix.

### SAMPLE DESIGN

While every person and housing unit in the United States was enumerated on a questionnaire that requested certain basic demographic information (e.g., age, race, relationship), a sample of persons and housing units was enumerated on a questionnaire that requested additional information. The basic sampling unit for the 1980 census was the housing unit, including all occupants. For persons living in group quarters, the sampling unit was the person. Two sampling rates were employed. In counties, incorporated places, and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 persons (based on precensus estimates), one-half of all housing units and persons in group quarters were to be included in the sample. In all other places, one-sixth of the housing units or persons in group quarters were sampled. The purpose of this scheme was to provide relatively more reliable estimates for small places. When both sampling rates were taken into account across the Nation, approximately 19 percent of the Nation's housing units were included in the census sample.

The sample designation method depended on the data collection procedures. In about 95 percent of the country, the census was taken by the mailout/mailback procedure. For these areas, the Bureau of the Census either purchased a commercial mailing list which was updated and corrected by Census Bureau field staff, or prepared a mailing list by canvassing and listing each address in the area prior to Census Day. These lists were computerized, and every sixth unit (for 1-in-6 areas) or every second unit (for 1-in-2 areas) was designated as a sample

unit by computer. Both of these lists were also corrected by the Post Office.

In non-mailout/mailback areas, a blank listing book with designated sample lines (every sixth or every second line) was prepared for the enumerator. Beginning about Census Day, the enumerator systematically canvassed the area and listed all housing units in the listing book in the order they were encountered. Completed questionnaires, including sample information for any housing unit which was listed on a designated sample line, were collected.

In both types of data collection procedure areas, an enumerator was responsible for a small geographic area known as an enumeration district, or ED. An ED usually represented the average workload area for one enumerator.

In order to reduce the cost of processing, a scheme was designed, while the sample questionnaires were being processed, to select a sample of questionnaires on which the place of work and migration data items would be coded. The sample questionnaires were processed by work units consisting of 1980 census ED's. In work units (ED's) where the place of work and migration data items had not yet been coded, every other sample questionnaire within the work unit was selected for these coding operations. In work units where the place of work and migration data items already had been coded, all sample questionnaires were included in the tabulation.

### ERRORS IN THE DATA

Since the data in tables P-8 through P-21 and tables H-7 through H-18 in this publication are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from complete-count figures that would have been obtained if all housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters had been enumerated using the

same questionnaires, instructions, enumerators, etc. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is called the sampling error. The standard error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from the possible samples and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average result of all possible samples. The method of calculating standard errors and confidence intervals for the data in this report is given below.

In addition to the variability which arises from the sampling procedures, both sample data and complete-count data are subject to nonsampling error. Nonsampling error may be introduced during each of the many extensive and complex operations used to collect and process census data. For example, operations such as editing, reviewing, or handling questionnaires may introduce error into the data. A more detailed discussion of the sources of nonsampling error is given in the section on "Control of Nonsampling Error" in this appendix.

Nonsampling error may affect the data in two ways. Errors that are introduced randomly will increase the variability of the data and should therefore be reflected in the standard error. Errors that tend to be consistent in one direction will make both sample and complete-count data biased in that direction. For example, if respondents consistently tend to under-report their income, then the resulting counts of households or families by income category will be skewed toward the lower income categories. Such biases are not reflected in the standard error.

### Calculation of Standard Errors

**Totals and Percentages**—Tables A through D in this appendix contain the information necessary to calculate the standard errors of sample estimates in this report. In order to perform this calculation, it is necessary to know the unadjusted standard error for the characteristic, given in table A or B, that would result under a simple random sample design (of persons, families, or

housing units) and estimation technique; the adjustment factor for the particular characteristic estimated, given in table C; and the number of persons or housing units in the tabulation area and the percent of these in sample, given in table D. The adjustment factors reflect the effects of the actual sample design and complex ratio estimation procedure used for the 1980 census.

To calculate the approximate standard error of an estimate, follow the steps given below:

- Obtain the unadjusted standard error from table A or B (or from the formula given below the table) for the estimated total or percentage, respectively.
- Find the geographic area with which you are working in table D and obtain the person or housing unit "percent in sample" figure for this area. Use the person "percent in sample" figure for person and family characteristics and the housing unit figure for housing unit characteristics.
- Use table C to obtain the factor for the characteristic (e.g., air-conditioning, school enrollment) and the range that contains the percent in sample with which you are working. Multiply the unadjusted standard error by this factor. If the estimate is a cross-tabulation of more than one characteristic, use the largest factor.

As is evident from the formulas below tables A and B, the unadjusted standard errors of zero estimates or of very small estimated totals or percentages approach zero. This is also the case for very large percentages or estimated totals that are close to the size of the tabulation areas to which they correspond. These estimated totals and percentages are, nevertheless, still subject to sampling and nonsampling variability, and an estimated standard error of zero (or a very small standard error) is not appropriate.

For estimated percentages that are less than 2 or greater than 98, use the *unadjusted* standard errors in table B that appear in the "2 or 98" row. For an estimated total that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the tabulation area, use an *unadjusted* standard error of 16.

**Differences**—The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to differences between two sample estimates. In order to estimate the standard error of a difference, the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the following three situations:

- For the difference between a sample estimate and a complete-count value, use the standard error of the sample estimate.
- For the difference between (or sum of) two sample estimates, the appropriate standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the two individual standard errors squared; that is, for standard errors  $Se_x$  and  $Se_y$  of estimates  $x$  and  $y$ :

$$Se_{(x+y)} = Se_{(x-y)} = \sqrt{(Se_x)^2 + (Se_y)^2}$$

This method, however, will underestimate (overestimate) the standard error if the two items in a sum are highly positively (negatively) correlated or if the two items in a difference are highly negatively (positively) correlated. This method may also be used for the difference between (or sum of) sample estimates from two censuses or between a census sample and another survey. The standard error for estimates not based on the 1980 census sample must be obtained from an appropriate source outside of this publication.

- For the difference between two estimates, one of which is a subclass of the other, use the tables directly where the calculated difference is the estimate of interest.

**Means**—The standard error of a mean depends upon the variability of the distribution on which the mean is based, the size of the sample, the sample design (e.g., the use of households as a sampling unit), and the estimation procedure used.

An approximation to the standard error of the mean may be obtained as follows: compute the variance of the distribution on which the mean is based; multiply this value by five and divide the product by the total count of units in the distribution; obtain the square



root of this quotient and multiply the result by the adjustment factor from table C that is appropriate for the characteristic on which the mean is based.

**Medians**—For the standard error of a median of a characteristic, it is necessary to examine the distribution from which the median is derived, as the size of the base and the distribution itself affect the standard error. An approximate method is given here. As the first step, compute one-half of the number on which the median is based (refer to this result as  $N/2$ ). Treat  $N/2$  as if it were an ordinary estimate and obtain its standard error as instructed above using tables A, C, and D. Compute the desired confidence interval about  $N/2$ . Starting with the lowest value of the characteristic, cumulate the frequencies in each category of the characteristic until the sum equals or first exceeds the lower limit of the confidence interval about  $N/2$ . By linear interpolation, obtain a value of the characteristic corresponding to this sum. This is the lower limit of the confidence interval of the median. In a similar manner, cumulate frequencies starting from the highest value of the characteristic until the sum equals or exceeds the count in excess of the upper limit of the interval about  $N/2$ . Interpolate as before to obtain the upper limit of the confidence interval for the estimated median.

### Confidence Intervals

A sample estimate and its estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence intervals about the estimate. These intervals are ranges that will contain the average value of the estimated characteristic that results over all possible samples, with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples that could result under the 1980 census sample design were independently selected and surveyed under the same conditions, and if the estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated for each of these samples, then:

- (1) Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one estimated standard error below the estimate to one estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples; and
- (2) Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two estimated standard errors below the estimate to two estimated standard errors above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

The intervals are referred to as 68-percent and 95-percent confidence intervals, respectively.

The average value of the estimated characteristic that could be derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. Thus, we cannot make the statement that the average value has a certain probability of falling between the limits of the calculated confidence interval. Rather, one can say with a specified probability or confidence that the calculated confidence interval includes the average estimate from all possible samples (approximately the complete-count value).

Confidence intervals may also be constructed for the difference between two sample figures. This is done by computing the difference between these figures, obtaining the standard error of the difference (using the formula given earlier), and then forming a confidence interval for this estimated difference as above. One can then say with specified confidence that this interval includes the difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The estimated standard errors given in this report do not include all portions of the variability due to nonsampling error that may be present in the data.

The standard errors reflect the effect of simple response variance, but not the effect of correlated errors introduced by enumerators, coders, or other field or processing personnel. Thus, the standard errors calculated represent a lower bound of the total error. As a result, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standard errors may not meet the stated levels of confidence (i.e., 68 or 95 percent). Thus, some care must be exercised in the interpretation of the data in this publication based on the estimated standard errors.

For more information on confidence intervals and nonsampling error, see any standard sampling theory text.

### Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors

See appendix D of PHC80-3, *Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas* or PC80-1-C, *General Social and Economic Characteristics*, for examples showing the computation of standard errors and the formation of confidence intervals.

### ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

The estimates which appear in this publication were obtained from an iterative ratio estimation procedure which resulted in the assignment of a weight to each sample person or housing unit record. For any given tabulation area, a characteristic total was estimated by summing the weights assigned to the persons or housing units in the tabulation area which possessed the characteristic. Estimates of family characteristics were based on the weights assigned to the family members designated as householders. Each sample person or housing unit record was assigned exactly one weight to be used to produce estimates of all characteristics. For example, if the weight given to a sample person or housing unit had the value five, all characteristics of that person or housing unit would be tabulated with a weight of five. The estimation procedure, however, did assign weights which vary from person to person or housing unit to housing unit.

The estimation procedure used to assign the weights was performed in geographically defined "weighting areas." Weighting areas were generally formed of adjoining portions of geography, which closely agreed with census tabulation areas within counties. Weighting areas were required to have a minimum sample of 400 persons. Weighting areas were never allowed to cross state or county boundaries. In small counties with a sample count of less than 400 persons, the minimum required sample condition was relaxed to permit the entire county to become a weighting area.

Within a weighting area, the ratio estimation procedure for persons was performed in three stages. For persons, the first stage employed 17 household type groups. The second stage used two groups: householders and nonhouseholders. The



## Appendix D.—Accuracy of the Data

third stage could potentially use 160 age-sex-race-Spanish origin groups. The stages were as follows:

### PERSONS

#### Stage I—Type of Household

##### Group *Persons in Housing Units With a Family With Own Children Under 18*

- |   |                                   |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| 1 | 2 persons in housing unit         |
| 2 | 3 persons in housing unit         |
| 3 | 4 persons in housing unit         |
| 4 | 5 to 7 persons in housing unit    |
| 5 | 8 or more persons in housing unit |

##### *Persons in Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18*

- |      |                                                                     |
|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 6-10 | 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit |
|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|

##### *Persons in All Other Housing Units*

- |       |                                                                     |
|-------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 11    | 1 person in housing unit                                            |
| 12-16 | 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit |

##### 17 *Persons in Group Quarters*

#### Stage II—Householder/Nonhouseholder

- |       |                                                      |
|-------|------------------------------------------------------|
| Group |                                                      |
| 1     | Householder                                          |
| 2     | Nonhouseholder (including persons in group quarters) |

#### Stage III—Age/Sex/Race/Spanish Origin

##### Group *White Race* *Persons of Spanish Origin Male*

- |   |                          |
|---|--------------------------|
| 1 | 0 to 4 years of age      |
| 2 | 5 to 14 years of age     |
| 3 | 15 to 19 years of age    |
| 4 | 20 to 24 years of age    |
| 5 | 25 to 34 years of age    |
| 6 | 35 to 44 years of age    |
| 7 | 45 to 64 years of age    |
| 8 | 65 years of age or older |

##### *Female*

- |      |                                      |
|------|--------------------------------------|
| 9-16 | Same age categories as groups 1 to 8 |
|------|--------------------------------------|

##### *Persons Not of Spanish Origin*

- |       |                                               |
|-------|-----------------------------------------------|
| 17-32 | Same age and sex categories as groups 1 to 16 |
|-------|-----------------------------------------------|

##### *Black Race*

- |       |                                                          |
|-------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| 33-64 | Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32 |
|-------|----------------------------------------------------------|

##### *Asian, Pacific Islander Race*

- |       |                                                          |
|-------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| 65-96 | Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32 |
|-------|----------------------------------------------------------|

##### *Indian (American) or Eskimo or Aleut Race*

- |        |                                                          |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| 97-128 | Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32 |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------|

##### *Other Race (includes those races not listed above)*

- |         |                                                          |
|---------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| 129-160 | Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32 |
|---------|----------------------------------------------------------|

Within a weighting area, the first step in the estimation procedure was to assign each sample person record an initial weight. This weight was approximately equal to the inverse of the probability of selecting a person for the census sample.

The next step in the estimation procedure was to combine, if necessary, the groups in each of the three stages prior to the repeated ratio estimation in order to increase the reliability of the ratio estimation procedure. For the first and second stages, any group that did not meet certain criteria concerning the unweighted sample count or the ratio of the complete count to the initially weighted sample count was combined or collapsed with another group in the same stage according to a specified collapsing pattern. At the third stage, the "Other" race category was collapsed with the "White" race category before the above collapsing criteria as well as an additional criterion concerning the number of complete-count persons in each category were applied.

As the final step, the initial weights underwent three stages of ratio adjustment which used the groups listed above. At the first stage, the ratio of the complete-census count to the sum of the initial weights for each sample person was computed for each stage I group. The initial weight assigned to each person in a group was then multiplied by the stage

I group ratio to produce an adjusted weight. In stage II, the stage I adjusted weights were again adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage I weights for sample persons in each stage II group. Finally, the stage II weights were adjusted at stage III by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage II weights for sample persons in each stage III group. The three stages of adjustment were performed twice (two iterations) in the order given above. The weights obtained from the second iteration for stage III were assigned to the sample person records. However, to avoid complications in rounding for tabulated data, only whole number weights were assigned. For example, if the final weight for the persons in a particular group was 7.2, then one-fifth of the sample persons in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8 and the remaining four-fifths received a weight of 7.

Separate weights were derived for tabulating the place of work and migration data items. The weights were obtained by adjusting the weight derived above for persons on questionnaires selected for coding by the reciprocal of the ED coding rate and a ratio adjustment to ensure that the sum of the weights and the complete count total population figure would agree.

The ratio estimation procedure for housing units was essentially the same as that for persons. The major difference was that the occupied housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in two stages and the vacant housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in one stage. The first stage for occupied housing units employed 16 household-type categories, and the second stage could potentially use 190 tenure-race-Spanish origin-value/rent groups. For vacant housing units, three groups were utilized. The stages for the ratio estimation for housing units were as follows:

### OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

#### Stage I—Type of Household

##### Group *Housing Units With a Family With Own Children Under 18*

- |   |                           |
|---|---------------------------|
| 1 | 2 persons in housing unit |
| 2 | 3 persons in housing unit |
| 3 | 4 persons in housing unit |

## Appendix D.—Accuracy of the Data

4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit	82	\$60 to \$99
5	8 or more persons in housing unit	83	\$100 to \$149
		84	\$150 to \$199
	<i>Housing Units With a Family</i>	85	\$200 to \$249
	<i>Without Own Children Under 18</i>	86	\$250 to \$299
6-10	2 persons in housing unit	87	\$300 to \$399
	through 8 or more persons	88	\$400 to \$499
	in housing unit	89	\$500+
		90	Other Renter
	<i>All Other Housing Units</i>	91	No Cash Rent
11	1 person in housing unit		<i>Persons not of Spanish origin</i>
12-16	2 persons in housing unit		
	through 8 or more persons	92-102	Same rent categories as groups 81 to 91
	in housing unit		
<b>Stage II—Tenure/Race and Origin of Householder/Value or Rent</b>			
<i>Black Race</i>			
Group	Owner	103-124	Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102
	<i>White Race (householder)</i>		
	<i>Persons of Spanish Origin (householder)</i>		<i>Asian, Pacific Islander Race</i>
	<i>Value of House</i>	125-146	Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102
1	\$0 to \$9,999		
2	\$10,000 to \$19,999		<i>Indian (American) or Eskimo or Aleut Race</i>
3	\$20,000 to \$24,999		
4	\$25,000 to \$49,999	147-168	Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102
5	\$50,000 to \$99,999		
6	\$100,000 to \$149,999		<i>Other Race (includes those races not listed above)</i>
7	\$150,000+		
8	Other Owners	169-190	Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102
	<i>Persons Not of Spanish Origin</i>		
9-16	Same value categories as groups 1 to 8		
	<i>Black Race</i>		
17-32	Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16		
	<i>Asian, Pacific Islander Race</i>		
33-48	Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16		
	<i>Indian (American) or Eskimo or Aleut Race</i>		
49-64	Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16		
	<i>Other Race (includes those races not listed above)</i>		
65-80	Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16		
	<i>Renter</i>		
	<i>White Race</i>		
	<i>Persons of Spanish Origin</i>		
	<i>Rent Categories</i>		
81	\$1 to \$59		

for the most part, be consistent with the complete-count figures for the population and housing unit groups used in the estimation procedure.

### CONTROL OF NONSAMPLING ERROR

As mentioned above, nonsampling error is present in both sample and complete-count data. If left unchecked, this error could introduce serious bias into the data, the variability of which could increase dramatically over that which would result purely from sampling. While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the 1980 census, the Bureau of the Census attempted to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. The primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted for control of this error are described below. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions were actually carried out during the census. To the extent possible, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will be evaluated.

**Undercoverage**—It is possible for some housing units or persons to be entirely missed by the census. This undercoverage of persons and housing units can introduce biases into the data. Several extensive programs that were developed to focus on this important problem are explained below.

- The Postal Service reviewed mailing lists and reported housing unit addresses which were missing, undeliverable, or duplicated in the listings.
- The purchased commercial mailing list was updated and corrected by a complete field review of the list of housing units during a prec canvass operation.
- A record check was performed to reduce the undercoverage of individual persons in selected areas. Independent lists of persons, such as driver's license holders, were matched with the household rosters in the census listings. Persons not matched to the census rosters were followed up and added to the census counts if they were found to have been missed.

### VACANT HOUSING UNITS

Group	
1	<i>Vacant for Rent</i>
2	<i>Vacant for Sale</i>
3	<i>Other Vacant</i>

The estimates produced by this procedure realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted if the population had been stratified into the ratio estimation groups before sampling, and the sampling rate had been applied independently to each group. The net effect is a reduction in both the standard error and the possible bias of most estimated characteristics to levels below what would have resulted from simply using the initial (unadjusted) weight. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that the estimates from the sample will,



- A recheck of housing units initially classified as vacant or nonexistent was utilized to further reduce the undercoverage of persons.

More extensive discussions of programs developed to reduce undercoverage will be published as the analyses of those programs are completed.

**Respondent and Enumerator Error**—The person answering the questionnaire or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error by offering incorrect or incomplete information. To reduce this source of error, questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on precensus tests, and detailed instructions for completing the questionnaire were provided to each housing unit. In addition, respondents' answers were edited for completeness and consistency and followed up as necessary. For example, if labor force items were incomplete for a person 15 years and over, long-form field edit procedures would recognize the situation, and a followup attempt to obtain the information would be made.

The enumerator may misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent, may fail to collect some of the information for a person or housing unit; or may collect data for housing units that were not designated as part of the sample. To control these problems, the work of enumerators was carefully monitored. Field staff were prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages which included experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by enumerators for nonresponse was reinterviewed to control for the possibility of data for fabricated persons being submitted by enumerators. Also, the estimation procedure was designed to control for biases that would result from the collection of data from housing units not designated for the sample.

**Processing Error**—The many phases of processing the census represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires includes the field editing, followup, and transmittal of completed questionnaires; the manual coding of write-in responses; and the electronic data processing. The various field, coding, and computer operations undergo a num-

ber of quality control checks to insure their accurate application.

**Nonresponse**—Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire allows for the introduction of bias into the data, since the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any allocation procedure using respondent data may not completely reflect this difference either at the element level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing nonresponse. In the census, nonresponse was substantially reduced during the field operations by the various edit and follow-up operations aimed at obtaining a response for every question. Characteristics for the nonresponse remaining after this operation were allocated by the computer using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics. The allocation procedure is described in more detail below.

### EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of statistics that describes the housing inventory and population as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, certain unacceptable entries were edited.

In the field, questionnaires were reviewed for omissions and certain inconsistencies by a census clerk or an enumerator and, if necessary, a followup was made to obtain missing information. In addition, a similar review of questionnaires was done in the central processing offices. As a rule, however, editing was performed by hand only when it could not be done effectively by machine.

As one of the first steps in editing, the configuration of marks on the questionnaire column was scanned electronically to determine whether it contained information for a person or a housing unit or merely spurious marks. If the column contained entries for at least two of the basic characteristics (relationship, sex, race, age, marital status, Spanish origin), the inference was made that the marks represented a person. In cases in which two or more basic characteristics

were available for only a portion of the people in the unit, other information on the questionnaire provided by an enumerator was used to determine the total number of persons. Names were not used as a criterion of the presence of a person because the electronic scanning did not distinguish any entry in the name space.

If any characteristic for a person or a housing unit was still missing when the questionnaires reached central processing, they were supplied by allocation. Allocations, or assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries, were needed most often when there was no entry for a given item or when the information reported for a person or housing unit on that item was inconsistent with other information for the person or housing unit. As in previous censuses, the general procedure for changing unacceptable entries was to assign an entry for a person or housing unit that was consistent with entries for other persons or units with similar characteristics. Thus, a person who was reported as a 20-year-old son of the householder, but for whom marital status was not reported, was assigned the same marital status as that of the last son processed in the same age group. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries enhances the usefulness of the data.

The editing process for complete-count data also includes another type of correction; namely, the assignment of a full set of characteristics for a person or a housing unit. When there was indication that a housing unit was occupied but the questionnaire contained no information for all or most of the people, although persons were known to be present or when there was no information on the housing unit, a previously processed household was selected as a substitute, and the full set of characteristics for each substitute person or housing unit was duplicated. These duplications fall into two classes: (1) "substitution for mechanical failure," e.g., when the questionnaire page was not properly microfilmed, and (2) "substitution for noninterview," e.g., when a housing unit was indicated as occupied but the occupants or housing unit characteristics were not listed on the questionnaire.

Specific tolerances were established for the number of computer allocations



## Appendix D.—Accuracy of the Data

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and substitutions that would be permitted. If the number of corrections was beyond tolerance, the questionnaires in which the errors occurred were clerically reviewed. If it was found that the errors resulted from damaged questionnaires, from improper microfilming, from faulty

reading by FOSDIC of undamaged questionnaires, or from other types of machine failure, the questionnaires were reprocessed.

The extent of allocation for States, counties, and other areas will be shown

in the allocation tables in the Census Bureau publications PC80-1-B, *General Population Characteristics*; PC80-1-C, *General Social and Economic Characteristics*; HC80-1-A, *General Housing Characteristics*; and HC80-1-B, *Detailed Housing Characteristics*.

## Appendix D.—Accuracy of the Data

Table A. **Unadjusted Standard Errors for Estimated Totals**

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Total <sup>1/</sup>	Size of publication area <sup>2/</sup>													
	500	1 000	2 500	5 000	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000	1 000 000	5 000 000	10 000 000	25 000 000
50.....	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
100.....	20	21	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
250.....	25	30	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
500.....	-	35	45	45	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
1 000.....	-	-	55	65	65	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
2 500.....	-	-	-	80	95	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110
5 000.....	-	-	-	-	110	140	150	150	160	160	160	160	160	160
10 000.....	-	-	-	-	-	170	200	210	220	220	220	220	220	220
15 000.....	-	-	-	-	-	170	230	250	270	270	270	270	270	270
25 000.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	250	310	340	350	350	350	350	350
75 000.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	310	510	570	590	610	610	610
100 000.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	550	630	670	700	700	710
250 000.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	790	970	1 090	1 100	1 100
500 000.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 120	1 500	1 540	1 570
1 000 000....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 000	2 120	2 190
5 000 000....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 540	4 470
10 000 000...	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 480

<sup>1/</sup> For estimated totals larger than 10 000 000, the standard error is somewhat larger than the table values. The formula given below should be used to calculate the standard error.

$$Se(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{5\hat{Y}(1-\frac{\hat{Y}}{N})}$$

N = Size of area

$\hat{Y}$  = Estimate of characteristic total

<sup>2/</sup> The total count of persons in the area if the estimated total is a person characteristic, or the total count of housing units in the area if the estimated total is a housing unit characteristic.

Table B. **Unadjusted Standard Error in Percentage Points for Estimated Percentages**

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Percentage	Base of percentage <sup>1/</sup>													
	500	750	1 000	1 500	2 500	5 000	7 500	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000	
2 or 98.....	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	
5 or 95.....	2.2	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	
10 or 90.....	3.0	2.4	2.1	1.7	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	
15 or 85.....	3.6	2.9	2.5	2.1	1.6	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	
20 or 80.....	4.0	3.3	2.8	2.3	1.8	1.3	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	
25 or 75.....	4.3	3.5	3.1	2.5	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	
30 or 70.....	4.6	3.7	3.2	2.6	2.0	1.4	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1	
35 or 65.....	4.8	3.9	3.4	2.8	2.1	1.5	1.2	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	
50.....	5.0	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.2	1.6	1.3	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.2	

<sup>1/</sup> For a percentage and/or base of percentage not shown in the table, the formula given below may be used to calculate the standard error.

$$Se(\hat{p}) = \sqrt{\frac{5}{B} \hat{p}(100-\hat{p})}$$

B = Base of estimated percentage

$\hat{p}$  = Estimated percentage

Table C. Standard Error Adjustment Factors

(Percent of persons or housing units in sample)

Characteristics	Less than 19 Percent	19 to 33 Percent	More than 33 Percent
POPULATION			
Age, sex, race, and Spanish origin.....	1.2	1.0	0.5
Family type.....	1.1	0.9	0.5
Marital status.....	1.0	0.8	0.4
Language usage and ability to speak			
English.....	1.3	1.3	0.6
Ancestry.....	1.7	1.4	0.8
Nativity and place of birth.....	1.4	1.2	0.6
Residence in 1975.....	3.7	3.2	2.5
Means of transportation to work.....	1.2	1.0	0.6
School enrollment.....	1.3	1.1	0.6
Years of school completed.....	1.2	1.1	0.5
Work and public transportation			
disability.....	1.1	0.9	0.5
Labor force status.....	1.1	0.9	0.5
Hours worked per week and weeks			
worked in 1979.....	1.1	0.9	0.5
Unemployed in 1979.....	1.1	0.9	0.5
Industry and occupation.....	1.1	1.0	0.5
Class of worker.....	1.1	0.9	0.5
Household income.....	1.1	0.8	0.5
Income type.....	1.1	0.9	0.5
Family income.....	1.1	0.8	0.5
Unrelated individual income.....	1.1	0.9	0.5
Workers in family.....	1.2	1.1	0.6
Poverty status: Family.....	1.2	1.0	0.6
Poverty status: Persons.....	1.9	1.6	0.9
Poverty status: Unrelated individuals.....	1.1	1.0	0.5
HOUSING			
Occupancy and vacancy status.....	1.1	0.7	0.5
Tenure.....	1.1	0.9	0.5
Units in structure.....	1.1	0.9	0.5
Source of water.....	1.0	0.8	0.5
Sewage disposal.....	1.1	0.9	0.6
Year structure built.....	1.1	0.9	0.5
Year householder moved into			
housing unit.....	1.1	0.9	0.5
Heating equipment and fuel.....	1.1	0.9	0.5
Kitchen facilities.....	1.1	0.8	0.5
Number of bedrooms or bathrooms.....	1.1	0.9	0.5
Telephone in housing unit.....	1.1	0.9	0.5
Air conditioning.....	1.2	1.0	0.5
Vehicles available.....	1.1	0.9	0.5
Gross rent.....	1.1	0.9	0.5
Mortgage status and selected			
monthly owner cost.....	1.1	0.8	0.5
Poverty status: Housing.....	1.2	1.0	0.6
Complete plumbing facilities			
for exclusive use with 1.01			
persons per room or more.....	1.1	0.9	0.5
Household income.....	1.1	0.8	0.5



Table D. **Percent of Persons and Housing Units in Sample: 1980**

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

**Census Tracts**

	Persons		Housing units	
	100-percent count	Percent in sample	100-percent count	Percent in sample
The SMSA -----	90 505	16.8	35 484	17.1
Berkshire County (pt.) -----	90 505	16.8	35 484	17.1
Pittsfield city -----	51 974	16.0	20 484	15.9
Remainder of Berkshire County (pt.) -----	38 531	17.8	15 000	18.8
Pittsfield city, Berkshire County:				
Tract 9001 -----	4 059	15.5	2 401	15.2
Tract 9002 -----	5 305	17.0	2 297	15.4
Tract 9003 -----	3 493	16.0	1 259	16.1
Tract 9004 -----	5 678	15.9	2 063	16.2
Tract 9005 -----	2 963	14.7	1 064	15.0
Tract 9006 -----	4 563	17.1	1 897	16.0
Tract 9007 -----	3 250	14.8	1 083	16.1
Tract 9008 -----	5 828	16.1	1 966	16.4
Tract 9009 -----	6 546	15.9	2 562	15.9
Tract 9010 -----	6 003	16.2	2 145	16.3
Tract 9011 -----	4 286	16.0	1 747	15.9
Remainder of Berkshire County (pt.):				
Tract 9111 -----	3 131	16.7	1 223	14.8
Tract 9121 -----	6 797	15.9	2 336	16.1
Tract 9131 -----	6 523	15.8	2 208	15.7
Tract 9141 -----	6 247	14.8	2 314	14.8
Tract 9221 -----	3 335	16.6	1 513	16.5
Tract 9222 -----	4 559	16.6	1 838	16.5
Tract 9223 -----	2 487	16.1	974	16.4
Tract 9231 -----	3 124	16.8	1 208	16.7
Tract 9241 -----	2 328	45.6	1 386	47.8

## Appendix E.—Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

### INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 1 THROUGH 10

1. List in question 1 (on page 1), the names of all the people who usually live here. Then turn to pages 2 and 3 where there are columns to list up to seven persons. In the first column print the name of one of the household members in whose name this home is owned or rented. If no household member owns or rents the living quarters, list in the first column any adult household member who is not a roomer, boarder, or paid employee. Print the names of the other household members, if any, in the columns which follow, using question 1 as a checklist.

2. Fill a circle to show how each person is related to the person in column 1.

A stepchild or legally adopted child of the person in column 1 should be marked **Son/daughter**. Foster children or wards living in the household should be marked **Roomer, boarder**.

3. Be sure to fill a circle for the sex of each person.
4. Fill the circle for the category with which the person most closely identifies. If you fill the **Indian (American)** or **Other** circle, be sure to print the name of the specific Indian tribe or specific group.
5. Enter age at last birthday in the space provided (enter "0" for babies less than one year old). Also enter month and year of birth, and fill the appropriate circles. For an illustration of how to complete question 5, see the example on pages 4 and 5. If age or month or year of birth is not known, give your best estimate.
6. If the person's only marriage was annulled, mark **Never married**.
7. A person is of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent if the person identifies his or her ancestry with one of the listed groups, that is, Mexican, Puerto Rican, etc. Origin or descent (ancestry) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born.
8. Do not count enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college. A **public** school is any school or college which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, county, State, or Federal Government.

9. Fill only one circle. Mark the highest grade *ever* attended even if the person did not finish it. If the person is still in school, mark the grade in which now enrolled. Schooling received in foreign or ungraded schools should be reported as the equivalent grade or year in the regular American school system. If uncertain whether a Head Start program is for nursery school or kindergarten, mark the circle for Nursery school.

If the person skipped or repeated grades, mark the highest grade *ever* attended regardless of how long it took to get there. Persons who did not attend any college but who completed high school by finishing the 12th grade or by passing an equivalency test, such as the

General Educational Development (GED) examination, should fill the circle for the 12th grade.

10. Mark **Finished this grade (or year)** only if the person finished the *entire* grade or year marked in question 9 or if the highest grade was completed by passing a high school equivalency test.

### INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H4 THROUGH H12

- H4. Mark only one circle. *This address* means the house or building number where your living quarters are located.

- H5. Mark the second circle only if you *must* go through someone else's living quarters to get to your own.

- H6. Consider that you have hot water even if you have it only part of the time.

Mark **Yes, but also used by another household** if someone else who lives in the same building, but is not a member of your household, also uses the facilities. Mark this circle also if the occupants of living quarters now vacant would also use the facilities in your living quarters.

- H7. Count only whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Do not count bathrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, or unfinished attics, unfinished basements, or other space used for storage.

- H8. Mark **Owned or being bought** if the living quarters are owned outright or are mortgaged. Also mark **Owned or being bought** if the living quarters are owned but the land is rented.

Mark **Rented for cash rent** if any money rent is paid. Rent may be paid by persons who are not members of your household.

**Occupied without payment of cash rent** includes, for example, a parsonage, military housing, a house or apartment provided free of rent by the owner, or a house or apartment occupied by a janitor or caretaker in exchange for services.

- H9. A **condominium** is housing in which the apartments or houses in a development are individually owned, but the common areas, such as lobbies, halls, etc., are jointly owned. The person owning a condominium very likely has a mortgage on the particular unit.

- H10b. A **commercial establishment** is easily recognized from the outside, for example, a grocery store or barber shop. A **medical office** is a doctor's or dentist's office regularly visited by patients.

- H11. Include the value of the house, the land it is on, and any other structures on the same property. If the house is owned but the land is rented, estimate the combined value of the house and the

land. If this is a condominium unit, enter the estimated value for your living quarters and your share of the common elements.

- H12. Report the rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the rent is unpaid or paid by someone else.

If rent is not paid by the month, change the rent to a monthly amount; and then fill the appropriate circle in question H12.

If rent is paid:	Multiply rent by:
By the day	30
By the week	4
Every other week	2

If rent is paid:	Divide rent by:
4 times a year	3
2 times a year	6
Once a year	12

### INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H13 THROUGH H20

- H13. Mark only one circle.

*Detached* means there is open space on all sides, or the house is joined only to a shed or garage. *Attached* means that the house is joined to another house or building by at least one wall which goes from ground to roof.

Mark **A** one-family house detached from any other house when a mobile-home or trailer has had one or more rooms added or built onto it; a porch or shed is not considered a room.

Count all occupied and vacant living quarters in the house or building, but not stores or office space.

- H14a. Do not count unfinished basements or unfinished attics. However, a basement or attic with finished room(s) for living purposes should be counted as a story.

- H15a. A city or suburban lot is usually located in a city, a community, or any built-up area outside a city or community, and is not larger than the house and yard. All living quarters in apartment buildings, including garden-type apartments in the city or suburbs, are considered on a city or suburban lot.

A place is a farm, ranch, or any other property, other than a city or suburban lot, on which this residence is located.

- H16. If a well provides water for six or more houses or apartments, mark **A** public system. If a well provides water for five or fewer houses or apartments, mark one of the categories for *individual well*.

*Drilled wells*, or small diameter wells, are usually less than 1½ feet in diameter. *Dug wells* are generally hand dug and are wider.

- H17. A public sewer is operated by a government body or a private organization. A septic tank or cesspool is an underground tank or pit used for disposal of sewage.

- H19. The term *person in column 1* refers to the person listed in the first column on page 2. This person should be the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the house is owned or rented. If there is no such person, any adult household member can be the person in column 1. Mark when this person last moved into this house or apartment.

- H20. This question refers to the type of heating equipment and not to the fuel used.

An electric heat pump is sometimes known as a reverse cycle

system. It may be centrally installed with ducts to the rooms or individual heat pumps in the rooms.

A floor, wall, or pipeless furnace delivers warm air to the room right above the furnace or to the room(s) on one or both sides of the wall in which the furnace is installed and does not have ducts leading to other rooms.

Any heater that you plug into an electric outlet should be counted as a portable room heater.

### INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H21 THROUGH H32

- H21. Gas from underground pipes is piped in from a central system such as one operated by a public utility company or a municipal government. Bottled, tank, or LP gas is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. Other fuel includes any fuel not separately listed, for example, purchased steam, fuel briquettes, waste material, etc.

- H22. If your living quarters are rented, enter the costs for utilities and fuels only if you pay for them in addition to the rent entered in H12. If already included in rent, fill the appropriate circle.

The amounts to be reported should be for the past 12 months, that is, for electricity and gas, the monthly average for the past 12 months; for water and other fuels, the total amount for the past 12 months.

Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known.

Report amounts even if your bills are unpaid or paid by someone else. If the bills include utilities or fuel used also by another apartment or a business establishment, estimate the amounts for your own living quarters. If gas and electricity are billed together, enter the combined amount on the electricity line and bracket ( { ) the two utilities.

- H23. The kitchen sink, stove, and refrigerator must be located in the building but do not have to be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered as a range or cook stove.

- H26. Answer Yes only if the telephone is located in your living quarters.

- H27. Count only equipment used to cool the air by means of a refrigeration unit.

- H28—H29. Count company cars (including police cars and taxicabs) and company trucks that are regularly kept at home and used by household members. Do not count cars or trucks permanently out of working order.

- H30—H32. Do not answer these questions if you live in a cooperative, regardless of the number of units in the structure.

- H30. Report taxes for all taxing jurisdictions even if they are included in mortgage payment, not paid yet, paid by someone else, or are delinquent.

- H31. When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, convert to a yearly basis and enter the yearly amount, even if no payment was made during the past 12 months.

- H32a. The word "mortgage" is used as a general term to indicate all types of loans which are secured by real estate.



## Appendix E.—Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

- b. A second or junior mortgage is also secured by real estate but has been made by the homeowner in addition to the first mortgage.
- c. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see instructions for H12 to change it to a monthly amount.

### INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 11 THROUGH 14

#### 11. *For persons born in the United States:*

Print the name of the State in which this person's mother was living when this person was born. For persons born in a hospital, do not give the State in which the hospital was located unless the hospital and the mother's home were in the same State or the location of the mother's home is not known. For example, if a person was born in a hospital in Washington, D.C., but the mother's home was in Virginia at the time of the person's birth, enter "Virginia."

#### *For persons born outside the United States:*

Print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., where the person was born. Use international boundaries as now recognized by the United States. Specify whether Northern Ireland or Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; England, Scotland or Wales (*not* Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular island in the Caribbean, *not*, for example, West Indies.

- 12. This question is only for persons born in a foreign country. Fill the Yes, a naturalized citizen circle only if the person has *completed* the naturalization process and is now a citizen.

If the person has entered the U.S. more than once, fill the circle for the year he or she came to stay permanently.

- 13a. Mark **No**, only speaks English if the person always speaks English *at home*; then skip to question 14.

Mark **Yes** if the person speaks a language other than English *at home*. Do *not* mark **Yes** for a language spoken only at school or if speaking ability is limited to a few expressions or slang.

- b. Print the non-English language spoken *at home*. If this person speaks two or more non-English languages *at home* and cannot determine which is spoken most often, report the first language the person learned to speak.

- c. Fill the circle that best describes the person's *ability* to speak English.

- (1) The circle **Very well** should be filled for persons who have no difficulty speaking English.
- (2) The circle **Well** should be filled for persons who have only minor problems which do not seriously limit their ability to speak English.
- (3) The circle **Not well** should be filled for persons who are seriously limited in their ability to speak English.
- (4) The circle **Not at all** should be filled for persons who do not speak English at all.

- 14. Print the ancestry group with which the person *identifies*. Ancestry (or origin or descent) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or the country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. Persons who are of more than one origin and who cannot identify with a single group should print their multiple ancestry (for example, German-Irish).

Be specific; for example, if ancestry is "Indian," specify whether American Indian, Asian Indian, or West Indian. Distinguish Cape Verdean from Portuguese, and French Canadian from Canadian.

A religious group should not be reported as a person's ancestry.

### INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 15 THROUGH 20

- 15a. Mark **Yes**, this house if this person lived in this same house or apartment on April 1, 1975, but moved away and came back between then and now. Mark **No**, different house if this person lived in the same building but in a different apartment (or in the same mobile home or trailer but on a different trailer site).

- b. If this person lived in a different house or apartment on April 1, 1975, give the location of this person's usual home at that time.

Part (1) If the person was living in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the name of the State. If the person did *not* live in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.

Part (2) If in Louisiana, print the parish name. If in Alaska, print the borough name. If in New York City — print the borough name if the county name is not known. If an independent city, leave blank.

Part (3) If in Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island or Vermont, print the name of the town rather than the name of the village or city, unless the name of the town is unknown.

Part (4) Mark **Yes** if you know that the location is *now* inside the limits of a city, town, village or other incorporated place, even if it was not inside the limits on April 1, 1975.

- 17a. Mark **Yes** only if this person was on *active* duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard. Mark **No** if the person was in the National Guard or the reserves.

- b. Mark **Yes** if the person was attending a college or university either full or part time and was enrolled for credit toward a degree. Mark **No** if the person was taking only non-credit courses or was attending a vocational or trade school, such as secretarial school.

- c. Mark **Yes**, full time if the person worked full time (35 hours or more per week). Mark **Yes**, part time if the person worked part time (less than 35 hours per week). Mark **No** if the person only did unpaid volunteer work, housework or yard work at own home, or if the only work done was as a resident of an institution.

- 18a. Mark **Yes** if this person was ever on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, even if the time served was short. For persons in the National Guard or military reserve units, mark **Yes** *only* if the person was ever called to active duty; mark **No** if the only service was active duty for training.

- b. If this person served during more than one period, fill all circles which apply, even if service was for a short time.

- 19. The term "health condition" refers to any physical or mental problem which has lasted for 6 or more months. A serious problem with seeing, hearing, or speech should be considered a health condition. Pregnancy or a temporary health problem such as a broken bone that is expected to heal normally should *not* be considered a health condition.

- 20. Count all children born alive, including any who have died (even shortly after birth) or who no longer live with her.

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 21 THROUGH 26

21. If the exact date of marriage is not known, give your best estimate.
- 22a. Mark **Yes** if the person worked, either full or part time, on any day of last week (Sunday through Saturday).

## Count as work:

Work for someone else for wages, salary, piece rate, commission, tips, or payments "in kind" (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).

Work in own business, professional practice, or farm.

Any work in a family business or farm, paid or not.

Any part-time work including babysitting, paper routes, etc.

Active duty in Armed Forces.

## Do not count as work:

Housework or yard work at home.

Unpaid volunteer work.

Work done as a resident of an institution.

- b. Give the *actual* number of hours worked at *all jobs last week*, even if that was more or fewer hours than usually worked.
23. If the person worked at several locations, but reported to the same location each day to begin work, print where he or she reported. If the person did not report to the same location each day to begin work, print the words "various locations" for 23a, and give as much information as possible in the remainder of 23 to identify the area in which he or she worked *most* last week.

If the person's employer operates in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), give the exact address of the location or branch where the person worked.

If the person worked in a foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., print the name of the country in 23e and leave the other parts of 23 blank.

- 24a. Travel time is from door to door. Include time taken waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, etc.
- b. Mark **Worked** at home for a person who works on a farm where he or she lives, or in an office or shop in the person's home.
- c. If the person was driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a non-work destination, mark **Drive alone**.
- d. Do not include riders who rode to school or some other non-work destination.
25. If the person works only during certain seasons or on a day-to-day basis when work is available, mark **No**.

- 26a. Mark **Yes** if the person tried to get a job or to start a business or professional practice at any time in the last *four* weeks; for example, registered at an employment office, went to a job interview, placed or answered ads, or did anything toward starting a business or professional practice.

- b. Mark **No**, already has a job if the person was on layoff or was expecting to report to a job within 30 days.

Mark **No**, temporarily ill if the person expects to be able to work within 30 days

Mark **No**, other reasons if the person could not have taken a job because he or she was going to school, taking care of children, etc.

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 27 THROUGH 29

27. Look at the instructions for 22a to see what to count as work. Mark **Never worked** if the person: (1) never worked at any kind of job or business, either full or part time, (2) never did any work, with or without pay, in a family business or farm *and* (3) never served in the Armed Forces.

- 28a. If the person worked for a company, business, or government agency, print the name of the company, not the name of the person's supervisor. If the person worked for an individual or a business that has no company name, print the name of the individual worked for. If the person worked in his or her own business, print "self-employed."

- b. Print two or more words to tell what the business, industry, or individual employer named in 28a does. If there is more than one activity, describe only the major activity *at the place where the person works*. Enter what is made, what is sold, or what service is given.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

## Unacceptable

Furniture company

Grocery store

Oil company

Ranch

## Acceptable

Metal furniture manufacturing

Wholesale grocery store

Retail gas station

Cattle ranch

- c. Mark **Manufacturing** if the factory, plant, mill, etc., mostly makes things, even if it also sells them.

Mark **Wholesale trade** if the business mostly sells things to stores or other companies.

Mark **Retail trade** if the business mostly sells things (not services) to individuals.

Mark **Other** if the main activity of the employer is not making or selling things. Some examples of **Other** are farming, construction, and services such as those provided by hotels, dry cleaners, repair shops, schools, and banks.

- 29a. Print two or more words to describe the kind of work the person does. If the person is a trainee, apprentice, or helper, include that in the description.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

## Unacceptable

Clerk

Helper

Mechanic

Nurse

## Acceptable

Production clerk

Carpenter's helper

Auto engine mechanic

Registered nurse

- b. Print the most important things that the person does on the job. Some examples are shown on the census form.



INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 30 THROUGH 33

30. If the person was an employee of a *private* nonprofit organization, such as a church, fill the first circle:

Mark **Local** government employee for a teacher working in an elementary or secondary public school.

- 31a. Look at the instructions for question 22a to see what to count as work.

b. Count every week in which the person did any work at all, even for an hour.

c. If the hours worked each week varied considerably, give the best estimate of the hours usually worked most weeks.

d. Count every week in which the person did not work at all, but spent any time looking for work or on layoff from a job. *Looking for work* means trying to get a job or start a business or professional practice; *layoff* includes either temporary or indefinite layoff.

32. Fill the **Yes** or **No** circle for each part and enter the appropriate amount. If income from any source was received jointly by household members, report if possible, the appropriate share for each person; otherwise, report the whole amount for only one person and mark **No** for the other person, unless the other person has additional income of the same type.

a. Include sick leave pay. Do not include reimbursement for business

expenses and pay "in kind," (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).

b. Include net earnings (gross earnings minus business expenses) from a nonfarm business. If business lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.

c. Include net earnings (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from a farm. If farm lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.

d. Include interest and dividends credited to the person's account (for example, from savings accounts and stock shares), net royalties, and net income from rental property.

e. Include Social Security or Railroad Retirement payments to retired persons, to dependents of deceased insured workers and to disabled workers.

f. Include public assistance or welfare payments received from Federal, State, or local agencies. Do not include private welfare payments.

g. Include all other regular payments, such as government employee retirement, union or private pensions and annuities; unemployment benefits; worker's compensation; Armed Forces allotments; private welfare payments; regular contributions from persons not living in the household; etc.

Do not include lump-sum payments received from the sale of property (capital gains), insurance policies, inheritances, etc.

33. If no income was received in 1979, fill the **None** circle. If total income was a loss, write "Loss" above the amount.



Please fill out this  
official Census Form  
and mail it back on  
Census Day,  
Tuesday, April 1, 1980

# 1980 Census of the United States

If the address shown below has the wrong apartment identification, please write the correct apartment number or location here:					
DO	A1	A2	A4	A5	A6
				L	

## Your answers are confidential

By law (title 13, U.S. Code), census employees are subject to fine and/or imprisonment for any disclosure of your answers. Only after 72 years does your information become available to other government agencies or the public. The same law requires that you answer the questions to the best of your knowledge.

## Para personas de habla hispana

(For Spanish-speaking persons):  
SI USTED DESEA UN CUESTIONARIO DEL CENSO EN ESPAÑOL llame a la oficina del censo. El número de teléfono se encuentra en el encasillado de la dirección.

O, si prefiere, marque esta casilla ☐ y devuelva el cuestionario por correo en el sobre que se le incluye.

### A message from the Director, Bureau of the Census . . .

We must, from time to time, take stock of ourselves as a people if our Nation is to meet successfully the many national and local challenges we face. This is the purpose of the 1980 census.

The essential need for a population census was recognized almost 200 years ago when our Constitution was written. As provided by article I, the first census was conducted in 1790 and one has been taken every 10 years since then.

The law under which the census is taken protects the confidentiality of your answers. For the next 72 years — or until April 1, 2052 — only sworn census workers have access to the individual records, and no one else may see them.

Your answers, when combined with the answers from other people, will provide the statistical figures needed by public and private groups, schools, business and industry, and Federal, State, and local governments across the country. These figures will help all sectors of American society understand how our population and housing are changing. In this way, we can deal more effectively with today's problems and work toward a better future for all of us.

The census is a vitally important national activity. Please do your part by filling out this census form accurately and completely. If you mail it back promptly in the enclosed postage-paid envelope, it will save the expense and inconvenience of a census taker having to visit you.

Thank you for your cooperation.

## How to fill out your Census Form

**See** the filled-out example in the yellow instruction guide. This guide will help with any problems you may have.

If you need more help, call the Census Office.  
The telephone number of the local office is  
shown at the bottom of the address box on the  
front cover.

**Use** a black pencil to answer the questions. Black pencil is better to use than ballpoint or other pens.

Fill circles "O" completely, like this ●

When you write in an answer, print or write clearly

**Make** sure that answers are provided for everyone here

See page 4 of the guide if a roomer or someone else in the household does not want to give you all the information for the form

**Answer** the questions on pages 1 through 5, and then starting with pages 6 and 7, fill a pair of pages for each person in the household

Check your answers. Then write your name, the date, and telephone number on page 20.

**Mail** back this form on Tuesday, April 1, or as soon afterward as you can. Use the enclosed envelope; no stamp is needed.

**Please** start by answering Question 1 below

## Question 1

## List in Question 1

- Family members living here, including babies still in the hospital
- Relatives living here
- Lodgers or boarders living here
- Other persons living here
- College students who stay here while attending college, even if their parents live elsewhere
- Persons who usually live here but are temporarily away (including children in boarding school below the college level)
- Persons with a home elsewhere but who stay here most of the week while working

Do Not List in Question 1

- Any person away from here in the Armed Forces
- Any college student who stays somewhere else while attending college
- Any person who usually stays somewhere else most of the week while working there.
- Any person away from here in an institution such as a home for the aged or mental hospital.
- Any person staying or visiting here who has a usual home elsewhere

1. What is the name of each person who was living here on Tuesday, April 1, 1980, or who was staying or visiting here and had no other home?

[illegible]

### Note

If everyone here is staying only temporarily and has a usual home elsewhere, please mark this box ☐.

Then please,

- answer the questions on pages 2 through 5 only, and
- enter the address of your usual home on page 20.

**Please continue** 

# Appendix E.—Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

Page 2

ALSO ANSWER THE HOUSING QUESTIONS ON PAGE 3

Here are the QUESTIONS ↓	These are the columns for ANSWERS Please fill one column for each person listed in Question 1.	PERSON in column 1		PERSON in column 2	
		Last name	First name Middle initial	Last name	First name Middle initial
<b>2. How is this person related to the person in column 1?</b>  Fill one circle.  If "Other relative" of person in column 1, give exact relationship, such as mother-in-law, niece, grandson, etc.		<b>START</b> in this column with the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the home is owned or rented. If there is no such person, start in this column with any adult household member.		If relative of person in column 1: <input type="radio"/> Husband/wife <input type="radio"/> Father/mother <input type="radio"/> Son/daughter <input type="radio"/> Other relative <input type="radio"/> Brother/sister If not related to person in column 1: <input type="radio"/> Roomer, boarder <input type="radio"/> Other nonrelative <input type="radio"/> Partner, roommate <input type="radio"/> Paid employee	
<b>3. Sex</b> Fill one circle.		<input type="radio"/> Male <input checked="" type="radio"/> Female		<input type="radio"/> Male <input checked="" type="radio"/> Female	
<b>4. Is this person —</b>  Fill one circle.		<input type="radio"/> White <input type="radio"/> Asian Indian <input type="radio"/> Black or Negro <input type="radio"/> Hawaiian <input type="radio"/> Japanese <input type="radio"/> Guamanian <input type="radio"/> Chinese <input type="radio"/> Samoan <input type="radio"/> Filipino <input type="radio"/> Eskimo <input type="radio"/> Korean <input type="radio"/> Aleut <input type="radio"/> Vietnamese <input type="radio"/> Other — Specify <input type="radio"/> Indian (Amer.) Print tribe →		<input type="radio"/> White <input type="radio"/> Asian Indian <input type="radio"/> Black or Negro <input type="radio"/> Hawaiian <input type="radio"/> Japanese <input type="radio"/> Guamanian <input type="radio"/> Chinese <input type="radio"/> Samoan <input type="radio"/> Filipino <input type="radio"/> Eskimo <input type="radio"/> Korean <input type="radio"/> Aleut <input type="radio"/> Vietnamese <input type="radio"/> Other — Specify <input type="radio"/> Indian (Amer.) Print tribe →	
<b>5. Age, and month and year of birth</b>  a. Print age at last birthday. b. Print month and fill one circle. c. Print year in the spaces, and fill one circle below each number.		a. Age at last birthday: 1 8 0 0 b. Month of birth: 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 Jan.—Mar. Apr.—June July—Sept. Oct.—Dec.		a. Age at last birthday: 1 8 0 0 b. Month of birth: 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 Jan.—Mar. Apr.—June July—Sept. Oct.—Dec.	
<b>6. Marital status</b>  Fill one circle.		<input type="radio"/> Now married <input type="radio"/> Separated <input type="radio"/> Widowed <input type="radio"/> Never married <input type="radio"/> Divorced		<input type="radio"/> Now married <input type="radio"/> Separated <input type="radio"/> Widowed <input type="radio"/> Never married <input type="radio"/> Divorced	
<b>7. Is this person of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent?</b>  Fill one circle.		<input type="radio"/> No (not Spanish/Hispanic) <input type="radio"/> Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano <input type="radio"/> Yes, Puerto Rican <input type="radio"/> Yes, Cuban <input type="radio"/> Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic		<input type="radio"/> No (not Spanish/Hispanic) <input type="radio"/> Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano <input type="radio"/> Yes, Puerto Rican <input type="radio"/> Yes, Cuban <input type="radio"/> Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic	
<b>8. Since February 1, 1980, has this person attended regular school or college at any time?</b> Fill one circle. Count nursery school, kindergarten, elementary school, and schooling which leads to a high school diploma or college degree.		<input type="radio"/> No, has not attended since February 1 <input type="radio"/> Yes, public school, public college <input type="radio"/> Yes, private, church-related <input type="radio"/> Yes, private, not church-related		<input type="radio"/> No, has not attended since February 1 <input type="radio"/> Yes, public school, public college <input type="radio"/> Yes, private, church-related <input type="radio"/> Yes, private, not church-related	
<b>9. What is the highest grade (or year) of regular school this person has ever attended?</b>  Fill one circle.  If now attending school, mark grade person is in. If high school was finished by equivalency test (GED), mark "12."		Highest grade attended: <input type="radio"/> Nursery school <input type="radio"/> Kindergarten Elementary through high school (grade or year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 <input type="radio"/> College (academic year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more <input type="radio"/> Never attended school — Skip question 10		Highest grade attended: <input type="radio"/> Nursery school <input type="radio"/> Kindergarten Elementary through high school (grade or year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 <input type="radio"/> College (academic year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more <input type="radio"/> Never attended school — Skip question 10	
<b>10. Did this person finish the highest grade (or year) attended?</b>  Fill one circle.		<input type="radio"/> Now attending this grade (or year) <input type="radio"/> Finished this grade (or year) <input type="radio"/> Did not finish this grade (or year)		<input type="radio"/> Now attending this grade (or year) <input type="radio"/> Finished this grade (or year) <input type="radio"/> Did not finish this grade (or year)	
		CENSUS USE ONLY A. <input type="radio"/> I <input type="radio"/> N <input type="radio"/> O		CENSUS USE ONLY A. <input type="radio"/> I <input type="radio"/> N <input type="radio"/> O	



**NOW PLEASE ANSWER QUESTIONS H1—H12  
FOR YOUR HOUSEHOLD**

**PERSON in column 7**

Last name \_\_\_\_\_ First name \_\_\_\_\_ Middle initial \_\_\_\_\_

If relative of person in column 1:

☐ Husband/wife ☐ Father/mother  
☐ Son/daughter ☐ Other relative  
☐ Brother/sister

If not related to person in column 1:

☐ Roomer, boarder ☐ Other nonrelative  
☐ Partner, roommate  
☐ Paid employee

☐ Male ☐ Female

☐ White ☐ Asian Indian  
☐ Black or Negro ☐ Hawaiian  
☐ Japanese ☐ Guamanian  
☐ Chinese ☐ Samoan  
☐ Filipino ☐ Eskimo  
☐ Korean ☐ Aleut  
☐ Vietnamese ☐ Other — Specify \_\_\_\_\_  
☐ Indian (Amer.)  
Print tribe → \_\_\_\_\_

a. Age at last birthday \_\_\_\_\_ c. Year of birth \_\_\_\_\_

b. Month of birth \_\_\_\_\_

☐ Jan.—Mar. ☐ Apr.—June ☐ July—Sept. ☐ Oct.—Dec.

☐ Now married ☐ Separated  
☐ Widowed ☐ Never married  
☐ Divorced

☐ No (not Spanish/Hispanic)  
☐ Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano  
☐ Yes, Puerto Rican  
☐ Yes, Cuban  
☐ Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic

☐ No, has not attended since February 1  
☐ Yes, public school, public college  
☐ Yes, private, church-related  
☐ Yes, private, not church-related

Highest grade attended:

☐ Nursery school ☐ Kindergarten  
Elementary through high school (grade or year)  
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12  
☐ College (academic year)  
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more  
☐ Never attended school—Skip question 10

☐ Now attending this grade (or year)  
☐ Finished this grade (or year)  
☐ Did not finish this grade (or year)

**CENSUS USE ONLY** A. ☐ I ☐ N ☐ O

If you listed more than 7 persons in Question 1, please see note on page 20.

**H1. Did you leave anyone out of Question 1 because you were not sure if the person should be listed — for example, a new baby still in the hospital, a lodger who also has another home, or a person who stays here once in a while and has no other home?**

☐ Yes — On page 20 give name(s) and reason left out.  
☐ No

**H2. Did you list anyone in Question 1 who is away from home now — for example, on a vacation or in a hospital?**

☐ Yes — On page 20 give name(s) and reason person is away.  
☐ No

**H3. Is anyone visiting here who is not already listed?**

☐ Yes — On page 20 give name of each visitor for whom there is no one at the home address to report the person to a census taker.  
☐ No

**H4. How many living quarters, occupied and vacant, are at this address?**

☐ One  
☐ 2 apartments or living quarters  
☐ 3 apartments or living quarters  
☐ 4 apartments or living quarters  
☐ 5 apartments or living quarters  
☐ 6 apartments or living quarters  
☐ 7 apartments or living quarters  
☐ 8 apartments or living quarters  
☐ 9 apartments or living quarters  
☐ 10 or more apartments or living quarters  
☐ This is a mobile home or trailer

**H5. Do you enter your living quarters —**

☐ Directly from the outside or through a common or public hall?  
☐ Through someone else's living quarters?

**H6. Do you have complete plumbing facilities in your living quarters, that is, hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower?**

☐ Yes, for this household only  
☐ Yes, but also used by another household  
☐ No, have some but not all plumbing facilities  
☐ No plumbing facilities in living quarters

**H7. How many rooms do you have in your living quarters?**  
Do not count bathrooms, porches, balconies, foyers, halls, or half-rooms.

☐ 1 room ☐ 2 rooms ☐ 3 rooms ☐ 4 rooms ☐ 5 rooms ☐ 6 rooms ☐ 7 rooms ☐ 8 rooms ☐ 9 or more rooms

**H8. Are your living quarters —**

☐ Owned or being bought by you or by someone else in this household?  
☐ Rented for cash rent?  
☐ Occupied without payment of cash rent?

**H9. Is this apartment (house) part of a condominium?**

☐ No  
☐ Yes, a condominium

**H10. If this is a one-family house —**

a. Is the house on a property of 10 or more acres?  
☐ Yes ☐ No

b. Is any part of the property used as a commercial establishment or medical office?  
☐ Yes ☐ No

**H11. If you live in a one-family house or a condominium unit which you own or are buying —**

What is the value of this property, that is, how much do you think this property (house and lot or condominium unit) would sell for if it were for sale?

Do not answer this question if this is —

- A mobile home or trailer
- A house on 10 or more acres
- A house with a commercial establishment or medical office on the property

☐ Less than \$10,000 ☐ \$10,000 to \$14,999 ☐ \$15,000 to \$17,499 ☐ \$17,500 to \$19,999 ☐ \$20,000 to \$22,499 ☐ \$22,500 to \$24,999 ☐ \$25,000 to \$27,499 ☐ \$27,500 to \$29,999 ☐ \$30,000 to \$34,999 ☐ \$35,000 to \$39,999 ☐ \$40,000 to \$44,999 ☐ \$45,000 to \$49,999 ☐ \$50,000 to \$54,999 ☐ \$55,000 to \$59,999 ☐ \$60,000 to \$64,999 ☐ \$65,000 to \$69,999 ☐ \$70,000 to \$74,999 ☐ \$75,000 to \$79,999 ☐ \$80,000 to \$89,999 ☐ \$90,000 to \$99,999 ☐ \$100,000 to \$124,999 ☐ \$125,000 to \$149,999 ☐ \$150,000 to \$199,999 ☐ \$200,000 or more

**H12. If you pay rent for your living quarters —**

What is the monthly rent?  
If rent is not paid by the month, see the instruction guide on how to figure a monthly rent.

☐ Less than \$50 ☐ \$50 to \$59 ☐ \$60 to \$69 ☐ \$70 to \$79 ☐ \$80 to \$89 ☐ \$90 to \$99 ☐ \$100 to \$109 ☐ \$110 to \$119 ☐ \$120 to \$129 ☐ \$130 to \$139 ☐ \$140 to \$149 ☐ \$150 to \$159 ☐ \$160 to \$169 ☐ \$170 to \$179 ☐ \$180 to \$189 ☐ \$190 to \$199 ☐ \$200 to \$224 ☐ \$225 to \$249 ☐ \$250 to \$274 ☐ \$275 to \$299 ☐ \$300 to \$349 ☐ \$350 to \$399 ☐ \$400 to \$499 ☐ \$500 or more

**FOR CENSUS USE ONLY**

**A4. Block number** \_\_\_\_\_ **A6. Serial number** \_\_\_\_\_

**B. Type of unit or quarters**

**Occupied**

☐ First form  
☐ Continuation

**Vacant**

☐ Regular  
☐ Usual home elsewhere

**Group quarters**

☐ First form  
☐ Continuation

**For vacant units**

**C1. Is this unit for —**

☐ Year round use  
☐ Seasonal/Mig. — Skip C2, C3, and D.

**C2. Vacancy status**

☐ For rent  
☐ For sale only  
☐ Rented or sold, not occupied  
☐ Held for occasional use  
☐ Other vacant

**C3. Is this unit boarded up?**

☐ Yes ☐ No

**D. Months vacant**

☐ Less than 1 month  
☐ 1 up to 2 months  
☐ 2 up to 6 months  
☐ 6 up to 12 months  
☐ 1 year up to 2 years  
☐ 2 or more years

**E. Indicators**

1. ☐ Mail return  
2. ☐ Pop./F

**F. Total persons**

\_\_\_\_\_

H13. Which best describes this building? <i>Include all apartments, flats, etc., even if vacant.</i>		H21 a. Which fuel is used most for house heating?		CENSUS USE	
<input type="radio"/> A mobile home or trailer <input type="radio"/> A one-family house detached from any other house <input type="radio"/> A one-family house attached to one or more houses <input type="radio"/> A building for 2 families <input type="radio"/> A building for 3 or 4 families <input type="radio"/> A building for 5 to 9 families <input type="radio"/> A building for 10 to 19 families <input type="radio"/> A building for 20 to 49 families <input type="radio"/> A building for 50 or more families <input type="radio"/> A boat, tent, van, etc.		<input type="radio"/> Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood <input type="radio"/> Gas: bottled, tank, or LP <input type="radio"/> Electricity <input type="radio"/> Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.		<input type="radio"/> Coal or coke <input type="radio"/> Wood <input type="radio"/> Other fuel <input type="radio"/> No fuel used	
<b>H14a. How many stories (floors) are in this building?</b> <i>Count an attic or basement as a story if it has any finished rooms for living purposes.</i> <input type="radio"/> 1 to 3 — Skip to H15 <input type="radio"/> 4 to 6 <input type="radio"/> 7 to 12 <input type="radio"/> 13 or more stories		<b>b. Which fuel is used most for water heating?</b> <input type="radio"/> Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood <input type="radio"/> Gas: bottled, tank, or LP <input type="radio"/> Electricity <input type="radio"/> Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.		<b>H22a.</b> <input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 9	
<b>b. Is there a passenger elevator in this building?</b> <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No		<b>c. Which fuel is used most for cooking?</b> <input type="radio"/> Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood <input type="radio"/> Gas: bottled, tank, or LP <input type="radio"/> Electricity <input type="radio"/> Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.		<b>H22b.</b> <input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 9	
<b>H15a. Is this building —</b> <input type="radio"/> On a city or suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? — Skip to H16 <input type="radio"/> On a place of 1 to 9 acres? <input type="radio"/> On a place of 10 or more acres?		<b>H22. What are the costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters?</b> <b>a. Electricity</b> \$ _____ .00 OR <input type="radio"/> Included in rent or no charge <i>Average monthly cost</i> <input type="radio"/> Electricity not used		<b>H22c.</b> <input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 9	
<b>b. Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products from this place amount to —</b> <input type="radio"/> Less than \$50 (or None) <input type="radio"/> \$50 to \$249 <input type="radio"/> \$250 to \$599 <input type="radio"/> \$600 to \$999 <input type="radio"/> \$1,000 to \$2,499 <input type="radio"/> \$2,500 or more		<b>b. Gas</b> \$ _____ .00 OR <input type="radio"/> Included in rent or no charge <i>Average monthly cost</i> <input type="radio"/> Gas not used		<input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 9	
<b>H16. Do you get water from —</b> <input type="radio"/> A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company? <input type="radio"/> An individual drilled well? <input type="radio"/> An individual dug well? <input type="radio"/> Some other source (a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.)?		<b>c. Water</b> \$ _____ .00 OR <input type="radio"/> Included in rent or no charge <i>Yearly cost</i> <input type="radio"/> These fuels not used		<input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 9	
<b>H17. Is this building connected to a public sewer?</b> <input type="radio"/> Yes, connected to public sewer <input type="radio"/> No, connected to septic tank or cesspool <input type="radio"/> No, use other means		<b>d. Oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.</b> \$ _____ .00 OR <input type="radio"/> Included in rent or no charge <i>Yearly cost</i> <input type="radio"/> These fuels not used		<input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 9	
<b>H18. About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.</b> <input type="radio"/> 1979 or 1980 <input type="radio"/> 1975 to 1978 <input type="radio"/> 1970 to 1974 <input type="radio"/> 1960 to 1969 <input type="radio"/> 1950 to 1959 <input type="radio"/> 1940 to 1949 <input type="radio"/> 1939 or earlier		<b>H23. Do you have complete kitchen facilities? Complete kitchen facilities are a sink with piped water, a range or cookstove, and a refrigerator.</b> <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No		<b>H22d.</b> <input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 9	
<b>H19. When did the person listed in column 1 move into this house (or apartment)?</b> <input type="radio"/> 1979 or 1980 <input type="radio"/> 1975 to 1978 <input type="radio"/> 1970 to 1974 <input type="radio"/> 1960 to 1969 <input type="radio"/> 1950 to 1959 <input type="radio"/> 1949 or earlier <input type="radio"/> Always lived here		<b>H24. How many bedrooms do you have?</b> <i>Count rooms used mainly for sleeping even if used also for other purposes.</i> <input type="radio"/> No bedroom <input type="radio"/> 1 bedroom <input type="radio"/> 2 bedrooms <input type="radio"/> 3 bedrooms <input type="radio"/> 4 bedrooms <input type="radio"/> 5 or more bedrooms		<input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 9	
<b>H20. How are your living quarters heated?</b> <i>Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most.</i> <input type="radio"/> Steam or hot water system <input type="radio"/> Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) <input type="radio"/> Electric heat pump <input type="radio"/> Other built-in electric units (permanently installed in wall, ceiling, or baseboard) <input type="radio"/> Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace <input type="radio"/> Room heaters with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene <input type="radio"/> Room heaters without flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene (not portable) <input type="radio"/> Fireplaces, stoves, or portable room heaters of any kind <input type="radio"/> No heating equipment		<b>H25. How many bathrooms do you have?</b> <i>A complete bathroom is a room with flush toilet, bathtub or shower, and wash basin with piped water.</i> <i>A half bathroom has at least a flush toilet or bathtub or shower, but does not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom.</i> <input type="radio"/> No bathroom, or only a half bathroom <input type="radio"/> 1 complete bathroom <input type="radio"/> 1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) <input type="radio"/> 2 or more complete bathrooms		<input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 9	
		<b>H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?</b> <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No		<input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 9	
		<b>H27. Do you have air conditioning?</b> <input type="radio"/> Yes, a central air-conditioning system <input type="radio"/> Yes, 1 individual room unit <input type="radio"/> Yes, 2 or more individual room units <input type="radio"/> No		<input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 9	
		<b>H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members of your household?</b> <input type="radio"/> None <input type="radio"/> 1 automobile <input type="radio"/> 2 automobiles <input type="radio"/> 3 or more automobiles		<input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 9	
		<b>H29. How many vans or trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at home for use by members of your household?</b> <input type="radio"/> None <input type="radio"/> 1 van or truck <input type="radio"/> 2 vans or trucks <input type="radio"/> 3 or more vans or trucks		<input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 9	



# Appendix E.—Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

## FOR YOUR HOUSEHOLD

Page 5

Please answer H30–H32 if you live in a one-family house which you own or are buying, unless this is —

- A mobile home or trailer . . . . .
- A house on 10 or more acres . . . . .
- A condominium unit . . . . .
- A house with a commercial establishment or medical office on the property . . . . .

If any of these, or if you rent your unit or this is a multi-family structure, skip H30 to H32 and turn to page 6.

H30. What were the real estate taxes on this property last year?

\$ .00 OR ☐ None

H31. What is the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance on this property?

\$ .00 OR ☐ None

H32a. Do you have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar debt on this property?

- ☐ Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt
- ☐ Yes, contract to purchase
- ☐ No — Skip to page 6

b. Do you have a second or junior mortgage on this property?

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No

c. How much is your total regular monthly payment to the lender?

Also include payments on a contract to purchase and to lenders holding second or junior mortgages on this property.

\$ .00 OR ☐ No regular payment required — Skip to page 6

d. Does your regular monthly payment (amount entered in H32c) include payments for real estate taxes on this property?

- ☐ Yes, taxes included in payment
- ☐ No, taxes paid separately or taxes not required

e. Does your regular monthly payment (amount entered in H32c) include payments for fire and hazard insurance on this property?

- ☐ Yes, insurance included in payment
- ☐ No, insurance paid separately or no insurance

Please turn to page 6

## FOR CENSUS USE ONLY

①	2.	4.	②	2.	4.	③	2.	4.
S.S.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	S.S.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	S.S.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Yes	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	Yes	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	Yes	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
No	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	No	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	No	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
④	2.	4.	⑤	2.	4.	⑥	2.	4.
S.S.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	S.S.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	S.S.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Yes	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	Yes	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	Yes	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
No	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	No	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	No	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
⑦	2.	4.	GQ	H30	H31	H32c		
S.S.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Yes	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
No	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>



**11. In what State or foreign country was this person born?**  
*Print the State where this person's mother was living when this person was born. Do not give the location of the hospital unless the mother's home and the hospital were in the same State.*

Name of State or foreign country; or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.

12. If this person was born in a foreign country –

a. Is this person a naturalized citizen of the United States?

☐ Yes, a naturalized citizen

☐ No, not a citizen

☐ Born abroad of American parents

b. When did this person come to the United States to stay?

☐ 1975 to 1980    ☐ 1965 to 1969    ☐ 1950 to 1959

☐ 1970 to 1974    ☐ 1960 to 1964    ☐ Before 1950

**13a. Does this person speak a language other than English at home?**

**b. What is this language?**

(For example – Chinese, Italian, Spanish, etc.)

c. How well does this person speak English?

☐ Very well                      ☐ Not well

☐ Well                              ☐ Not at all

**14. What is this person's ancestry?** *If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see instruction guide.*

(For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran, Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.)

15a. Did this person live in this house five years ago (April 1, 1975)?

*If in college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place of residence there.*

- ☐ Born April 1975 or later – *Turn to next page for next person*
- ☐ Yes, this house – *Skip to 16*

☐ No, different house

b. Where did this person live five years ago (April 1, 1975)?

(1) State, foreign country,  
Puerto Rico,  
Guam, etc.:

(2) County: \_\_\_\_\_

(3) City, town,  
village, etc.:

(4) Inside the incorporated (legal) limits of that city, town, village, etc.?

☐ Yes      ☐ No, in unincorporated area

16. When was this person born?

☐ Born before April 1965 —  
*Please go on with questions 17-33*

☐ Born April 1965 or later —  
*Turn to next page for next person*

17. In April 1975 (*five years ago*) was this person —

a. On active duty in the Armed Forces?

☐ Yes                      ☐ No

**b. Attending college?**

☐ Yes ☐ No

c. Working at a job or business?

☐ Yes, full time    ☐ No

☐ Yes, part time

**18a. Is this person a veteran of active-duty military service in the Armed Forces of the United States?**  
*If service was in National Guard or Reserves only, see instruction guide.*

**b. Was active-duty military service during —**  
*Fill a circle for each period in which this person served.*

- ☐ May 1975 or later
- ☐ Vietnam era (*August 1964–April 1975*)
- ☐ February 1955–July 1964
- ☐ Korean conflict (*June 1950–January 1955*)
- ☐ World War II (*September 1940–July 1947*)
- ☐ World War I (*April 1917–November 1918*)
- ☐ Any other time

19. Does this person have a physical, mental, or other health condition which has lasted for 6 or more months and which . . .

	Yes	No
a. <u>Limits</u> the kind or amount of work this person can do at a job? . . . . .	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
b. <u>Prevents</u> this person from working at a job?	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
c. <u>Limits or prevents</u> this person from using public transportation? . . . . .	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

[illegible]

21. If this person has ever been married –  
a. Has this person been married more than once?  
☐ Once      ☐ More than once

b. Month and year of marriage?		Month and year of first marriage?	
(Month)	(Year)	(Month)	(Year)

c. If married more than once – Did the first marriage end because of the death of the husband (or wife)?

☐ Yes      ☐ No

**22a. Did this person work at any time last week?**

☐ Yes — Fill this circle if this person worked full time or part time. (Count part-time work such as delivering papers, or helping without pay in a family business or farm. Also count active duty in the Armed Forces.)

☐ No — Fill this circle if this person did not work, or did only own housework, school work, or volunteer work.

Skip to 25

**b. How many hours did this person work last week (at all jobs)?**  
*Subtract any time off; add overtime or extra hours worked.*

23. At what location did this person work last week?  
If this person worked at more than one location, print where he or she worked most last week.  
If one location cannot be specified, see instruction guide.

a. Address (Number and street)

If street address is not known, enter the building name, shopping center, or other physical location description.

b. Name of city, town, village, borough, etc.

c. Is the place of work inside the incorporated (legal) limits of that city, town, village, borough, etc.?

☐ Yes                      ☐ No, in unincorporated area


d. County

e. State \_\_\_\_\_ f. ZIP Code \_\_\_\_\_

24a. Last week, how long did it usually take this person to get from home to work (one way)?

Minutes

b. How did this person usually get to work last week?  
If this person used more than one method, give the one usually used for most of the distance.

☐ Car  
☐ Truck   
☐ Van  
☐ Bus or streetcar  
☐ Railroad  
☐ Subway or elevated

☐ Taxicab  
☐ Motorcycle  
☐ Bicycle  
☐ Walked only  
☐ Worked at home  
☐ Other — Specify \_\_\_\_\_

If car, truck, or van in 24b, go to 24c.  
Otherwise, skip to 28.

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Per. No.	<b>11.</b>	<b>13b.</b>	<b>14.</b>	<b>15b.</b>	<b>23.</b>	VL	<b>24a.</b>
I	O O O	O O O	O O O   O O O	O O O O O O	O O O O O O	O O VL	O O
1	I I I	I I I	I I I   I I I	I I I I I I	I I I I I I I	I I I I	I I
2	2 2 2	2 2 2	2 2 2   2 2 2	2 2 2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2 2 2	2 2 2	2 2
3	3 3 3	3 3 3	3 3 3   3 3 3	3 3 3 3 3 3	3 3 3 3 3 3	3 3 3	3 3
4	4 4 4	4 4 4	4 4 4   4 4 4	4 4 4 4 4 4	4 4 4 4 4 4	4 4 4	4 4
5	5 5 5	5 5 5	5 5 5   5 5 5	5 5 5 5 5 5	5 5 5 5 5 5	5 5 5	5 5
6	6 6 6	6 6 6	6 6 6   6 6 6	6 6 6 6 6 6	6 6 6 6 6 6	6 6 6	6 6
7	7 7 7	7 7 7	7 7 7   7 7 7	7 7 7 7 7 7	7 7 7 7 7 7	7 7 7	7 7
8	8 8 8	8 8 8	8 8 8   8 8 8	8 8 8 8 8 8	8 8 8 8 8 8	8 8 8	8 8
9	9 9 9	9 9 9	9 9 9   9 9 9	9 9 9 9 9 9	9 9 9 9 9 9	9 9 9	9 9

# Appendix E.—Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

PERSON 1 ON PAGE 2

Page 7

<p>c. When going to work <u>last week</u>, did this person usually —</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Drive alone — <i>Skip to 28</i>      <input type="radio"/> Drive others only</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Share driving      <input type="radio"/> Ride as passenger only</p> <p>d. How many people, including this person, usually rode to work in the car, truck, or van <u>last week</u>?</p> <p><input type="radio"/> 2      <input type="radio"/> 4      <input type="radio"/> 6</p> <p><input type="radio"/> 3      <input type="radio"/> 5      <input type="radio"/> 7 or more</p> <p><i>After answering 24d, skip to 28.</i></p>	<p>CENSUS USE</p> <p>21b.</p> <p>I <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>O <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>II <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>O <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>III <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>O <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>IV <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>O <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p>	<p>31a. Last year (1979), did this person work, even for a few days, at a paid job or in a business or farm?</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes      <input checked="" type="radio"/> No — <i>Skip to 31d</i></p> <p>b. How many weeks did this person work in 1979?</p> <p><i>Count paid vacation, paid sick leave, and military service.</i></p> <p>Weeks</p> <p>-----</p> <p>c. During the weeks <u>worked</u> in 1979, how many hours did this person usually work each week?</p> <p>Hours</p> <p>-----</p>	<p>CENSUS USE ONLY</p> <p>31b.    31c.    31d.</p> <p><input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>I <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>O <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>II <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>O <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>III <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>O <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>IV <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>O <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p>
<p>25. Was this person <u>temporarily</u> absent or on layoff from a job or business <u>last week</u>?</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, on layoff</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, on vacation, temporary illness, labor dispute, etc.</p> <p><input type="radio"/> No</p> <p>26a. Has this person been looking for work during the last 4 weeks?</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes      <input type="radio"/> No — <i>Skip to 27</i></p> <p>b. Could this person have taken a job <u>last week</u>?</p> <p><input type="radio"/> No, already has a job</p> <p><input type="radio"/> No, temporarily ill</p> <p><input type="radio"/> No, other reasons (<i>in school, etc.</i>)</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, could have taken a job</p>	<p>22b.</p> <p>I <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>O <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>II <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>O <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>III <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>O <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>IV <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>O <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p>	<p>d. Of the weeks <u>not worked</u> in 1979 (if any), how many weeks was this person looking for work or on layoff from a job?</p> <p>Weeks</p> <p>-----</p> <p>32. Income in 1979 —</p> <p><i>Fill circles and print dollar amounts.</i></p> <p><i>If net income was a loss, write "Loss" above the dollar amount.</i></p> <p><i>If exact amount is not known, give best estimate. For income received jointly by household members, see instruction guide.</i></p> <p>During 1979 did this person receive any income from the following sources?</p> <p>If "Yes" to any of the sources below — How much did this person receive for the entire year?</p>	<p>32a.    32b.</p> <p><input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>I <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>O <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>II <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>O <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>III <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>O <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>IV <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>O <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p>
<p>27. When did this person last work, even for a few days?</p> <p>1980      1978      1970 to 1974</p> <p>1979      1975 to 1977      1969 or earlier</p> <p><i>Skip to 31d</i></p> <p>Never worked</p> <p>28–30. Current or most recent job activity</p> <p><i>Describe clearly this person's chief job activity or business last week. If this person had more than one job, describe the one at which this person worked the most hours.</i></p> <p><i>If this person had no job or business last week, give information for last job or business since 1975.</i></p>	<p>28</p> <p>A B C</p> <p>D E F</p> <p>G H J</p> <p>K L M</p>	<p>a. Wages, salary, commissions, bonuses, or tips from all jobs . . . Report amount before deductions for taxes, bonds, dues, or other items.</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes → \$ .00</p> <p><input type="radio"/> No (Annual amount — Dollars)</p> <p>b. Own nonfarm business, partnership, or professional practice . . . Report net income after business expenses.</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes → \$ .00</p> <p><input type="radio"/> No (Annual amount — Dollars)</p> <p>c. Own farm . . . Report net income after operating expenses. Include earnings as a tenant farmer or sharecropper.</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes → \$ .00</p> <p><input type="radio"/> No (Annual amount — Dollars)</p> <p>d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income . . . Report even small amounts credited to an account.</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes → \$ .00</p> <p><input type="radio"/> No (Annual amount — Dollars)</p> <p>e. Social Security or Railroad Retirement . . .</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes → \$ .00</p> <p><input type="radio"/> No (Annual amount — Dollars)</p> <p>f. Supplemental Security (SSI), Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance or public welfare payments . . .</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes → \$ .00</p> <p><input type="radio"/> No (Annual amount — Dollars)</p> <p>g. Unemployment compensation, veterans' payments, pensions, alimony or child support, or any other sources of income received regularly . . .</p> <p><i>Exclude lump-sum payments such as money from an inheritance or the sale of a home.</i></p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes → \$ .00</p> <p><input type="radio"/> No (Annual amount — Dollars)</p>	<p>32c.    32d.</p> <p><input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>I <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>O <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>II <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>O <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>III <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>O <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>IV <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>O <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p>
<p>28. Industry</p> <p>a. For whom did this person work? If now on active duty in the Armed Forces, print "AF" and skip to question 31.</p> <p>(Name of company, business, organization, or other employer)</p> <p>b. What kind of business or industry was this?</p> <p><i>Describe the activity at location where employed.</i></p> <p>(For example: Hospital, newspaper publishing, mail order house, auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing)</p> <p>c. Is this mainly — (Fill one circle)</p> <p>Manufacturing      Retail trade</p> <p>Wholesale trade      Other — (<i>agriculture, construction, service, government, etc.</i>)</p>	<p>AF</p> <p>NW</p>	<p>32e.    32f.</p> <p><input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>I <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>O <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>II <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>O <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>III <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>O <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>IV <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>O <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p>	<p>32g.    33</p> <p><input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>I <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>O <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>II <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>O <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>III <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>O <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>IV <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>O <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p>
<p>29. Occupation</p> <p>a. What kind of work was this person doing?</p> <p>(For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator)</p> <p>b. What were this person's most important activities or duties?</p> <p>(For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding mill)</p>	<p>29.</p> <p>N P Q</p> <p>R S T</p> <p>U V W</p> <p>X Y Z</p>	<p>33. What was this person's total income in 1979?</p> <p>Add entries in questions 32a through g; subtract any losses.</p> <p>\$ .00</p> <p>(Annual amount — Dollars)</p> <p>If total amount was a loss, write "Loss" above amount.</p> <p>OR <input type="radio"/> None</p>	<p>33</p> <p><input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>I <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>O <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>II <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>O <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>III <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>O <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>IV <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>O <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p>
<p>30. Was this person — (Fill one circle)</p> <p>Employee of private company, business, or individual, for wages, salary, or commissions . . .</p> <p>Federal government employee . . .</p> <p>State government employee . . .</p> <p>Local government employee (city, county, etc.) . . .</p> <p>Self-employed in own business, professional practice, or farm —</p> <p>Own business not incorporated . . .</p> <p>Own business incorporated . . .</p> <p>Working without pay in family business or farm . . .</p>	<p>30.</p> <p><input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>I <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>O <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>II <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>O <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>III <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>O <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>IV <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>O <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p>	<p>33. What was this person's total income in 1979?</p> <p>Add entries in questions 32a through g; subtract any losses.</p> <p>\$ .00</p> <p>(Annual amount — Dollars)</p> <p>If total amount was a loss, write "Loss" above amount.</p> <p>OR <input type="radio"/> None</p>	<p>33</p> <p><input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>I <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>O <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>II <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>O <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>III <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>O <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>IV <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p> <p>O <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p>

→ Please turn to the next page and answer the questions for Person 2 on page 2





## Appendix F.—Publication and Computer Tape Program

GENERAL . . . . .	F-1	PUBLICATIONS—Con.	
PUBLICATIONS . . . . .	F-1	HC80-5, Volume 5, Residen-	D-4
Population and Housing Census		HC80-S1-1, Supplementary	
Reports . . . . .	F-1	Reports . . . . .	D-4
PHC80-1, Block Statistics . . .	F-1	Evaluation and Reference	
PHC80-2, Census Tracts . . . .	F-2	Reports . . . . .	F-4
PHC80-3, Summary Charac-		PHC80-E, Evaluation and	
teristics for Governmental		Research Reports. . . . .	F-4
Units and Standard Metro-		PHC80-R, Reference Reports. .	F-4
politan Statistical Areas . . .	F-2	PHC80-R1, Users' Guide. . .	F-4
PHC80-4, Congressional		PHC80-R2, History . . . . .	F-4
Districts of the 98th		PHC80-R3, Alphabetical	
Congress . . . . .	F-2	Index of Industries and	
PHC80-S1-1, Provisional		Occupations . . . . .	F-4
Estimates of Social, Eco-		PHC80-R4, Classified	
nomical, and Housing		Index of Industries and	
Characteristics. . . . .	F-2	Occupations . . . . .	F-4
PHC80-S2, Advance Esti-		PHC80-R5, Geographic	
mates of Social, Economic,		Identification Code	
and Housing Characteristics. .	F-2	Scheme . . . . .	F-4
Population Census Reports . . .	F-2	COMPUTER TAPES . . . . .	F-4
PC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-		Summary Tape Files . . . . .	F-4
teristics of the Population . .	F-2	STF 1 . . . . .	F-4
PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Num-		STF 2 . . . . .	F-4
ber of Inhabitants . . . . .	F-2	STF 3 . . . . .	F-4
PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General		STF 4 . . . . .	F-5
Population Characteristics. . .	F-2	STF 5 . . . . .	F-5
PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General		Other Computer Tape Files. . .	F-5
Social and Economic		P.L. 94-171, Population	
Characteristics. . . . .	F-3	Counts. . . . .	F-5
PC80-1-D, Chapter D,		Master Area Reference Files	
Detailed Population		1 and 2 (MARF) . . . . .	F-5
Characteristics. . . . .	F-3	Geographic Base File/Dual	
PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject		Independent Map Encoding	
Reports . . . . .	F-3	(GBF/DIME). . . . .	F-5
PC80-S1, Supplementary		Public-Use Microdata	
Reports . . . . .	F-3	Samples . . . . .	F-5
Housing Census Reports . . . .	F-3	Census/EEO Special File. . .	F-5
HC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-		MAPS . . . . .	F-5
teristics of Housing Units . .	F-3	MICROFICHE . . . . .	F-5
HC80-1-A, Chapter A,		STF 1 Microfiche . . . . .	F-5
General Housing		STF 3 Microfiche . . . . .	F-5
Characteristics. . . . .	F-3	P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche. .	F-5
HC80-1-B, Chapter B,			
Detailed Housing			
Characteristics. . . . .	F-3		
HC80-2, Volume 2, Metro-			
politan Housing			
Characteristics. . . . .	F-3		
HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject			
Reports . . . . .	F-3		
HC80-4, Volume 4, Compon-			
ents of Inventory Change. . .	F-3		

files, and microfiche. Most of the reports listed are issued on a flow basis through 1983. A few may be issued later, such as Subject Reports and Evaluation and Reference Reports.

The publications of the 1980 census are released under three subject titles: *1980 Census of Population and Housing*, *1980 Census of Population*, and *1980 Census of Housing*. The description of the publication program below is organized in sections, by census title, followed by the reports under each title. It should be noted that a number of population census reports contain some housing data and a number of housing census reports contain some population data. Following the description of the publication program are sections on computer tapes, maps, and microfiche.

The data product descriptions include listings of geographic areas for which data are summarized in that product. Note that the term "place" refers to incorporated places and census designated (or unincorporated) places, as well as towns and townships in 11 States (the 6 New England States, the 3 Middle Atlantic States, Michigan, and Wisconsin).

Order forms for these materials are available, subject to availability of the data product, from Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233; Census Bureau Regional Offices; U.S. Department of Commerce District Offices; and State Data Centers. After issuance, census reports are on file in many libraries and are available for examination at any Department of Commerce District Office or Census Bureau Regional Office.

### PUBLICATIONS

#### Population and Housing Census Reports

PHC80-1, Block Statistics—These reports, which are issued on microfiche rather

### GENERAL

The results of the 1980 Census of Population and Housing are issued in three forms: printed reports, computer tape

than in print form, present population and housing unit totals and statistics on selected characteristics which are based on complete-count tabulations. Data are shown for blocks in urbanized areas and selected adjacent areas, for blocks in places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and for blocks in areas which contracted with the Census Bureau to provide block statistics.

The set of reports consists of 374 sets of microfiche and includes a report for each standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA), showing blocked areas within the SMSA, and a report for each State and for Puerto Rico, showing blocked areas outside SMSA's. In addition to microfiche, printed detailed maps showing the blocks covered by the particular report are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set.

**PHC80-2, Census Tracts**—Statistics for most of the population and housing subjects included in the 1980 census are presented for census tracts in SMSA's and in other tracted areas. Both complete-count data and sample data are included. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of persons in the relevant population group.

There is one report for each SMSA, as well as one for each of the States and Puerto Rico which have tracted areas outside SMSA's. In addition, maps showing the boundaries and identification numbers of census tracts in the SMSA are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set and also provides a historical listing of the total number of tracts by area.

**PHC80-3, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas**—Statistics are presented on total population and on complete-count and sample population characteristics such as age, race, education, disability, ability to speak English, labor force, and income, and on total housing units and housing characteristics such as value, age of structure, and rent. These statistics are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, SMSA's, counties, county subdivisions (those which are functioning general-purpose local governments), and incorporated places.

There is one report for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.

This series does not include a U.S. Summary.

**PHC80-4, Congressional Districts of the 98th Congress**—These reports present complete-count and sample data for congressional districts of the 98th Congress. The reports reflect redistricting based on the 1982 elections. One report is issued for each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

**PHC80-S1-1, Provisional Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics**—This report presents provisional estimates based on sample data collected in the 1980 census. Data on social, economic, and housing characteristics are shown for the United States as a whole, each State, the District of Columbia, and SMSA's of 1 million or more inhabitants.

These data are based on a special subsample of the full census sample. The sample, which represents about 1.6 percent of the total population, was developed to provide users with initial data on characteristics of the population and housing units for the Nation and large areas.

**PHC80-S2, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics**—These reports present advance sample data from the 1980 census including such social and economic characteristics of the population as education, migration, labor force, and income as well as housing characteristics such as structural information, mortgage, and gross rent.

The set consists of 50 paperbound reports and includes one report for each State and the District of Columbia. No report will be issued for the United States as a whole.

Each report presents population and housing characteristics for the State, its counties or comparable areas, and places of 25,000 or more inhabitants. Selected data are shown for four race groups (White; Black; combined American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut; and Asian and Pacific Islander) as well as for persons of Spanish origin.

### Population Census Reports

**PC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of the Population**—This volume presents final

population counts and statistics on population characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas—Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of four chapters for each area, chapters A, B, C, and D. Chapters A and B present data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapters C and D present estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The population totals presented in chapters A and B may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Chapters B, C, and D present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A, B, C, and D.

**PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Number of Inhabitants**—Final population counts are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places and census designated places, standard consolidated statistical areas (SCSA's), SMSA's, and urbanized areas. Selected tables contain population counts by urban and rural residence. Many tables contain population counts from previous censuses.

**PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General Population Characteristics**—Statistics on household relationship, age, race, Spanish origin, sex, and marital status are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by total and rural residence), county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's,



SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

**PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General Social and Economic Characteristics**—Statistics are presented on nativity, State or country of birth, citizenship and year of immigration for the foreign-born population, language spoken at home and ability to speak English, ancestry, fertility, family composition, type of group quarters, marital history, residence in 1975, journey to work, school enrollment, years of school completed, disability, veteran status, labor force status, occupation, industry, class of worker, labor force status in 1979, income in 1979, and poverty status in 1979. In addition, data on subjects shown in the PC80-1-B reports are presented in this report in more detail.

Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by rural and rural-farm residence), places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

**PC80-1-D, Chapter D, Detailed Population Characteristics**—Statistics on most of the subjects covered in the PC80-1-C reports are presented in this report in considerably greater detail and cross-classified by age, race, Spanish origin, and other characteristics. Each subject is shown for the State or equivalent area, and some subjects are also shown for rural residence at the State level. Most subjects are shown for SMSA's of 250,000 or more inhabitants, and a few are shown for central cities of these SMSA's.

**PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject Reports**—Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. A few reports show statistics for States, SMSA's, large cities, American Indian reservations, or Alaska Native villages. Separate reports are issued on such subjects as racial and ethnic groups, type of residence, fertility, families, marital status, migration, education, employment, occupation, industry, journey to work, income, poverty status, and other topics.

**PC80-S1, Supplementary Reports**—These reports present special compilations of

1980 census statistics dealing with specific population subjects.

### Housing Census Reports

**HC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of Housing Units**—This volume presents final housing unit counts and statistics on housing characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas—Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of two chapters for each area, chapters A and B. Chapter A presents data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapter B presents estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The housing totals presented in this report may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Both chapters present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A and B.

**HC80-1-A, Chapter A, General Housing Characteristics**—Statistics on units at address, tenure, condominium status, number of rooms, persons per room, plumbing facilities, value, contract rent, and vacancy status are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables contain housing characteristics by urban and rural residence.

**HC80-1-B, Chapter B, Detailed Housing Characteristics**—Statistics on units in structure, year moved into unit, year structure built, heating equipment, fuels, air-conditioning, source of water, sewage disposal, gross rent, and selected monthly ownership costs are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables show housing characteristics for rural and rural farm residence at the State and county level. Some subjects included in the HC80-1-A reports are also covered in this report in more detail.

**HC80-2, Volume 2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics**—This volume presents statistics on most of the 1980 housing census subjects in considerable detail and cross-classification. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group. Data are shown for States or equivalent areas, SMSA's and their central cities, and other cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants.

There is one report for each SMSA and one report for each State and Puerto Rico. The set includes a U.S. Summary report showing these statistics for the United States and regions.

**HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject Reports**—Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. Separate reports are issued on housing of the elderly, mobile homes, and American Indian households.

**HC80-4, Volume 4, Components of Inventory Change**—This volume consists of two reports presenting statistics on the 1980 characteristics of housing units which existed in 1973, as well as on newly constructed units, conversions, mergers, demolitions, and other additions and losses to the housing inventory between 1973 and 1980. These reports present data derived from a sample survey conducted in the fall of 1980. Data are presented for the United States and regions in report I. Report II has two parts: Part A presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified)



with populations of 1 million or more at the time of the 1970 census, and part B presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified) with populations of less than 1 million at the time of the 1970 census.

**HC80-5, Volume 5, Residential Finance**—This volume consists of one report presenting statistics on the financing of non-farm homeowner and rental and vacant properties, including characteristics of the mortgage, property, and owner. The statistics are based on a sample survey conducted in the spring of 1981. Data are presented for the United States and regions. Some data are presented by inside and outside SMSA's and by central cities.

**HC80-S1-1, Supplementary Reports**—These reports present statistics from the 1980 Census of Housing on general characteristics of housing units for the 50 States and the District of Columbia, counties, and independent cities.

### Evaluation and Reference Reports

**PHC80-E, Evaluation and Research Reports**—These reports present the results of the extensive evaluation program conducted as an integral part of the 1980 census. This program relates to such matters as completeness of enumeration and quality of the data on characteristics.

**PHC80-R, Reference Reports**—These reports present information on the various administrative and methodological aspects of the 1980 census. The series includes:

**PHC80-R1, Users' Guide**—This report covers subject content, procedures, geography, statistical products, limitations of the data, sources of user assistance, notes on data use, a glossary of terms, and guides for locating data in reports and tape files. The guide is issued in loose-leaf form and sold in parts (R1-A, B, etc.) as they are printed.

**PHC80-R2, History**—This report describes in detail all phases of the 1980 census, from the earliest planning through all stages to the dissemination of data and evaluation of results. It contains detailed discussion of 1980 census questions and their use in previous decennial censuses.

**PHC80-R3, Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations**—This report was developed primarily for use in classifying responses to the questions on the kind of business (industry) and kind of work (occupation) in which the respondent is engaged. The index lists approximately 20,000 industry and 29,000 occupation titles in alphabetical order.

**PHC80-R4, Classified Index of Industries and Occupations**—This report defines the industrial and occupational classification systems adopted for the 1980 Census of Population. It presents the individual titles that constitute each of the 231 industry and 503 occupation categories in the classification systems. The individual titles are the same as those shown in the Alphabetical Index. The 1980 occupation classification reflects the new U.S. Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). As in the past, the 1980 industry classification reflects the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC).

**PHC80-R5, Geographic Identification Code Scheme**—This report identifies the names and related geographic codes for each State, county, minor civil division, place, region, division, SCSA, SMSA, American Indian reservation, and Alaska Native village for which the Census Bureau tabulated data from the 1980 census.

### COMPUTER TAPES

#### Summary Tape Files

In addition to the printed and microfiche reports, results of the 1980 census also are provided on computer tape in the form of summary tape files (STF's). These data products have been designed to provide statistics with greater subject and geographic detail than is feasible or desirable to provide in printed and microfiche reports. The STF data are made available at nominal cost. The data are subject to suppression of certain detail where necessary to protect confidentiality.

There are five STF's (listed below), and the amount of geographic and subject detail presented varies. STF's 1 and 2 contain complete-count data, and STF's 3, 4, and 5 contain sample data. Note that the term "cells" used below refers

to the number of subject statistics provided for each geographic area, and the number of cells is indicative of the detail of the subject content of the file.

Each of the STF's generally consists of two or more files which provide different degrees of geographic detail and, in some cases, race/Spanish origin cross-classification. For each of the files there is a separate tape or tapes for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. Selected files (STF 1 and STF 3) are also produced for Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. These tapes are issued on a State-by-State basis and are followed by a national summary tape for the particular file. More complete descriptions of the STF's than given in the summaries below can be found in the technical documentation of the specific file and in the PHC80-R1, *Users' Guide*.

**STF 1**—This STF provides 321 cells of complete-count population and housing data. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, congressional districts, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and blocks and block groups in blocked areas. The data include those shown in the PHC80-1, PHC80-3 (complete-count), and PC80-1-A reports.

**STF 2**—This STF contains 2,292 cells of detailed complete-count population and housing data, of which 962 are repeated for each race and Spanish origin group present in the tabulation area. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, census tracts, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (complete-count), PC80-1-B, and HC80-1-A reports.

**STF 3**—This STF contains 1,126 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis. The areas covered are the same as in STF 1, excluding blocks. The data include those shown in the PHC80-3 (sample) reports.

## Appendix F.—Publication and Computer Tape Program

**STF 4**—This STF is the geographic counterpart of STF 2, but the number of cells of data is greater (approximately 8,400). STF 4 provides data covering virtually all of the population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis, as well as some of the complete-count subjects. Some of the statistics are repeated for race, Spanish origin, and ancestry groups. Data are summarized for areas similar to those shown in STF 2, except that data for places are limited to those with 2,500 or more inhabitants. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (sample), PC80-1-C, and HC80-1-B reports.

**STF 5**—This STF contains over 100,000 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis and provides detailed tabulations and cross-classifications for States, SMSA's, counties, cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants and central cities. Most subjects are classified by race and Spanish origin. The data include those shown in the PC80-1-D and HC80-2 reports.

### Other Computer Tape Files

**P.L. 94-171, Population Counts**—In accordance with Public Law (P.L.) 94-171, the Census Bureau provides population tabulations to all States for legislative reapportionment/redistricting. The file is issued on a State-by-State basis. It contains population counts classified by race and Spanish origin. The data are tabulated for the following levels of geography as applicable: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places, census tracts, blocks and block groups in blocked areas, and enumeration districts in unblocked areas. For States participating in the voluntary program to define election precincts in conjunction with the Census Bureau, the data are also tabulated for election precincts.

### Master Area Reference Files 1 and 2 (MARF)

**MARF 1**—This geographic reference file is an extract of STF 1 designed for those who require a master list of geographic codes and areas, along with basic census counts arranged hierarchically from the State down to the block group and enumeration district levels and is issued on a State-by-State basis. The file contains records for States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and block groups in blocked areas. Each record shows the total population by five race groups, population of Spanish origin, number of housing units, number of households, number of families, and a few other items.

**MARF 2**—This file is the same as the MARF 1 with the latitude and longitude coordinates for a representative point (centroid) in each block group (BG) or enumeration district (ED) outside block numbered areas.

**Geographic Base File/Dual Independent Map Encoding (GBF/DIME)**—These files are computer representations of the Metropolitan Map Series, including address ranges and ZIP Codes, which generally cover the urbanized portions of SMSA's. GBF/DIME files are used to assign census geographic codes to addresses (geocoding). The files are available by SMSA.

**Public-Use Microdata Samples**—Public-use microdata samples are computerized files containing most population and housing characteristics as shown on a sample of individual census records. These files contain no names or addresses, and geographic identification is sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality.

There are three mutually exclusive samples, the A sample including 5 percent of all persons and housing units, and the

B and C samples each including 1 percent of all persons and housing units. States and most large SMSA's will be identifiable on one or more of the files. Microdata files allow the user to prepare customized tabulations.

**Census/EEO Special File**—This file provides sample census data with specified relevance to EEO and affirmative action uses. The file contains two tabulations, one with detailed occupational data and the other with years of school completed by age. The data in both tabulations are crossed by sex, race, and Spanish origin. These data are provided for all counties, for all SMSA's, and for places with a population of 50,000 or more.

### MAPS

Maps necessary to define areas are generally published and included as part of the corresponding reports. Maps are published for Block Statistics (PHC80-1) and Census Tracts (PHC80-2), but must be purchased separately from the report. Maps necessary to define enumeration districts are available on a cost-of-reproduction basis.

### MICROFICHE

Some of the computer tape products are available on microfiche. The STF microfiche are issued for each State or Area and for the United States. These include:

**STF 1 Microfiche**—Data from STF 1 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 1 geographic levels described previously, except blocks.

**STF 3 Microfiche**—Data from STF 3 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 3 geographic levels.

**P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche**—The data from the P.L. 94-171 computer file are presented in a listing format.





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# 1980 Census of Population and Housing

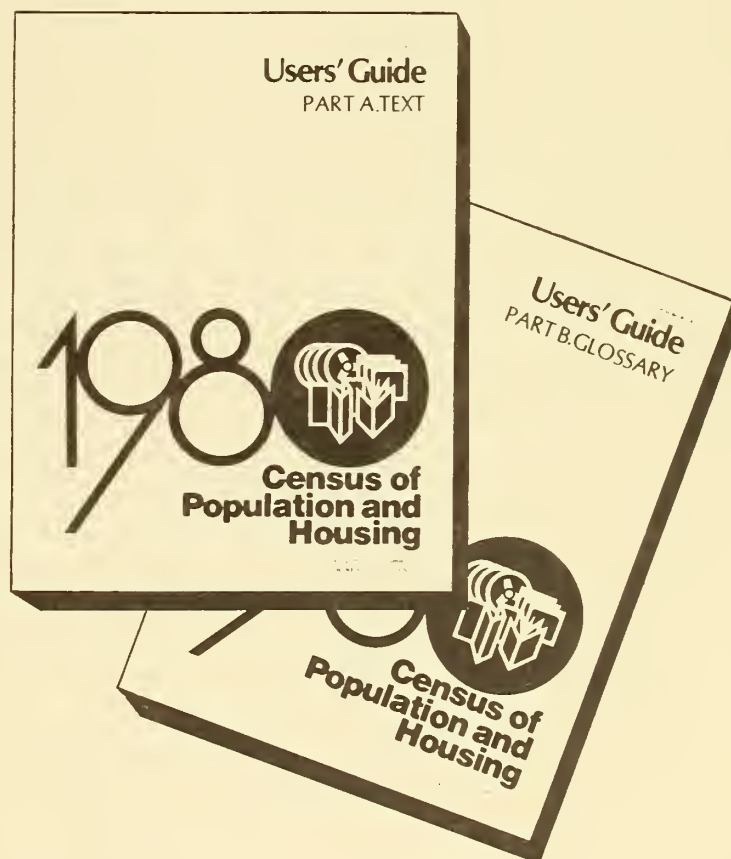
## Users' Guide

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The Users' Guide, a reference work on the 1980 census, is now available. It consists of:

- **Part A. Text**—Covers census data subjects; geographic considerations; reports, tapes, maps, and other products; services available to users; and many other topics central to understanding and using 1980 census data.
- **Part B. Glossary**—Provides detailed definitions of population, housing, geographic, and technical terms associated with the census—especially important for people using 1980 data on tape or microfiche.
- **Sources of Assistance**—Furnishes addresses and phone numbers of public and private sector organizations offering a variety of products and services, such as tape processing, area profiles, training, and reference assistance.
- **Updates**—Provide information on new developments relating to the 1980 census. Each update is keyed to the particular point in "Part A. Text" that needs revision.

Part C, a table finder, and Part D, a guide to tape contents, are planned for publication later.



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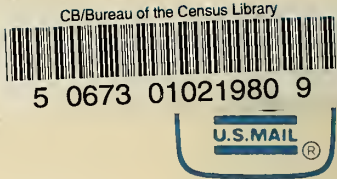






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